## Hi-Output Range Addressable Sounders \& Visual Alarm Devices Installation Instructions <br> Discovery Compatible

## Product Description

The Hi-Output range of addressable, loop-powered devices includes sounders and combined sounder visual alarm devices (VADs)

They are designed for use with C-TEC's ZFP/XFP panels and other Apollo Discovery compatible fire panels.

With a $103 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{~A})$ sound output @ 1 m , their purpose is to visually and audibly alert building occupants of a fire alarm. Units are supplied with either a shallow or deep base, in a red plastic enclosure.

The following variants are available:

| Part Numbers | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| BF430A/CX/SR | Hi-Output Addressable Wall Sounder, shallow base, red, IP21C (Discovery) |
| BF430A/CX/DR | Hi-Output Addressable Wall Sounder, deep base, red, IP33C (Discovery) |
| BF433A/CX/SR | Hi-Output Addressable Wall Sounder VAD, shallow base, red, IP21C (Discovery) |
| BF433A/CX/DR | Hi-Output Addressable Wall Sounder VAD, deep base, red, IP33C (Discovery) |

ADDRESSABLE SOUNDERS


Shallow Base BF430A/CX/SR (Red)


Deep Base BF430A/CXIDR (Red)

ADDRESSABLE SOUNDER VADs


Shallow Base BF433A/CX/SR (Red)


Deep Base BF433A/CX/DR (Red)

The devices offer low current consumption, high sound output, high efficiency VADs, seven selectable volume levels, 15 selectable tone pairs and built-in short-circuit loop isolators.

The sounder and VAD on the combined device can be set to operate independently of each other (panel dependent function).

All devices are fully certified with all relevant sections of the fire alarm device standards EN 54-3 (Sounders), EN 54-23 (Visual alarm devices - VADs) and EN 54-17 (Short-circuit isolators)

## Base Accessories and Locking Mechanisms

## Shallow Base

Each shallow base is supplied with a fitted device identification (ID) tag, head-base locking clip and unlocking pin. If required, remove these items from the base and use as shown in steps 1,2 \& 4 below.


Twist-fit the device head to
base until it 'clicks' in position


4 Insert pin into the unlocking slot to release device head


2 Fit the locking clip into the recess using a small screwdriver


## Deep Base

For a deep base, only the ID tag detailed in step 1 above, may be fitted. DO NOT use the locking clip and unlocking pin detailed above, otherwise the head will be permanently locked in position.

The base is secured to the head using a locking grub screw (M3x10) and Allen key, as shown below.



## Wall Mounting Orientation

Important Note: The two mounting slots in the shallow and deep bases must be horizontally aligned to ensure devices are correctly orientated and compliant when fitted. Refer to the diagrams below (base accessories not shown)

## Shallow Base - Orientation \& Rear/Side Cable Entry



Side cable knockout

## Deep Base - Orientation \& Top/Rear Cable Entry

The deep base is factory built for top cable entry and supplied with a box filler, as shown below.


Deep Base - Bottom Cable Entry
If bottom cable entry is needed, remove the two inner base retaining screws, then rotate the inner base 180 degrees and re-secure.

## Mounting the Base

## THE SYSTEM MUST BE COMPLETELY POWERED DOWN BEFORE INSTALLATION

Before installing, fit the optional base accessories (refer to 'Base Accessories...' section) and ensure the devices are correctly orientated (refer to 'Wall Mounting Orientation' section). Each base has two mounting slots for standard electrical termination boxes.
Ensure the devices are installed in accordance with applicable local or national regulations and do not mount bases on uneven surfaces.

Shallow bases are ideal for applications where the loop cable is buried into the wall, as they have a large, rear, access hole through which the cable can be fed. As an alternative to using termination boxes, both single and double cable knockouts are provided in the sides of the shallow base (if required).
Deep bases include a box filler that can be removed to accept surface cabling that runs vertically along the wall.

Securely fix the base to a wall using two retaining screws in the mounting slots provided.

## Ingress Protection

Shallow base models are Type A, IP21C rated, whereas deep base models are Type B, IP33C rated.
Where installers might have a water/moisture ingress occurrence, a suggested sealing method for shallow base models (to meet IP21C) is shown in the diagram below. To protect against ingress, ensure all cable entry points and cable glands are adequately sealed using standard neutral cure building silicone (clear)
Note: An IP protection plate (Part No. BFIPPLATE) must be used with the shallow base models to maintain the IP rating. Refer to Document No. DFU4500020 for further details.

For deep base models (to meet IP33C), use sealed glands for cabling. For surface run cabling, remove the filler cap and fit suitably rated cable glands. For rear cable entry, use suitable sealing methods.


## Wiring the Base

The base has screw terminals for field wiring, as shown below. Note the orientation of the bases shown is for cabling illustrative purposes only.


| Base Contact | Function |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | -Ve IN |
| 2 | -Ve OUT |
| 4 | + Ve OUT |
| 5 | + Ve IN |
| $6 \& 7$ | cable screen |

- All wiring must conform to local or national regulations.
- Correct polarity must be observed
- Terminals can accept $0.25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ to $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ wiring.
- It is recommended that screened cables are used.


## Setting the Device Address

Each device's address is set using Bits 1 to 7 on the DIP switch in the device's head. Bit 8 is not used.
DIP switch up (ON) = 0, DIP switch down (OFF) = 1
DO NOT use addresses 0 or 127
Use a small screwdriver to set the switches and refer to the chart below for address settings. Ensure the switches are set before installation and fully pushed up or down.
se Bits 1-7 on the DIP witch to select the device's address (114 in above example).

|  | DIP position |  | DIP position |  | DIP position |  | DIP position |  | DIP position |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Addr | 1234567 | Addr | 1234567 | Addr | 1234567 | Addr | 1234567 | Addr | 1234567 |
| 1 | 1000000 | 26 | 0101100 | 51 | 1100110 | 76 | 0011001 | 101 | 1010011 |
| 2 | 0100000 | 27 | 1101100 | 52 | 0010110 | 77 | 1011001 | 102 | 0110011 |
| 3 | 1100000 | 28 | 0011100 | 53 | 1010110 | 78 | 0111001 | 103 | 1110011 |
| 4 | 0010000 | 29 | 1011100 | 54 | 0110110 | 79 | 1111001 | 104 | 0001011 |
| 5 | 1010000 | 30 | 0111100 | 55 | 1110110 | 80 | 0000101 | 105 | 1001011 |
| 6 | 0110000 | 31 | 1111100 | 56 | 0001110 | 81 | 1000101 | 106 | 0101011 |
| 7 | 1110000 | 32 | 0000010 | 57 | 1001110 | 82 | 0100101 | 107 | 1101011 |
| 8 | 0001000 | 33 | 1000010 | 58 | 0101110 | 83 | 1100101 | 108 | 0011011 |
| 9 | 1001000 | 34 | 0100010 | 59 | 1101110 | 84 | 0010101 | 109 | 1011011 |
| 10 | 0101000 | 35 | 1100010 | 60 | 0011110 | 85 | 1010101 | 110 | 0111011 |
| 11 | 1101000 | 36 | 0010010 | 61 | 1011110 | 86 | 0110101 | 111 | 1111011 |
| 12 | 0011000 | 37 | 1010010 | 62 | 0111110 | 87 | 1110101 | 112 | 0000111 |
| 13 | 1011000 | 38 | 0110010 | 63 | 1111110 | 88 | 0001101 | 113 | 1000111 |
| 14 | 0111000 | 39 | 1110010 | 64 | 0000001 | 89 | 1001101 | 114 | 0100111 |
| 15 | 1111000 | 40 | 0001010 | 65 | 1000001 | 90 | 0101101 | 115 | 1100111 |
| 16 | 0000100 | 41 | 1001010 | 66 | 0100001 | 91 | 1101101 | 116 | 0010111 |
| 17 | 1000100 | 42 | 0101010 | 67 | 1100001 | 92 | 0011101 | 117 | 1010111 |
| 18 | 0100100 | 43 | 1101010 | 68 | 0010001 | 93 | 1011101 | 118 | 0110111 |
| 19 | 1100100 | 44 | 0011010 | 69 | 1010001 | 94 | 0111101 | 119 | 1110111 |
| 20 | 0010100 | 45 | 1011010 | 70 | 0110001 | 95 | 1111101 | 120 | 0001111 |
| 21 | 1010100 | 46 | 0111010 | 71 | 1110001 | 96 | 0000011 | 121 | 1001111 |
| 22 | 0110100 | 47 | 1111010 | 72 | 0001001 | 97 | 1000011 | 122 | 0101111 |
| 23 | 1110100 | 48 | 0000110 | 73 | 1001001 | 98 | 0100011 | 123 | 1101111 |
| 24 | 0001100 | 49 | 1000110 | 74 | 0101001 | 99 | 1100011 | 124 | 0011111 |
| 25 | 1001100 | 50 | 0100110 | 75 | 1101001 | 100 | 0010011 | 125 | 1011111 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 126 | 0111111 |

## Maintenance

Periodic inspection, testing and maintenance of fire detection systems should be carried out in accordance with national, regional or local standards. In the UK the relevant standard is BS5839-1 Fire detection and alarm systems for buildings: Code of practice for system design, installation \& maintenance.

Inspection and maintenance of the system should only be carried out by a competent person with specialised knowledge of fire detection and alarm systems. This is normally a third-party fire alarm maintenance organisation.

Supplementary Specification

| Part Numbers: | BF430A/CX/SR | BF430A/CX/DR | BF433A/CX/SR | BF433A/CX/DR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description: | Hi-Output Addressable Wall Sounder, Shallow Base, Red | Hi-Output Addressable Wall Sounder, Deep Base, Red | Hi-Output Addressable Wall Sounder VAD, Shallow Base, Red | Hi-Output Addressable Wall Sounder VAD, Deep Base, Red |
| Certificated Standards: | EN 54-3:2001 + A1:2002 + A2:2006 (Sounders) EN 54-17:2005 (Short-circuit isolators) |  | EN 54-3:2001 + A1:2002 + A2:2006 (Sounders) EN 54-23:2010 (VADs) <br> EN 54-17:2005 (Short-circuit isolators) |  |
| LPCB Certificate Numbers: | 176e/01 | 176e/02 | 176f/01 | 176f/02 |
| CPR Certificate Numbers: | 0832-CPR-F0942 | 0832-CPR-F0943 | 0832-CPR-F0944 | 0832-CPR-F0945 |
| Declaration of Performance (DoP): | DoP0000043(Certificates and DoPs are available for download on C-TEC's website) |  |  |  |
| Communication Protocol: | Apollo Discovery |  |  |  |
| Supply Voltage: | 17 to 28 Vdc * |  | 17 to 28 Vdc (Sounder only) * 21 to 28 Vdc (VAD only) * |  |
| Quiescent Current (Typical): | $550 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |  |  |  |
| Active Current (Typical): | +4.5 mA (above quiescent) ** |  | +13.5 mA (above quiescent) ** |  |
| Power: | 120 mW |  | 340 mW |  |
| Environment Type (EN 54-3/23): | Type A (EN 54-3) | Type B (EN 54-3) | Type A <br> (EN 54-3 \& EN 54-23) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Type B } \\ \text { (EN 54-3 \& EN 54-23) } \end{gathered}$ |
| VAD Cat. (EN 54-23) (W-Class): | N/A |  | W-2.4-8.2 / W-4-4 |  |
| Cuboid Volume (W-Class): | N/A |  | $161.5 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / 64 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ |  |
| VAD Temporal Pattern: | N/A |  | 0.5 Hz , synchronised |  |
| Nominal SPL at Vmax: | $103 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{~A})$ @ $1 \mathrm{~m} * * *$ |  |  |  |
| Indicators: | Polling LED (Green)S/C Isolator Active (Amber) |  |  |  |
| Dimensions (including base): | 108.3 mm diameter, 99.5 mm deep | 114 mm diameter, 131.5 mm deep | 108.3 mm diameter, 99.6 mm deep | 114 mm diameter, 131.6 mm deep |
| Weight: | 215 g | 300 g | 230 g | 315 g |
| IP Rating (EN 60529): | IP21C | IP33C | IP21C | IP33C |
| Body Material / Colour: | Polycarbonate RAL 3001 Signal Red |  |  |  |
| Operating Temperature: | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Type A) | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Type B) | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Type A) | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Type B) |
| Humidity: | Max. 95\% RH (non-condensing) |  |  |  |

* Excluding data pulses
** @ Maximum volume leve
*** $\pm 3 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{~A})$ when set to Tone 1 (Pair 2)

| Supply Voltage (V min to V max): | 17 to 28 Vdc * |
| :--- | :--- |
| Nominal Supply (V nom): | 24 Vdc |
| Maximum Rated Continuous Current (Ic max): | 1 A - switch closed |
| Maximum Switching Current (Is max): | 3 A - short circuit condition |
| Maximum Leakage Current (IL max): | 14 mA @ 28 Volts - switch open |
| Maximum Impedance (Zc max) @ loop startup/recovery condition: | 100 mOhm - switch closed |
| Maximum Isolating Voltage (Vso max): | 16.5 Volts - switches from closed to open |
| Minimum Isolating Voltage (Vso min): | 12.5 Volts - switches from closed to open |
| Maximum Re-connecting Voltage (Vsc max): | 13.5 Volts - switches from open to closed |
| Minimum Re-connecting Voltage (Vsc min): | 7.0 Volts - switches from open to closed |

* Excluding data pulses

Sounder Tone Pair Details (Tones are selectable at the panel)

| PAIR | TONE 1 - PRIMARY | TONE 2 - SECONDARY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Evacuate ( 572 Hz for $0.5 \mathrm{sec}, 720 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 0.5 sec ) **** | Alert (1 sec off, 825 Hz for 1 sec ) |
| 2 | Alternating ( 962 Hz for $0.25 \mathrm{sec}, 572 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 0.25 sec ) **** | Continuous (925 Hz) |
| 3 | Medium Sweep ( 800 Hz to 970 Hz at 1 Hz ) | Continuous ( 970 Hz ) |
| 4 | Fast Sweep ( 2500 Hz to 2850 Hz at 9 Hz ) | Continuous ( 2850 Hz ) |
| 5 | Dutch Slow Sweep ( 500 Hz to 1200 Hz for 3.5 sec on, 0.5 sec off) **** | Continuous ( 825 Hz ) |
| 6 | DIN Tone Sweep ( 1200 Hz to 500 Hz for 1 sec ) | Continuous ( 825 Hz ) |
| 7 | Swedish Fire Tone ( 660 Hz , 150 msec on, 150 msec off) | All clear continuous ( 660 Hz ) |
| 8 | Aus Fast Rise Sweep [ $3 \times(500 \mathrm{~Hz}$ to 1200 Hz for 0.5 sec on), 0.5 sec off] | Aus Alert ( $420 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.625 \mathrm{sec}, 0.625 \mathrm{sec}$ off) |
| 9 | NZ Slow Rise Sweep ( 500 Hz to 1200 Hz for 3.75 sec on, 0.25 sec off) | NZ Alert ( $420 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.625 \mathrm{sec}, 0.625 \mathrm{sec}$ off) |
| 10 | US Temporal LF [ $3 \times(970 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.5 \mathrm{sec}$ on, 0.5 sec off), 1 sec off] | Continuous ( 970 Hz ) |
| 11 | US Temporal HF [ $3 \times(2850 \mathrm{~Hz}$, 0.5 sec on, 0.5 sec off), 1 sec off] | Continuous ( 2850 Hz ) |
| 12 | Simulated Bell Continuous | Simulated Bell Intermittent (1 sec off, 1 sec on) |
| 13 | Cranford Sweep | Cranford Alert |
| 14 | Cranford Continuous | Cranford Alert |
| 15 | Cranford Two Tone | Cranford Alert |

**** Approved to EN 54-3 (refer to Document No. DFU4300007 for SPL measurements)

