

SMART ONNECT

MULTI-LOOP PANEL

Operational & Maintenance Manual



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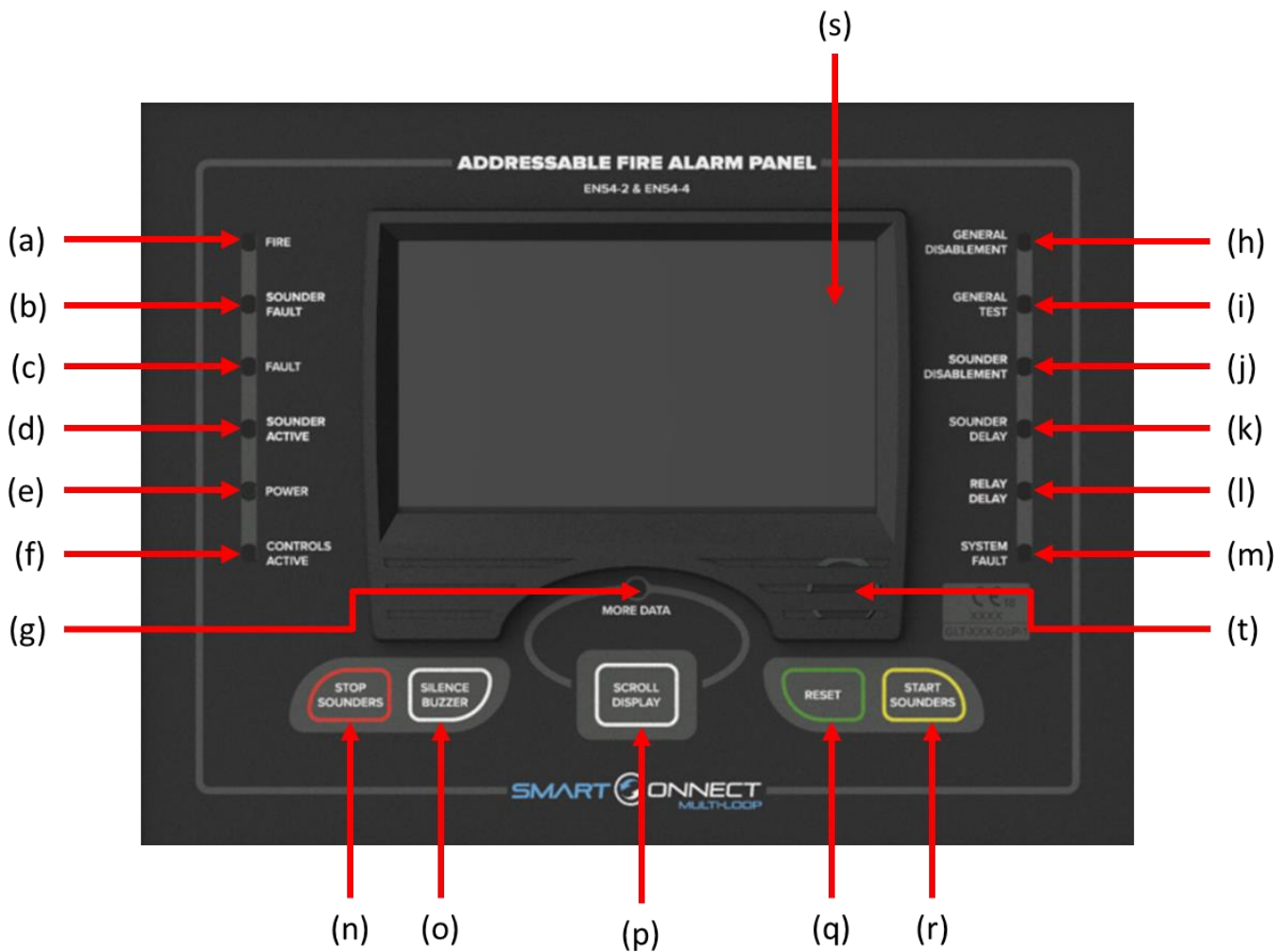
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Controls and Indicators

Figure #1 below shows the control buttons, LED indicators and switch locations.

Figure #1



- a) **LED: Fire**
- Red LED.
 - On steady when there is an active alarm event present.
 - Off when the alarm condition is cleared, and when the panel has been reset.
- b) **LED: Sounder Fault**
- Yellow LED.
 - Flashes when there is a fault on either a sounder circuit, or a sounder device.
 - Off when the sounder fault has been cleared and the panel has been reset.
- c) **LED: Fault**
- Yellow LED.
 - Flashes when there's a fault with a monitored circuit or system component, or when the panel is in an off-normal condition.
 - On steady once event buzzer has been silenced.
 - Off when the fault condition has been cleared (some fault signals may require a system reset if they are latched).
- d) **LED: Sounder Active**
- Yellow LED.
 - On steady when the output of any sounder circuit or sounder device is currently active.
 - Off when there are no sounder circuits or sounder devices active.

- e) **LED: Power**
- Green LED.
 - On steady when the panel has power.
 - Off when the panel has no source of power applied.
- f) **LED: Controls Active**
- Yellow LED.
 - Indicates that the user now has access to use either the function buttons or the LCD touchscreen display (depending on access level).
 - On when the user has entered the access level 2 user password, or when the user has entered the access level 3 engineers password.
 - Off when either the access has timed out, or when the user/engineer has locked the panel.
- g) **LED: More Data**
- Yellow LED.
 - Flashes when there is more event data suppressed on the LCD screen.
 - On steady when all current events have been accepted and the buzzer is silenced.
 - Off when there are no events.
- h) **LED: General Disablement**
- Yellow LED.
 - On steady when any part of the system has been disabled.
 - Off when there are no current disablements.
- i) **LED: General Test**
- Yellow LED.
 - On steady when any part of the system is in test mode.
 - Off when there are no current circuits/devices in test mode.
- j) **LED: Sounder Disablement**
- Yellow LED.
 - On steady when any sounder circuit or sounder device has been disabled.
 - Off when the sounder circuits and sounder devices are in the normal condition.
- k) **LED: Sounder Delay**
- Yellow LED.
 - On when a sounder circuit or sounder device has been configured to delay its output.
 - Off when there is no configured delay to a sounder circuit or a sounder device's output.
- l) **LED: Relay Delay**
- Yellow LED.
 - On when a relay circuit or relay device has been configured to delay its output
 - Off when there is no configured delay to a relay circuit or a relay device's output.
- m) **LED: System Fault**
- Yellow LED.
 - On when there is an abnormal microprocessor running condition due to various unexpected phenomena.
 - Off when the microprocessor is running correctly.
- n) **Function Button: Stop Sounders**
- A minimum of Level 2 access (By entering the user password) is required.
 - When the **STOP SOUNDERS** key is pressed, the panel's sounder circuits and sounder devices will be silenced.
 - The **Alarm Silenced LED** will start flashing and remain until either the panel is reset, or until another alarm retriggers the alarm circuits/sounders. The **RED FIRE LED** shall be maintained.
 - NOTE: to silence the panels' internal buzzer, press the silence buzzer button when viewing the event screens.
 - It also sends a 'STOP SOUNDERS' message to the printers and history log.
- o) **Function Button: Silence Buzzer**
- A minimum of Level 2 access (By entering the user password) is required.
 - When the SILENCE BUZZER button is pressed, the control panel will silence its internal sounder (buzzer).

- The silence buzzer message is sent to the printer and the history log.
- The button is used to acknowledge and silence the internal buzzer for Alarm, Tech. Alarm and Fault events.

p) **Function Button: Scroll Display (Scroll Acknowledge Display)**

- If there is an event waiting to be acknowledged/silenced, then the MORE DATA LED will be lit.
- Press the scroll display button to view each current Alarm, Technical Alarm and Fault event on the panel.
- The priority will be (Alarm, Technical Alarm, and then Fault).

q) **Function Button: Reset**

- A minimum of Level 2 access (By entering the user password) is required.
- Pressing the **RESET** button will return the panel to normal operating mode, clear any off-normal condition from the status display; restore the alarm and fault relays to their normal states; extinguish all status LEDs except the green POWER LED, and yellow test/disablement/delay LED's.
- If any alarm or fault still exists after you press the SYSTEM RESET button, all sounder circuits, control outputs, and panel audio and visual indicators will reactivate.
- The reset message is sent to the printer and the event log.

r) **Function Button: Start Sounders**

- A minimum of Level 2 access (By entering the user password) is required.
- To start the panel sounders, press the START SOUNDERS button.
- Using the START SOUNDERS button will manually activate all silenceable outputs and sounder circuits.
- It will not activate the alarm relays.
- It creates a history log entry of the start sounders and also sends it to installed printers.
- The start sounders can be cancelled via a press of the STOP SOUNDERS button. Any programmed cause & effects will override the start sounders operation if the panel receives an alarm event.

s) **4.3"Touch Screen Display**








- Full colour resistive touchscreen.
- Designed to make status information clear and system control functions simple to operate.
- Each system event presents the user with a message describing the location of the alarm report and the type of event (manual alarm, smoke, or heat).
- **NOTE: To help increase the lifetime of the LCD display, the screen will go into standby mode if left idle for 10 minutes. The panel will still be fully operational and any event will cause the screen to wake up. The screen won't timeout into standby mode if there are any current events on the panel.**

t) **Internal Buzzer**





- Gives an audible indication if there is a fire, fault or tech. alarm event.
- Audible distinction between fire and fault provided.

Module LED Indications





SCM-LCM

LED Indication	Description	LED Indication	Description
	Illuminated yellow when a loop break on the positive line is detected.		Illuminated yellow when a short circuit on the loop B side is detected.
	Illuminated yellow when a loop break on the negative line is detected.		Flashing Green when the loop card is transmitting information.
	Illuminated yellow when a short circuit on the loop A side is detected.		Flashing Green when the loop card is receiving information.
	Pulses to show communication between the module and the motherboard.		

SCM-ACM




LED Indication	Description	LED Indication	Description
	Flashing yellow when a wire break in the circuit is detected.		Flashing green when the module is programmed as an unsynchronized bell output. Solid green when the module is programmed to provide a 24v auxiliary output.
	Flashing yellow when a short in the circuit is detected.		Pulses to show communication between the module and the motherboard.

SCM-ZMM

LED Indication	Description	LED Indication	Description
	On steady when an alarm is active.		Flashing when an open circuit condition has been detected.
	Flashing when a short circuit condition has been detected.		Pulses to show communication between the module and the motherboard.



**When a SCM-ZMM input is disabled, the SC & OC LED's will be on steady (yellow).*

SCM-MIM





LED Indication	Description	LED Indication	Description
	On steady when the input is in an alarm condition.		Pulses to show communication between the module and the motherboard.
	Flashing when the input is in a fault condition.		

**When a SCM-MIM circuit is disabled, the Fault LED will be on steady (yellow).*





SCM-RM

LED Indication	Description	LED Indication	Description
	On steady when the relay is active.		Pulses to show communication between the module and the motherboard.

SCM-NM

LED Indication	Description	LED Indication	Description
	Flashing yellow when a fault on the RS485 circuit is detected.		Flashing green when the RS485 is receiving information.
	Flashing green when the RS485 is transmitting information.		Pulses to show communication between the module and the motherboard.

SCM-PM

LED Indication	Description	LED Indication	Description
	Flashing yellow when a fault on the RS232 circuit is detected.		Flashing green when the RS232 is receiving information.
	Flashing green when the RS232 is transmitting information.		Pulses to show communication between the module and the motherboard.

System Operating Modes and Annunciation

During Normal operation the panel will be in one of the following states depending on the status of the devices connected to the panel, and user intervention. Below is a summary of the different conditions:

Normal Condition (Quiescent)

The following functions will be performed at regular intervals when in normal mode:

- Supervises all loop devices, network nodes and the alarm circuits.
- Checks for valid replies, alarms, faults, etc.
- Checks for power supply and battery conditions.
- Refreshes LCD display and updates time.
- Scans keypad for System RESET.
- Supervises Network communications.
- Performs time-scheduled actions (day/night sensitivity and on/off schedules).

A typical normal display would be as illustrated below:



In the quiescent condition, the panel displays:

- System Healthy
- Zeta Logo
- Panel Site Name
- Time & Date

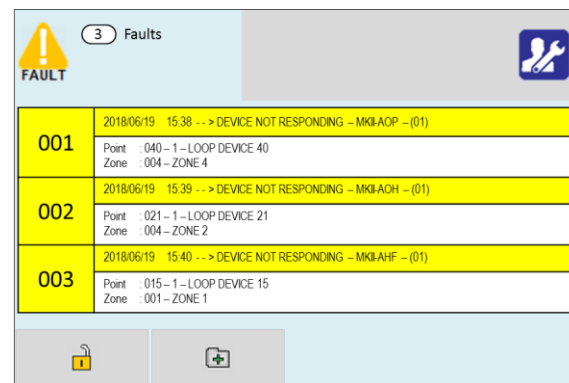
Fault Condition

The following functions will be performed when in the fault condition:

- Will cause the panel's internal buzzer to sound with a pulsed output.
- The common Fault LED will illuminate and flash.
- Any other relevant Fault LED's will illuminate.
- A Fault message will be displayed on the LCD screen.
- The Fault relays will be switched.
- The message is sent to the event log and printer.

If there is a fault signal indicated from an addressable LOOP device, the reported message will show device address, zone and the TRM port information to aid in locating the problem. The time and date of the fault indication will also be shown to aid in record keeping.

A typical fault display would be as illustrated below:



On the screen, the panel shows:

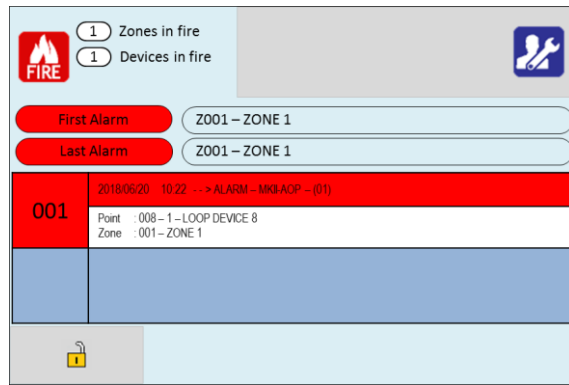
- Fault Icon
- Number of Fault events
- Details of Fault events in chronological order (showing fault type, zone number & label, device address & label)
- Scroll arrows for displaying further events (if there are any).

Fire Condition

The following functions will be performed when in the fire condition:

- Will cause the panel’s internal buzzer to sound with a steady output.
- The Fire LED will illuminate and flash.
- The LCD displays the Alarm along with the device name, type, address, associated zones and time/date.
- Alarms latch and are not allowed to clear automatically.
- Alarms activate cause & effects if programmed.
- Alarm relays are activated.
- The fault relays are not activated.
- Stores event in event log and sends message to printer.

A typical fire alarm display would be as illustrated below:



On the screen, the panel shows:

- Fire Icon
- Number of zones in alarm
- Number of devices in alarm
- First & last zones in alarm
- Details of alarms in chronological order (showing device type, Zone number & label, Device address & label)
- Scroll arrows for displaying further events

Technical Alarm Condition

The technical alarm condition can be configured as latching or non-Latching for each tech. alarm input.

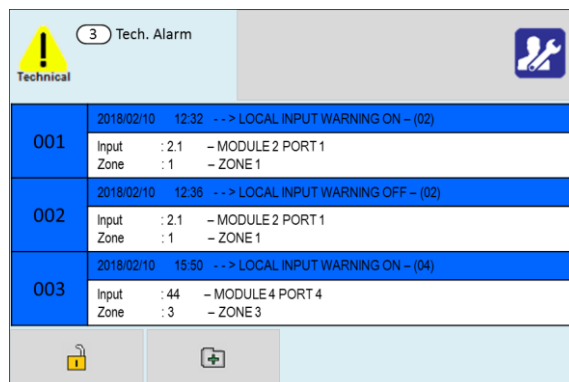
The following functions will be performed when in the tech. alarm condition:

- Will cause the panel’s internal buzzer to sound with a pulsed output.
- The LCD displays the local input warning status label along with the device name, type, address, associated zones and time/date.
- Any tech. alarm relays are activated.
- The alarm relay is not activated.
- The fault relay is not activated.
- Silenced alarms are not resounded.
- Stores event in event log and sends message to printer.

If the tech. alarm input is configured as non-latching, and there are no active fault or alarm events, when the tech. alarm event clears, the screen will clear.

If the tech. alarm input is configured as latching, when the tech alarm clears, the screen will display ‘Local Input Warning Off’, and the panel will need to be reset to clear the screen.

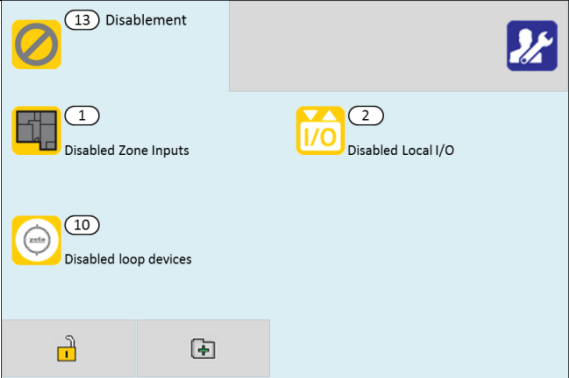
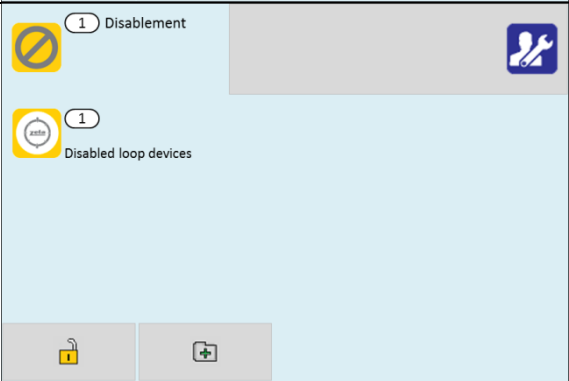
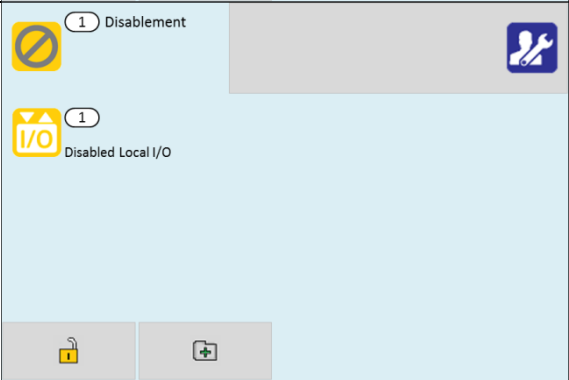
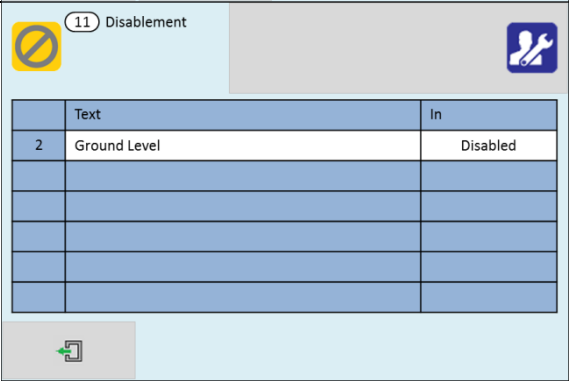
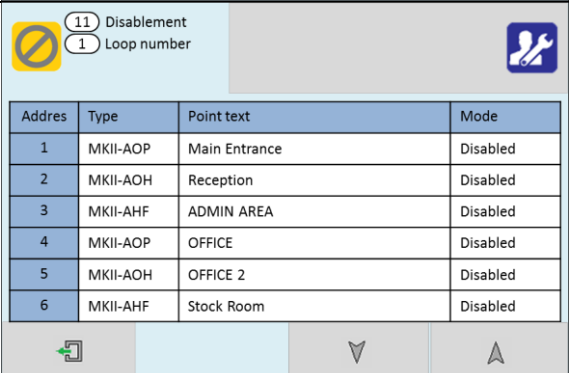
A typical tech. alarm display would be as illustrated below:



On the screen, the panel shows:

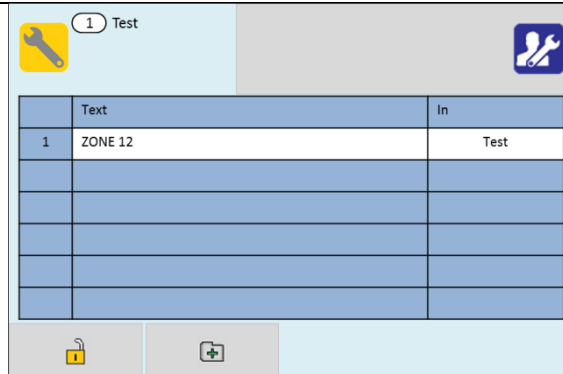
- Tech. Alarm Icon
- Number of technical alarm events
- Details of tech alarm in chronological order (showing type, zone number & label, device address & label)
- Scroll arrows for displaying further events

Disablement Condition

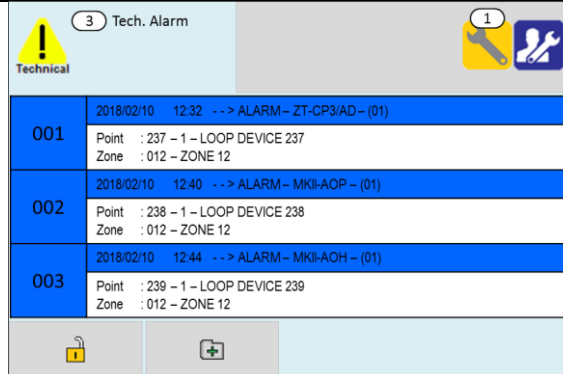
<p>Disabling are indicated with the general disablement LED, and a mixture of other LCD/LED indications.</p> <p>In this example, zone 1 is disabled. The panel shows that one zone is disabled, and that the 10 Loop devices and 2 module inputs/outputs in that zone are also disabled.</p> <p>Press the zone icon, Loop device icon or local I/O for details of the disablements.</p>																													
<p>In this example, there is a single loop addressable device disabled.</p> <p>Press the Device icon for details of the disablement.</p>																													
<p>In this example, one of the Inputs on a Zone Monitor module has been disabled.</p>																													
<p>Pressing one of the zone disablement icons will give further details about which zone has been disabled.</p>	 <table border="1" data-bbox="805 1370 1361 1585"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Text</th> <th>In</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Ground Level</td> <td>Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Text	In	2	Ground Level	Disabled																						
	Text	In																											
2	Ground Level	Disabled																											
<p>Or pressing the disabled loop devices icon will give details about which devices are disabled.</p>	 <table border="1" data-bbox="805 1751 1361 1971"> <thead> <tr> <th>Addres</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Point text</th> <th>Mode</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>MKII-AOP</td> <td>Main Entrance</td> <td>Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>MKII-AOH</td> <td>Reception</td> <td>Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>MKII-AHF</td> <td>ADMIN AREA</td> <td>Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>MKII-AOP</td> <td>OFFICE</td> <td>Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>MKII-AOH</td> <td>OFFICE 2</td> <td>Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>MKII-AHF</td> <td>Stock Room</td> <td>Disabled</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Addres	Type	Point text	Mode	1	MKII-AOP	Main Entrance	Disabled	2	MKII-AOH	Reception	Disabled	3	MKII-AHF	ADMIN AREA	Disabled	4	MKII-AOP	OFFICE	Disabled	5	MKII-AOH	OFFICE 2	Disabled	6	MKII-AHF	Stock Room	Disabled
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Test Condition

In this example, one zone (Zone 12) is in test mode. A number of zones can be put into test at the same time if required. The test can be silent, or with sounders. If the sounder option is chosen, only sounders within the same zone as the test device are operated.



As devices are tested, the screen changes to show the recent tests. Use the arrow to scroll to view older tests if required.



Multiple Conditions

In the event of multiple conditions, the panel will display the highest priority event. It will display the presence of suppressed events as icons on the top right of the screen. The number of events for each category is shown on the icon. To display any of the suppressed events, press the icon of that event.

(Priority: Alarms > Technical Alarms > Faults > Disablements/Tests)

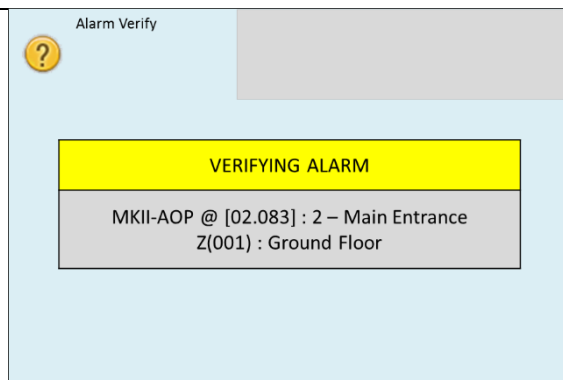


Alarm Verification Conditions

If Alarm verification has been enabled on the control panel, the panel will indicate the verification as a pop-up window, giving the device type, along with its address, text label and zone.

If the alarm clears, the panel will automatically clear its screen when the verification time ends.


If the alarm is still present, the panel will confirm this as an alarm, and display its usual alarm screen.



Accessing the Panel

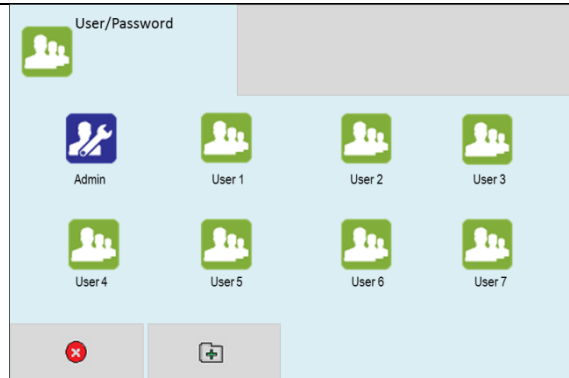
The Smart Connect Multi-loop panel has 2 user access levels and one installer access level.

Basic user access (Access level 2a)

Tap LCD. Select user icon . Enter user access code (Default 0001)

This allows the user to have access to the main control buttons, to silence alarms, acknowledge events and reset the panel.

It is indicated by a steady Controls Active LED, and an open padlock icon in the bottom left corner of the LCD screen.

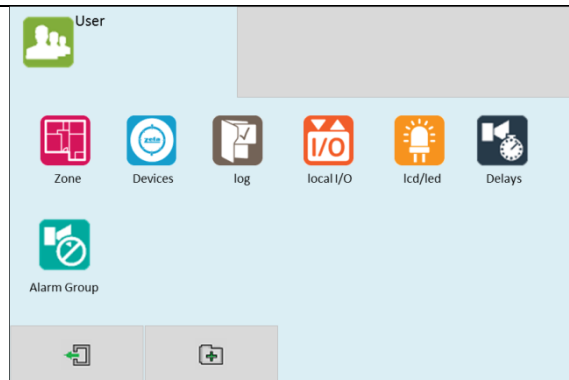


Full user access (Access level 2b)


From access level 2a press the menu access icon.

This allows the user to view the user menus, to view device status, event logs etc.

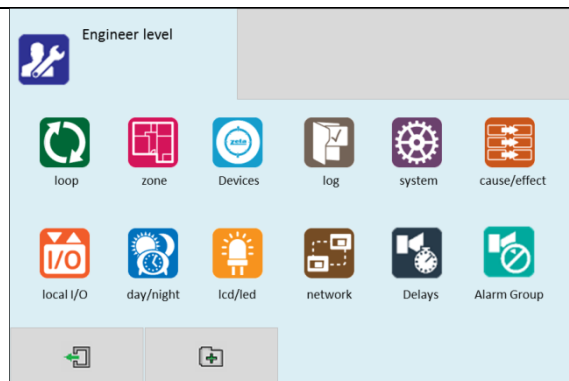
It is indicated by a steady Controls Active LED, and an open padlock icon in the bottom left corner of the LCD screen.




Engineer Access (Access level 3a)


Tap LCD. Select Engineer icon . Enter the Engineer access code (Default 9999). This allows the engineer to configure the panel, set zone & device text, allocate zones, enter panel cause & effect etc.

It is indicated by a Controls Active LED, and an open padlock icon in the bottom left corner of the LCD screen.



Turning Off Access

If the panel is in one of the menus, press the exit menu icon  in the bottom left corner.

Press the padlock icon  in the bottom left corner. The controls active LCD will turn off and the padlock icon will turn off.

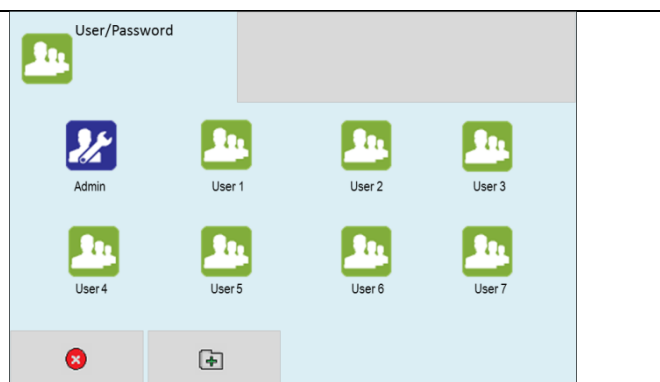
(To help keep the panel secure, access will automatically timeout if the panel is left idle for approx. 5 minutes)



Navigating the Panel Menus

The panel has 2 menus, user and engineer. Entering the user code (Default 0001) accesses the user menu. Entering the Engineer password (Default 9999) enables access level 3.

Press the access menu icon  to access the Engineer menu.



The menus are in the form of icons with a text label underneath. To select a particular menu, press the relevant icon.

The sub screens are in the form of tabbed screens if there is more than one sub-option, the data will either be displayed in a table, or as separate data fields, depending on the function of the sub screen

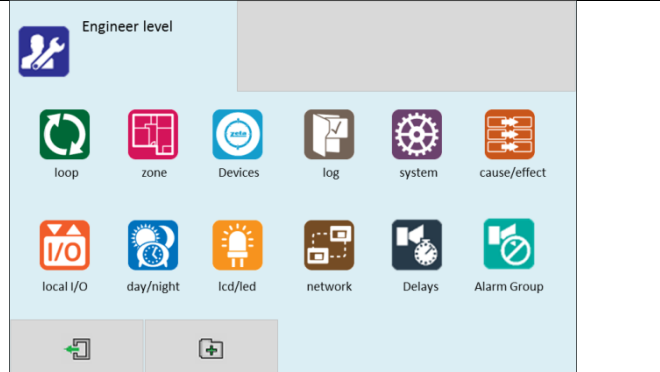
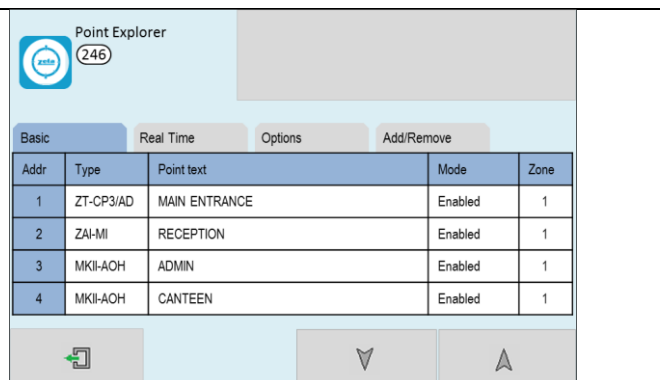


Table View Screen

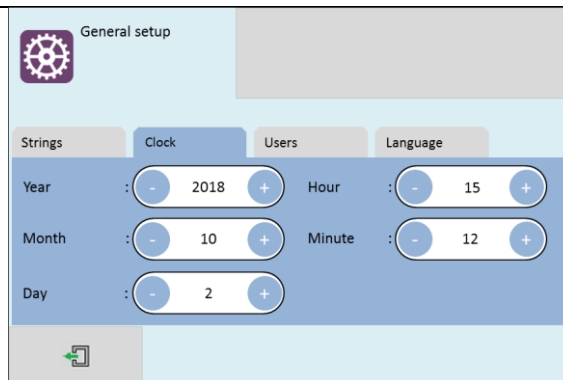
Information is presented in a table, there is editable data (e.g. device labels), and non-editable data (e.g. device types). Tapping on an editable data field will allow it to be edited.



Data Field Screen


Information is presented in data fields, the data will either be values, or option buttons.

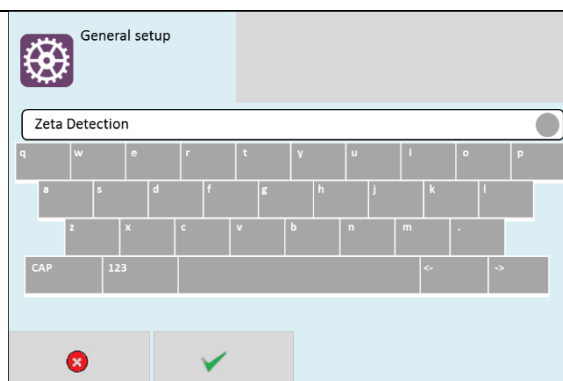
Pressing on the field will allow it to be edited.



Text Keyboard

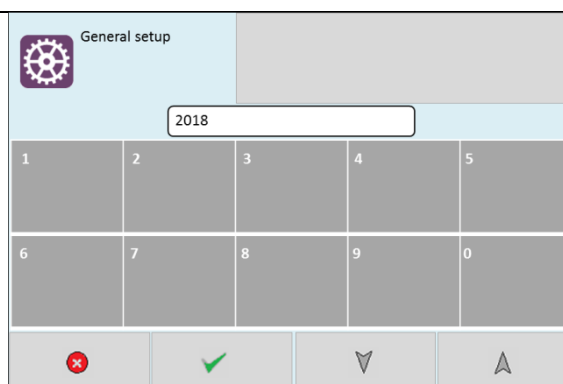
Used to enter text. Use <- and -> to position the keyboard. Press the circle at the end of the text field to delete text as required. The '123' key brings up the numeric keyboard. And the 'CAP' key turns on the caps lock.

Press  when finished to confirm the text entry.



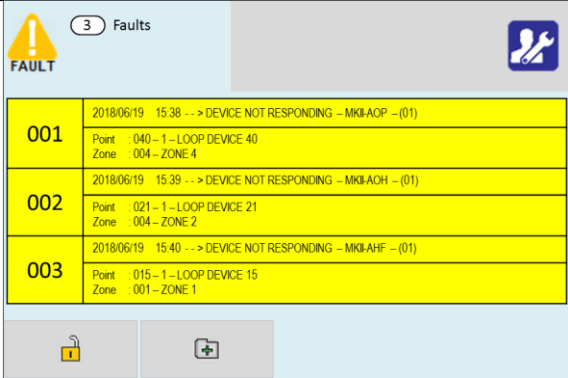




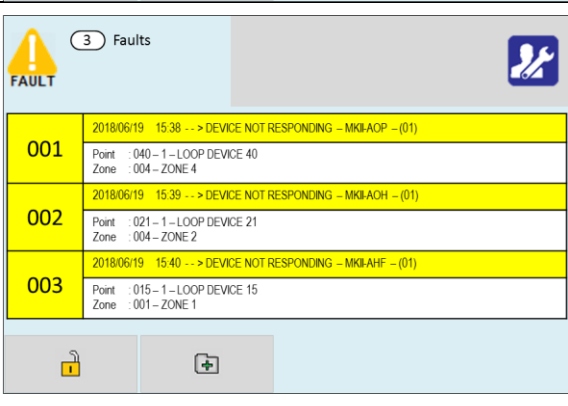



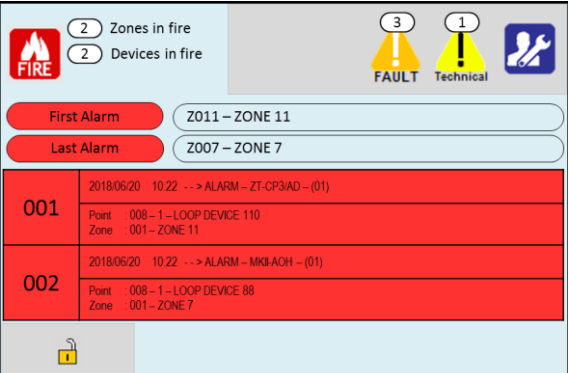
Number Keyboard

Use the up & down icons to increase or decrease the number, or enter the number via the keypad.



Silencing Panel Buzzer


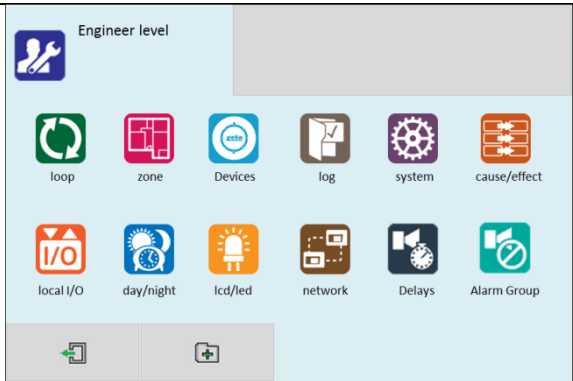
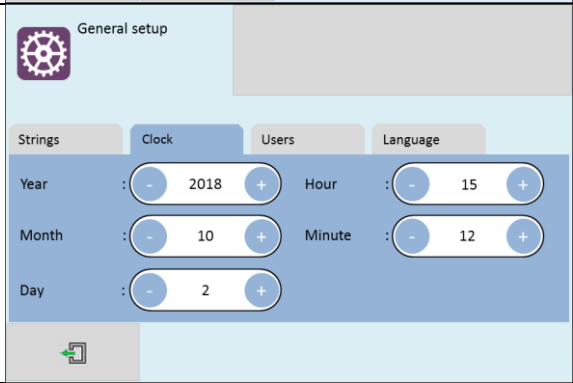
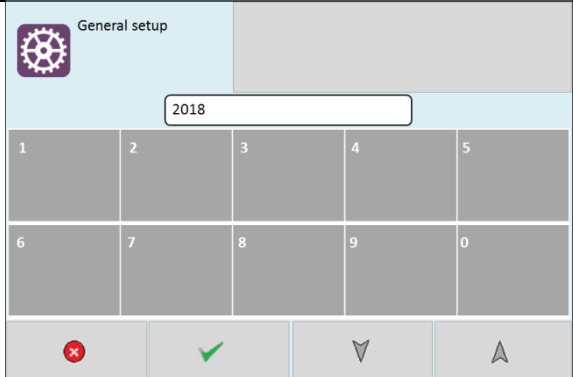
When a Fire, Tech. Alarm or Fault event occurs in the system, the display enters the off-normal mode automatically. The events are displayed in priority order (Fire, Tech. Alarm, and Fault), the local buzzer sounds and the appropriate LED's will turn on. To silence the panel event buzzer, do the following:

<p>When the panel receives an event that needs to be acknowledged, it will display the relevant event status screen.</p> <p>Events that are unacknowledged will be highlighted (Yellow for Fault, Red for Alarm and Blue for Technical Alarm).</p>	
<p>Press the  (SILENCE BUZZER) button to acknowledge the blinking event type.</p> <p>When an event type has been acknowledged, it will no longer be highlighted and blinking, instead it will change to solid white. The panel internal buzzer will also be silenced.</p> <p>If there are multiple number of events, press  &  to scroll through the pages. The  (SCROLL DISPLAY) button can also be pressed to scroll through event pages.</p>	
<p>If there are multiple event types waiting to be acknowledged on the panel, press either the ,  or  icon to navigate to the required event screen.</p>	

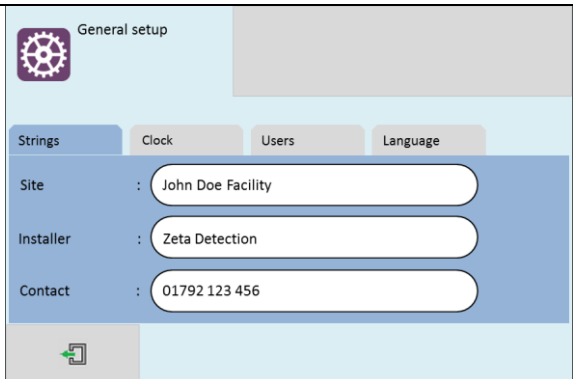
Initial Panel Setup

The Smart Connect Multi-loop panel is supplied configured ready for installation. But there are a few settings that may need to be altered.

Setting Date and Time

<p>Press the screen. The panel prompts for a user and password. Select Engineer, and enter the Engineer (Access Level 3) password (default is 9999)</p> <p>Press the access menu icon, followed by the 'system' icon .</p>	
<p>Select the Clock tab. Edit the time and date as required.</p> <p>Press the exit button to leave the menu.</p>	
<p>Pressing the + or - buttons will change the current setting by 1. To make a bigger adjustment, press the number field and a keypad appears to enter the new value. Press the green tick to accept the value. When all values are correct, press the exit menu icon.</p>	

Creating an Installation Name

<p>From the installer menu, press the 'system' Icon. Then select the strings tab.</p> <p>Enter the Site Name, Installation/Maintenance Company and their contact number.</p> <p>Note: The site name that is entered here will be what is displayed on the panel home screen.</p> <p>Press the exit button to leave the menu. Press the green tick to confirm the changes.</p>	
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Passwords

From the installer menu, press the 'system' icon.

Select the USERS tab.

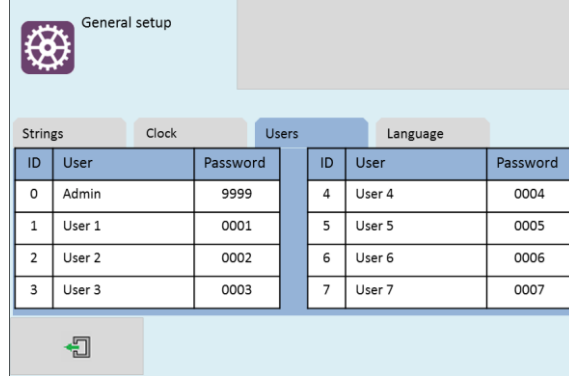
To change a user name, tap a user field.

To change a password, tap a password field. The panel will prompt to enter the new password twice.

To delete a user, enter the password as blank.

Any unused user should have the password left blank

Press the exit button to leave the menu. Press the green tick to confirm the changes.

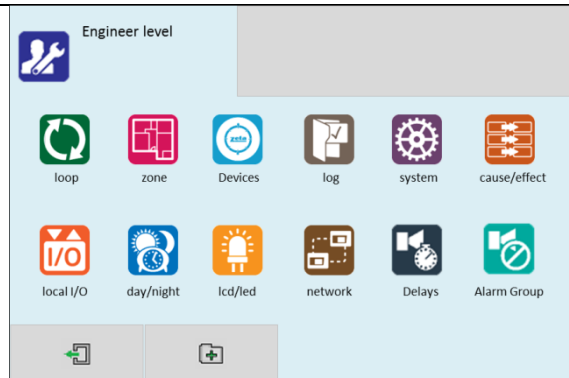


Configuring the Loop Modules

Press the screen. The panel prompts for a password.

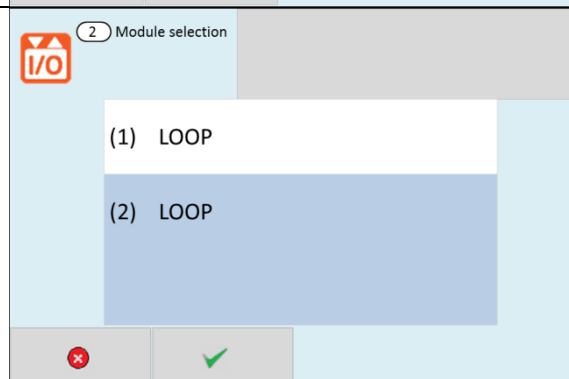
Enter the Engineer (Access Level 3) password (default is 9999)

Press the 'loop' Icon.

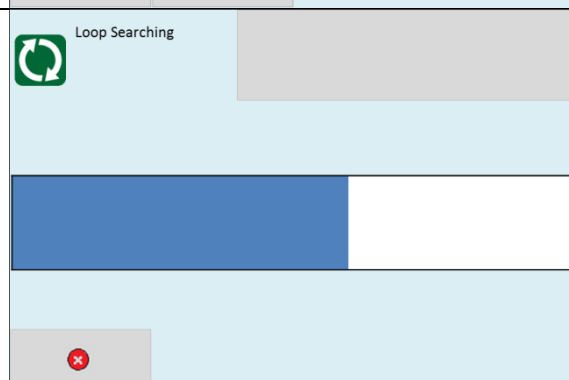


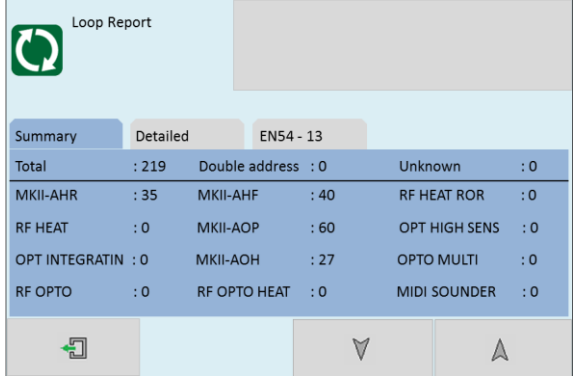

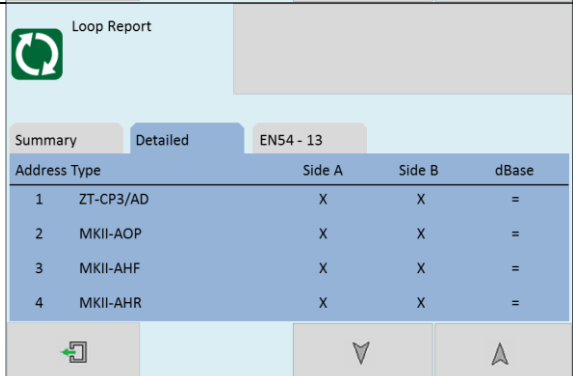
On the module selection screen, select the correct LOOP port number. The port number is shown in the brackets on the left. When you select the LOOP, it will become highlighted. Press the green tick to confirm the selection.

The port number will be labelled on the TRM PCB inside the panel and are also shown in the Smart Connect Multi-loop Installation manual (Doc: GLT-261-7-10).



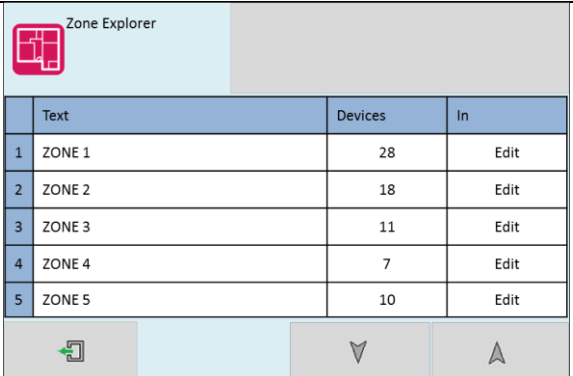


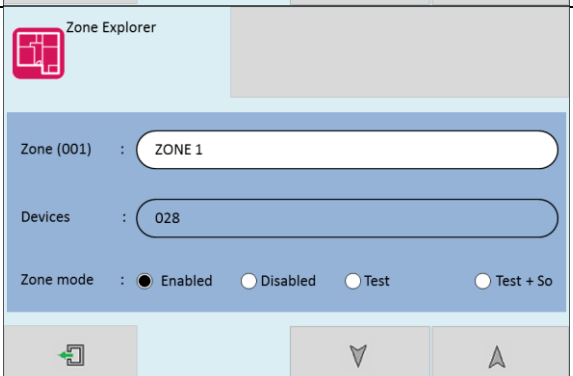
The panel will proceed to search and learn the loop.



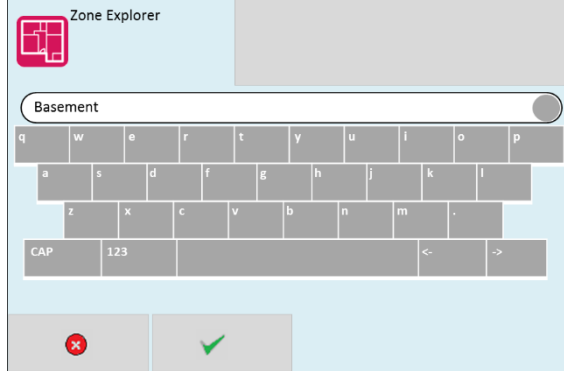
<p>When the configuration is complete, the panel displays a summary of the devices found.</p>																					
<p>To view details of the configuration, click the detail tab. This shows the device type found at each address, and also shows whether it was seen from Side A or Side B (to help locate CABLE BREAKS). It also shows if the device seen is different to the previous database [!!] (i.e. has the device type been changed), or if it is the same as previously configured [=]</p> <p>Press  to exit and either confirm or dismiss the changes.</p>	 <table border="1" data-bbox="805 629 1361 790"> <thead> <tr> <th>Address Type</th> <th>Side A</th> <th>Side B</th> <th>dBase</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1 ZT-CP3/AD</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>=</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2 MKII-AOP</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>=</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3 MKII-AHF</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>=</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4 MKII-AHR</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>=</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Address Type	Side A	Side B	dBase	1 ZT-CP3/AD	X	X	=	2 MKII-AOP	X	X	=	3 MKII-AHF	X	X	=	4 MKII-AHR	X	X	=
Address Type	Side A	Side B	dBase																		
1 ZT-CP3/AD	X	X	=																		
2 MKII-AOP	X	X	=																		
3 MKII-AHF	X	X	=																		
4 MKII-AHR	X	X	=																		

Zone Labels

All fire alarm systems must be subdivided into zones, which represent the geographical areas of the building. The Smart Connect Multi-loop fire system allows any number of devices to be allocated to a zone. However, it is assumed that a zone will not contain more than 32 fire detectors and/or manual call points, since this would correspond to an unacceptably large search area. The panel has 254 zones. There is capability in some panel models (SMART6/32, SMART10/64 & SMART26/64) to have LED indications for the first 32 or 64 zones. When a fire is reported, the zone number in which the fire is located is indicated on the panel touchscreen display. In addition to its numerical description, a zone can be identified by a text label, e.g. 3rd floor west ext. If the installer associates a text label with each zone of a fire alarm system, this will be displayed on the LCD when a fire is detected. The maximum length of the zone text label is 39 characters.

<p>Enter the engineer password and select the 'zone' icon.</p> <p>Press on the zone that you wish to edit.</p>	 <table border="1" data-bbox="805 1451 1361 1671"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Text</th> <th>Devices</th> <th>In</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>ZONE 1</td> <td>28</td> <td>Edit</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>ZONE 2</td> <td>18</td> <td>Edit</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>ZONE 3</td> <td>11</td> <td>Edit</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>ZONE 4</td> <td>7</td> <td>Edit</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>ZONE 5</td> <td>10</td> <td>Edit</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Text	Devices	In	1	ZONE 1	28	Edit	2	ZONE 2	18	Edit	3	ZONE 3	11	Edit	4	ZONE 4	7	Edit	5	ZONE 5	10	Edit
	Text	Devices	In																						
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2	ZONE 2	18	Edit																						
3	ZONE 3	11	Edit																						
4	ZONE 4	7	Edit																						
5	ZONE 5	10	Edit																						
<p>This will show the zone explorer settings menu. Press on the zone text field to edit it.</p> <p>The  and  arrows can be pressed to cycle through the zone numbers.</p>																									

Use <- and -> to place the keyboard cursor, and ● to delete unwanted text. Type the zone name, and press exit when done. Repeat for all required zones.

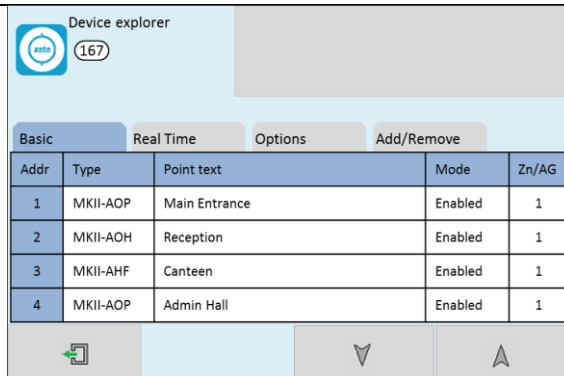


Loop Device Text and Zoning

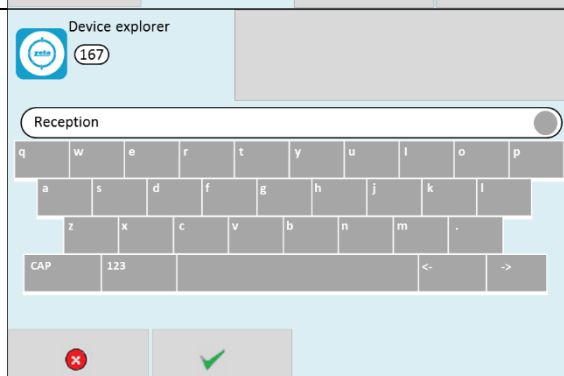
The Smart Connect Multi-loop is an addressable panel, i.e. it will indicate the address or location of a fire that has been detected. The address number of each point or device on the loop has already been set with either the DIP switches or the Fyreye MKII address programming tool (MKII-TOOL). See Manual GLT-252-7-1 for details. The installation engineer must now assign a label or location for each device, e.g. ROOM 107. A maximum of 24 characters can be used for each label. Devices can also be allocated to their correct zones at this stage.

From the ENGINEER MENU, press the 'point' icon.

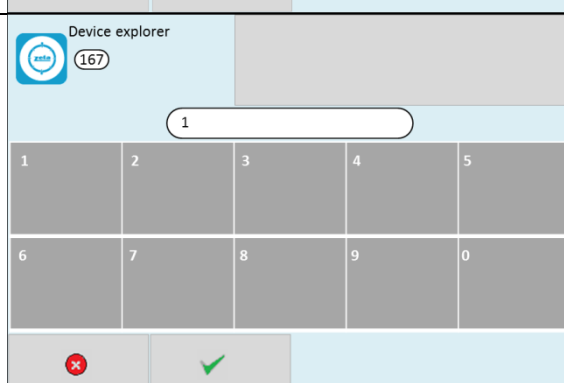
Press the text field of the device to be edited.


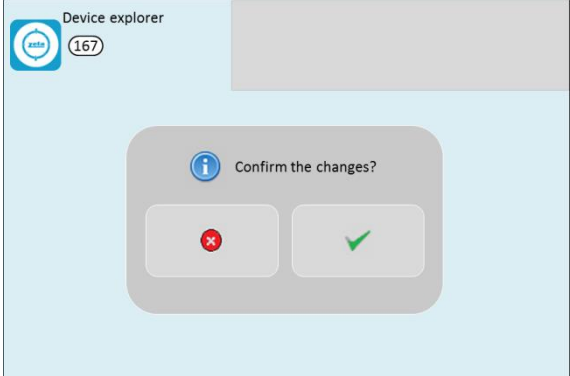
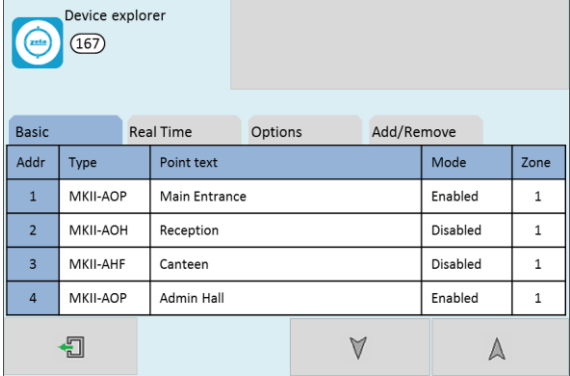


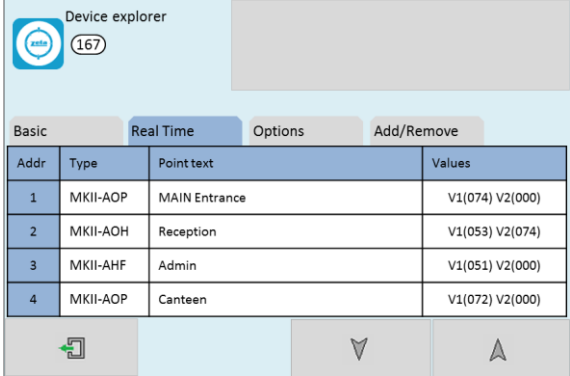
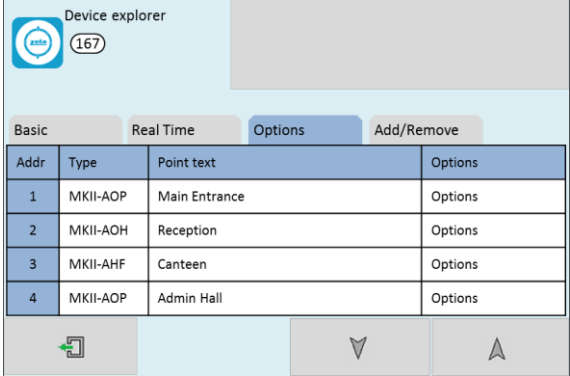
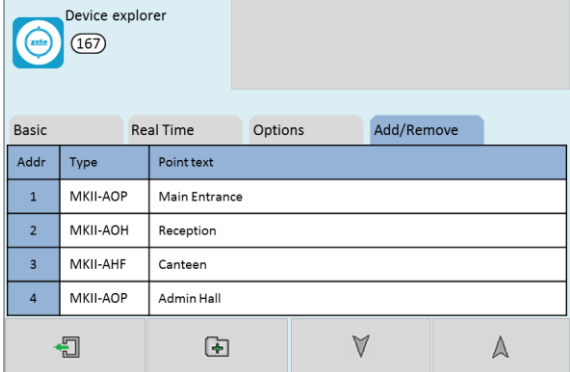



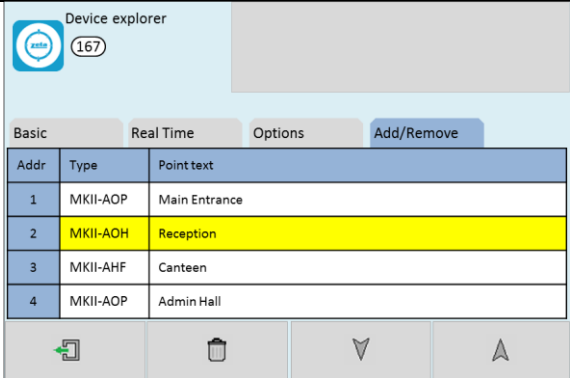

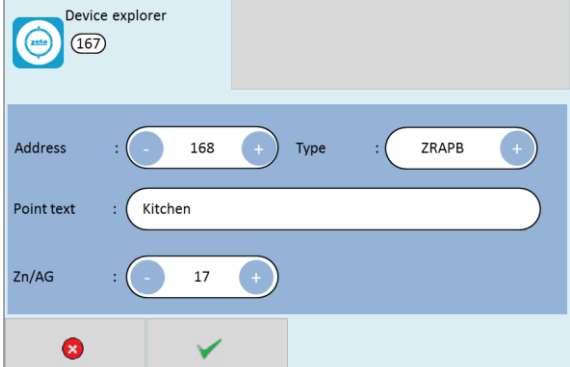
The panel shows the on screen keyboard. Enter the required device label (up to 24 characters). Press the green tick to confirm the text.



Press the 'Zn/AG' field to edit the device's zone number or alarm group if required.

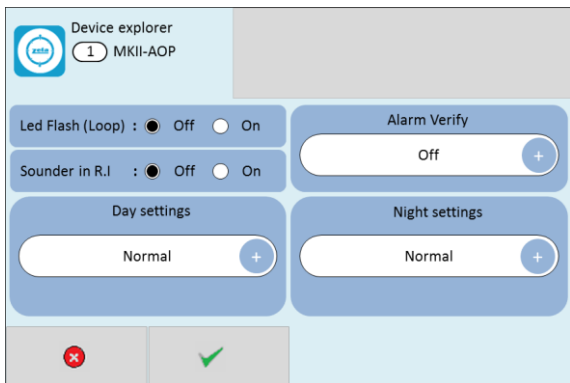
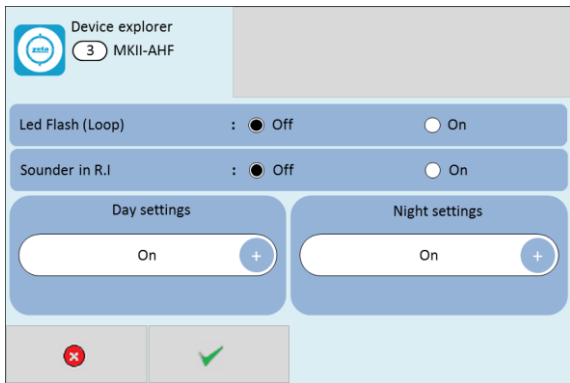


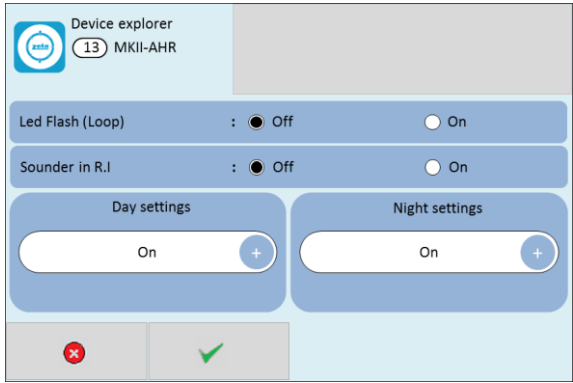
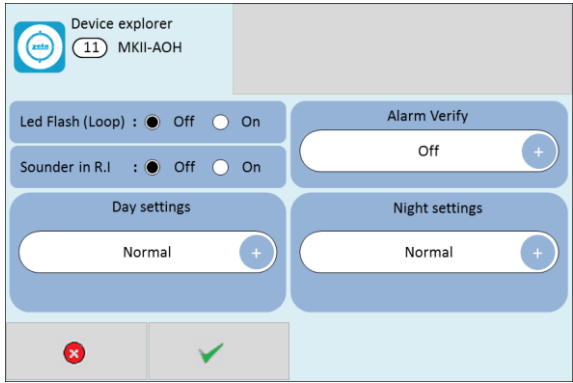
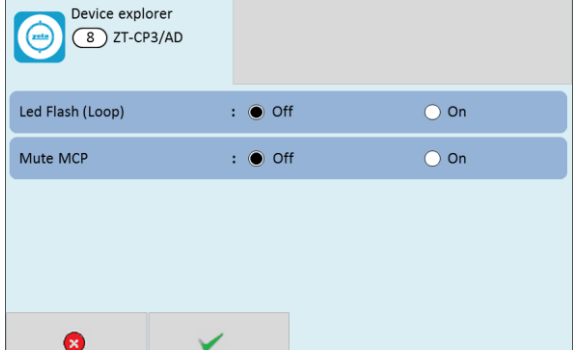
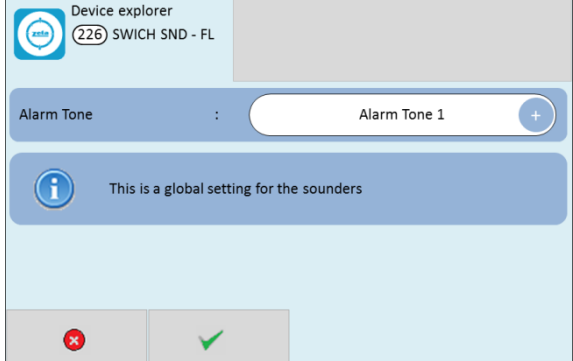
<p>Edit another device, or press  to exit the device list and save the changes.</p>																										
<p>The Device list screen also shows the current mode of each device, i.e. ENABLED or DISABLED</p> <p>Press the MODE field of a device to toggle its state between enabled and disabled.</p>	 <table border="1" data-bbox="799 622 1361 790"> <thead> <tr> <th>Addr</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Point text</th> <th>Mode</th> <th>Zone</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>MKII-AOP</td> <td>Main Entrance</td> <td>Enabled</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>MKII-AOH</td> <td>Reception</td> <td>Disabled</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>MKII-AHF</td> <td>Canteen</td> <td>Disabled</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>MKII-AOP</td> <td>Admin Hall</td> <td>Enabled</td> <td>1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Addr	Type	Point text	Mode	Zone	1	MKII-AOP	Main Entrance	Enabled	1	2	MKII-AOH	Reception	Disabled	1	3	MKII-AHF	Canteen	Disabled	1	4	MKII-AOP	Admin Hall	Enabled	1
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<p>The analogue values can be displayed by pressing the 'Real Time' tab.</p> <p>Press the  &  arrows to scroll through the device list.</p>	 <table border="1" data-bbox="799 1001 1361 1169"> <thead> <tr> <th>Addr</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Point text</th> <th>Values</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>MKII-AOP</td> <td>MAIN Entrance</td> <td>V1(074) V2(000)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>MKII-AOH</td> <td>Reception</td> <td>V1(053) V2(074)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>MKII-AHF</td> <td>Admin</td> <td>V1(051) V2(000)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>MKII-AOP</td> <td>Canteen</td> <td>V1(072) V2(000)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Addr	Type	Point text	Values	1	MKII-AOP	MAIN Entrance	V1(074) V2(000)	2	MKII-AOH	Reception	V1(053) V2(074)	3	MKII-AHF	Admin	V1(051) V2(000)	4	MKII-AOP	Canteen	V1(072) V2(000)					
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<p>Device specific options can be set via the 'Options' tab. See following section (Loop Device Options) for details.</p> <p>Press the Options field for the required device to edit its options.</p>	 <table border="1" data-bbox="799 1379 1361 1547"> <thead> <tr> <th>Addr</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Point text</th> <th>Options</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>MKII-AOP</td> <td>Main Entrance</td> <td>Options</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>MKII-AOH</td> <td>Reception</td> <td>Options</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>MKII-AHF</td> <td>Canteen</td> <td>Options</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>MKII-AOP</td> <td>Admin Hall</td> <td>Options</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Addr	Type	Point text	Options	1	MKII-AOP	Main Entrance	Options	2	MKII-AOH	Reception	Options	3	MKII-AHF	Canteen	Options	4	MKII-AOP	Admin Hall	Options					
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4	MKII-AOP	Admin Hall	Options																							
<p>The Add / Remove tab allows devices to be manually added or removed from the system. This is useful if it is not possible to perform a loop learn (e.g., if a detector is to be changed to a different model, and the replacement is not available, or, if the loop is disconnected to perform maintenance / repair work).</p>	 <table border="1" data-bbox="799 1758 1361 1926"> <thead> <tr> <th>Addr</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Point text</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>MKII-AOP</td> <td>Main Entrance</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>MKII-AOH</td> <td>Reception</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>MKII-AHF</td> <td>Canteen</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>MKII-AOP</td> <td>Admin Hall</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Addr	Type	Point text	1	MKII-AOP	Main Entrance	2	MKII-AOH	Reception	3	MKII-AHF	Canteen	4	MKII-AOP	Admin Hall										
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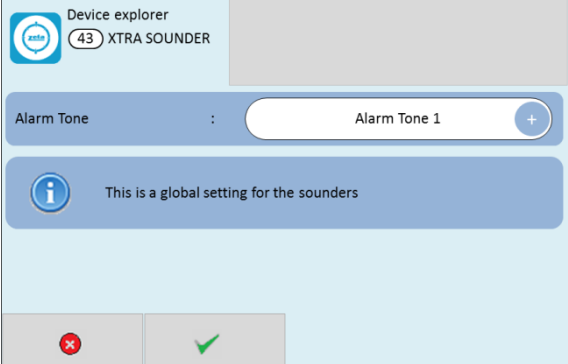
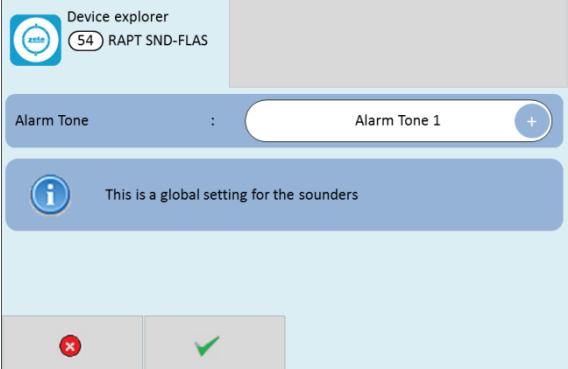
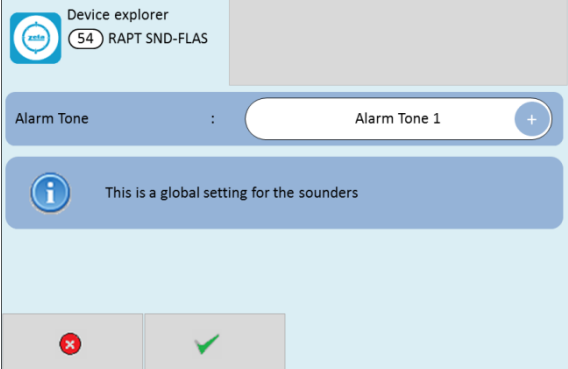
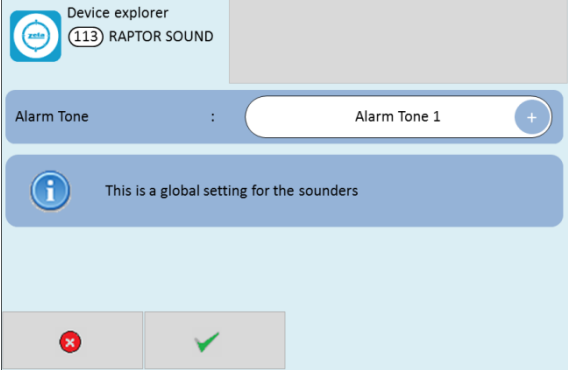
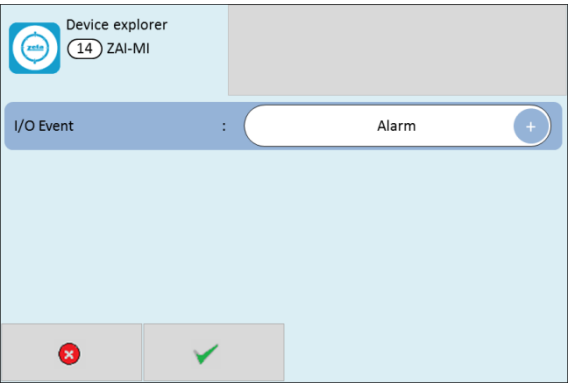
<p>To manually remove a device, tap the device so that it's highlighted yellow, then press the delete icon .</p>	
<p>To manually add a device, press the add icon .</p> <p>Select the address and device type of the item being added.</p> <p>Enter the point text for the device, and select which zone it will be in.</p>	

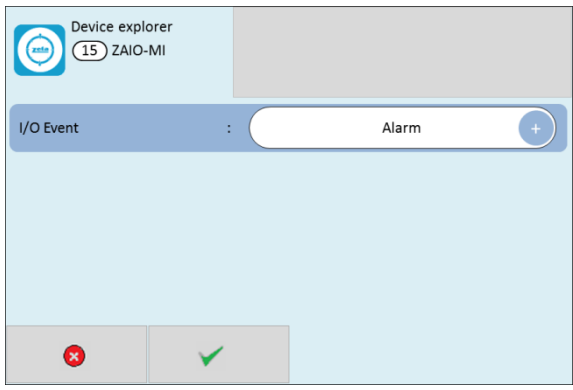
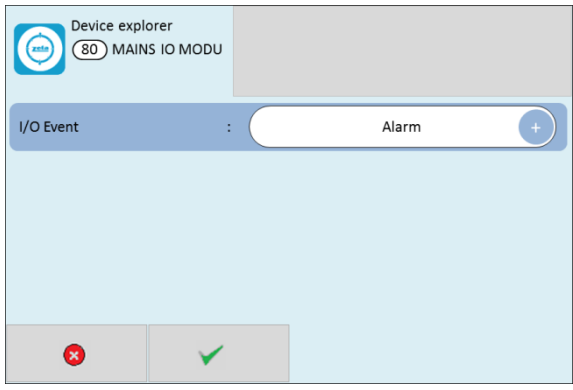


Loop Device Options

Each addressable loop device has a number of configuration settings that can be programmed at the panel. The configuration screen is accessed by selecting the device on the options tab. The options for each device are:-

Device	Options
<p>MKII-AOP <i>(MKII Addressable Optical Smoke Detector)</i></p> <p><u>Available options:</u> Led Flash (Loop): (Off) / (On)</p> <p>Sounder in R.I: (Off) / (On)</p> <p>Alarm Verify: (Off) / (Local)</p> <p>Day settings: (Normal) / (High) / (Off) / (Low)</p> <p>Night settings: (Normal) / (High) / (Off) / (Low)</p>	
<p>MKII-AHF & MKII-AHF/CS90 <i>(MKII Addressable Fixed Heat Only CS Detector)</i></p> <p><u>Available options:</u> Led Flash (Loop): (Off) / (On)</p> <p>Sounder in R.I: (Off) / (On)</p> <p>Day settings: (On) / (Off)</p> <p>Night settings:</p>	

<p>(On) / (Off)</p> <p>MKII-AHR (MKII Addressable RoR & Fixed Heat A1R Detector)</p> <p><u>Available options:</u> Led Flash (Loop): (Off) / (On)</p> <p>Sounder in R.I: (Off) / (On)</p> <p>Day settings: (On) / (Off)</p> <p>Night settings: (On) / (Off)</p>	
<p>MKII-AOH (MKII Addressable Combined Optical Smoke & Heat A1R Detector)</p> <p><u>Available options:</u> Led Flash (Loop): (Off) / (On)</p> <p>Sounder in R.I: (Off) / (On)</p> <p>Day settings: (Normal) / (High) / (Off) / (Heat only) / (Low)</p> <p>Night settings: (Normal) / (High) / (Off) / (Heat only) / (Low)</p>	
<p>ZT-CP3/AD (Zeta Addressable CP3 Manual Call Point)</p> <p><u>Available options:</u> Led Flash: (Off) / (On)</p> <p>Mute: (Off) / (On)</p>	
<p>MKII-SSB (MKII Sandwich Sounder)</p> <p><u>Available options:</u> Alarm Tone: (Alarm Tones 1- 16)</p> <p><i>Note: This is a global setting for all the sounders (per loop).</i></p>	

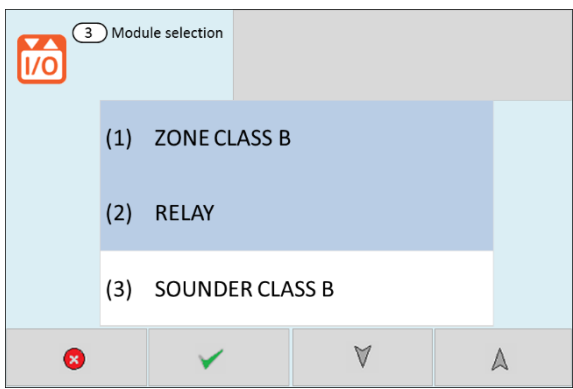
<p>MKII-AXT (Xtratone Addressable Wall Sounder)</p> <p><u>Available options:</u> Alarm Tone: (Alarm Tones 1- 16)</p> <p><i>Note: This is a global setting for all the sounders (per loop).</i></p>	
<p>MKII-AXTB (Xtratone Addressable Combined Sounder Beacon)</p> <p><u>Available options:</u> Alarm Tone: (Alarm Tones 1- 16)</p> <p><i>Note: This is a global setting for all the sounders (per loop).</i></p>	
<p>ZRAP (Raptor Addressable Weatherproof Sounder)</p> <p><u>Available options:</u> Alarm Tone: (Alarm Tones 1- 16)</p> <p><i>Note: This is a global setting for all the sounders (per loop).</i></p>	
<p>ZRAPB (Raptor Addressable Weatherproof Sounder Beacon)</p> <p><u>Available options:</u> Alarm Tone: (Alarm Tones 1- 16)</p> <p><i>Note: This is a global setting for all the sounders (per loop).</i></p>	
<p>ZAI-MI (MKII Addressable Input Module with S/C Isolator)</p> <p><u>Available options:</u> I/O event: (Alarm) / (Tech. Alarm [Latch]) / (Tech. Alarm [Non-latch]) / (Fault)</p>	

<p>ZAI0-MI (MKII Addressable Input/Output Module with S/C Isolator)</p> <p><u>Available options:</u> I/O event: (Alarm) / (Tech. Alarm [Latch]) / (Tech. Alarm [Non-latch]) / (Fault)</p>	
<p>ZAI0/230 (MKII Addressable Mains switching I/O unit)</p> <p><u>Available options:</u> I/O event: (Alarm) / (Tech. Alarm [Latch]) / (Tech. Alarm [Non-latch]) / (Fault)</p>	
<p>ZASC-MI (MKII Addressable Sounder Circuit Controller with S/C Isolator)</p> <p><u>Available options:</u> No options available</p>	
<p>ZAZM-MI (MKII Addressable Zone Monitoring Unit with S/C Isolator)</p> <p><u>Available options:</u> No options available</p>	

Setting ACM Module Options

The below is an example on how to change the SCM-ACM options.

Note that the cause & effect for the SMART Connect Multi-loop panel has 3 tone options for the ACM's: Alarm tone, Alert tone and Emergency tone.

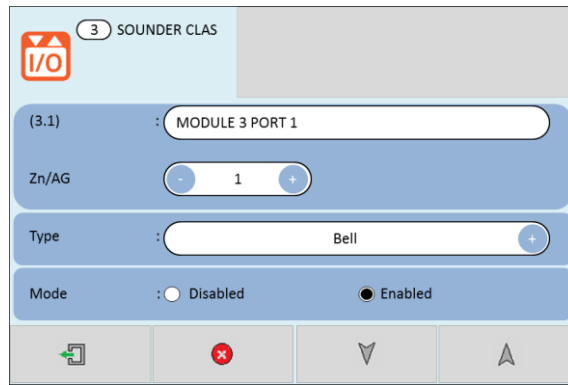
<p>From the ENGINEER MENU, press the Local I/O Icon.</p> <p>The panel will show the module selection screen. Select the required port number. The port number is shown in the brackets on the left. When you select a module it will become highlighted. The up and down arrows can be used to cycle through pages. Press the green tick to confirm the selection.</p> <p><u>Panel Designations:</u> SCM-ACM (Sounder Circuit – 2 x Class B)</p> <p>The port number will be labelled on the TRM PCB inside the panel and are also shown in the Smart Connect Multi-loop Installation manual (Doc: GLT-261-7-10).</p>	
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The module settings screen will be displayed.

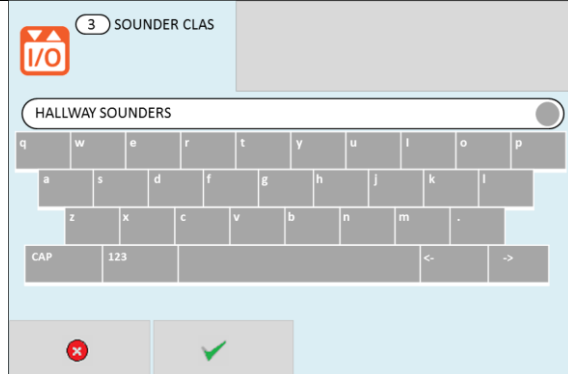
In this example, the output address is shown as: (3.1). The first number represents the TRM port (The RJ45 port on the TRM PCB that the module is plugged into). The second number represents the output on the module itself.

E.g. a ACM that is plugged into TRM port 3 would have the following addresses:

- (3.1) = TRM Port 3, Output 1
- (3.2) = TRM Port 3, Output 2

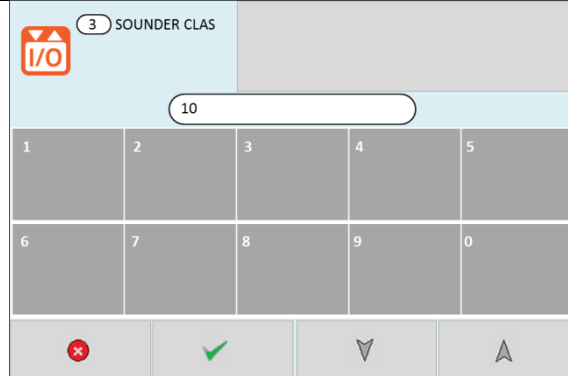


To change the text label of a module output, press on the text label field. This will display the panel keyboard. Enter the required text name, and then press the green tick to confirm.



Each output can be assigned to an alarm group. To change the alarm group, press either the + or – button to increase or decrease the group number.

You can also type in the number via the panel numerical keyboard, to do this press on the zone number field. Type in the required alarm group number and press the green tick to confirm.



You can change the type of each output to either 'Sounder', 'Bell' or 'Voltage'.

Sounder

Provides power for, and handles communications to the non-addressable notification appliances (horns and sirens). Sounder mode provides a synchronized output (on Zeta warning devices only). It provided a steady 24V, with sync pulses once per second.

Bell

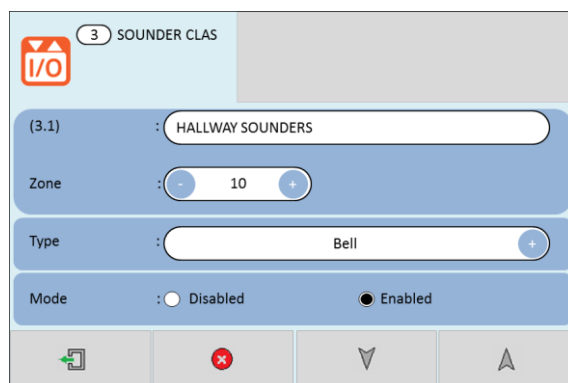
Provides a 24v output for use with mechanical fire alarm bells and unsynchronised sounder devices. This output will pulse the 24V on and off to achieve the required sound pattern.




Voltage

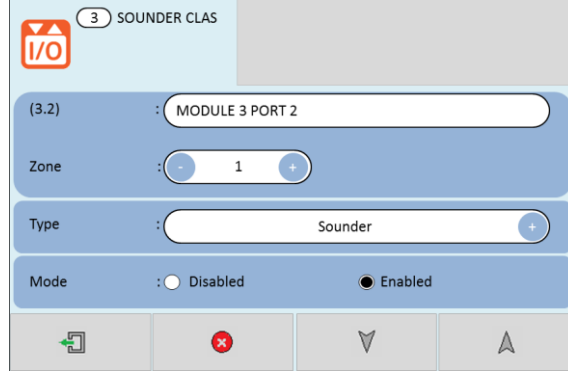
Provides a continuous 24v DC output for use with auxiliary equipment.

To change the output type, press on the + button to cycle through the options.

(NOTE: When ACM has been set to 'Voltage' mode, the module '24V ON' LED will be lit [Green constant]). When it is set to Bell, the 24V on LED will be flashing.



When you have finished configuring the module output, you can press the  or  arrows to change to the next output number on the module, or press  to exit and either confirm or dismiss the changes.



Setting ZMM & MIM Module Options

The below is an example on how to change the SCM-ZMM options. However, the procedure to change the settings for the SCM-ZMM & SCM-MIM is the same.

From the ENGINEER MENU, press the Local I/O Icon.

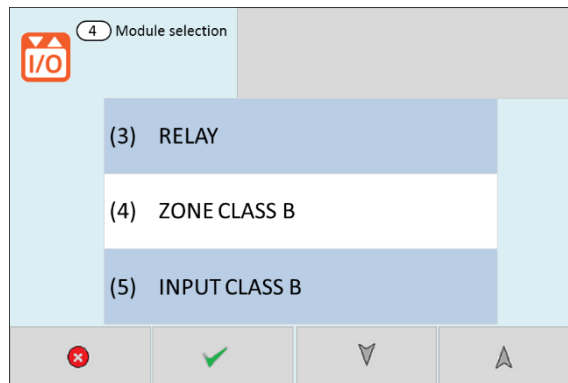
The panel will show the module selection screen. Select the required port number. The port number is shown in the brackets on the left. When you select a module it will become highlighted. The up and down arrows can be used to cycle through pages. Press the green tick to confirm the selection.

Panel Designations:

SCM-ZMM (Zone Monitor – 6 x Class B) = Zone Class B

SCM-MIM (Multi Input – 6 x Class B) = Input Class B

The port number will be labelled on the TRM PCB inside the panel and are also shown in the Smart Connect Multi-loop Installation manual (Doc: GLT-261-7-10).

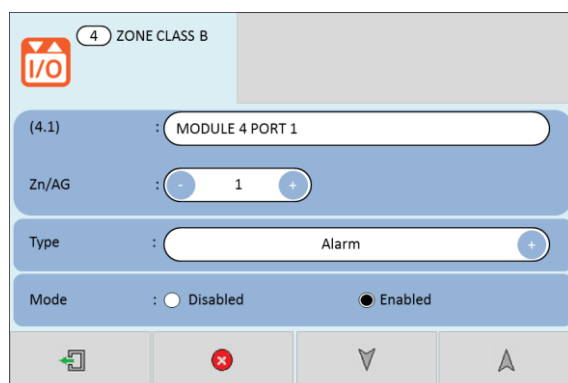


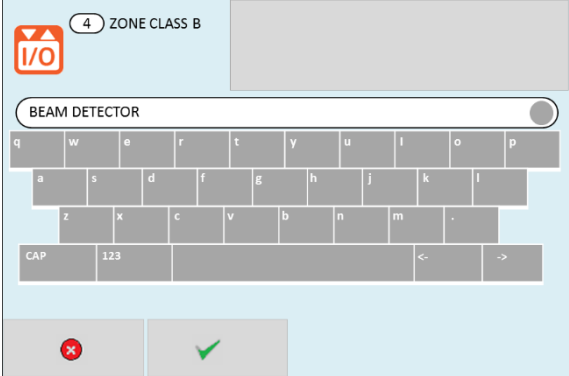
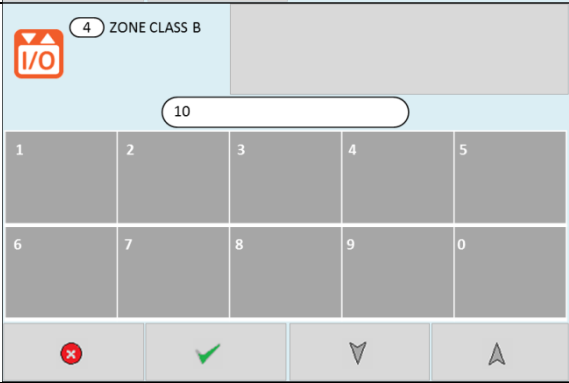
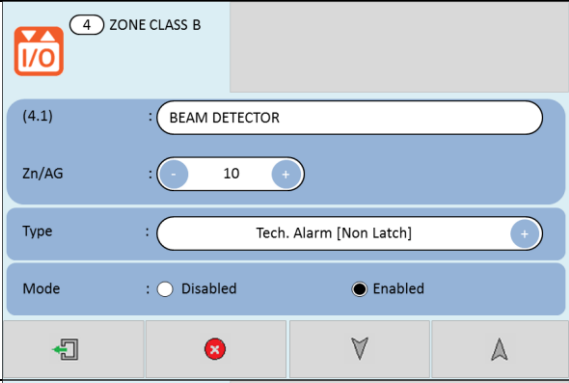



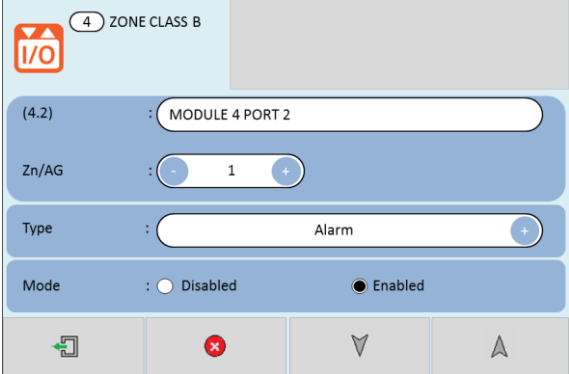
The module settings screen will be displayed.

In this example, the input address is shown as: **(4.1)**. The first number represents the TRM port (The RJ45 port on the TRM PCB that the module is plugged into). The second number represents the input on the module itself.

E.g. a ZMM that is plugged into TRM port 3 would have the following addresses:

- (3.1) = TRM Port 3, Input 1
- (3.2) = TRM Port 3, Input 2
- (3.3) = TRM Port 3, Input 3
- (3.4) = TRM Port 3, Input 4
- (3.5) = TRM Port 3, Input 5
- (3.6) = TRM Port 3, Input 6



<p>To change the text label of a module input, press on the text label field. This will display the panel keyboard. Enter the required text name, and then press the green tick to confirm.</p>	
<p>Each input can be assigned to a zone. To change the zone, press either the + or – button to increase or decrease the zone number.</p> <p>You can also type in the number via the panel numerical keyboard, to do this press on the zone number field. Type in the required zone number and press the green tick to confirm.</p>	
<p>You can set each input to either an:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Alarm • Tech. Alarm (Latching) • Tech. Alarm (Non latching) <p>(See the <i>System Operating Modes and Annunciation</i> section for more details on how each of these settings affects the panel operation).</p> <p>To change the input mode, simply press on + button to cycle through the options.</p>	
<p>When you have finished configuring the module input, you can press the  or  arrows to change to the next input port number on the module, or press  to exit and either confirm or dismiss the changes.</p>	

Setting MRM Module Options

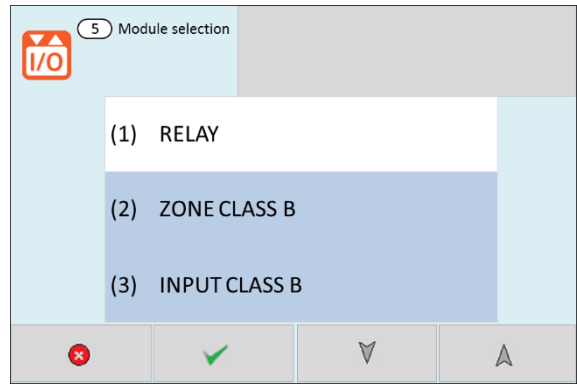
From the ENGINEER MENU, press the Local I/O Icon.

The panel will show the module selection screen. Select the required module. The TRM port number is shown in the brackets on the left. When you select a module it will become highlighted. The up and down arrows can be used to cycle through pages. Press the green tick to confirm the selection.

Panel Designations:

SCM-RM (Multi Relay Output – 3 x Form C) = Relay

The port number will be labelled on the TRM PCB inside the panel and are also shown in the Smart Connect Multi-loop Installation manual (Doc: GLT-261-7-10).

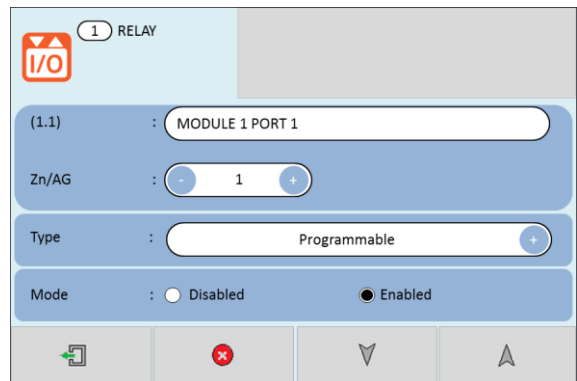


The module settings screen will be displayed.

In this example, the output address is shown as: **(1.1)**. The first number represents the TRM port (The RJ45 port on the TRM PCB that the module is plugged into). The second number represents the output on the module itself.

E.g. a Relay Module that is plugged into TRM port 1 would have the following addresses:

- (1.1) = TRM Port 1, Output 1
- (1.2) = TRM Port 1, Output 2
- (1.3) = TRM Port 1, Output 3



To change the text label of a module output, press on the text label field. This will display the panel keyboard. Enter the required text name, and then press the green tick to confirm.



Each output can be assigned to a zone. To change the zone, press either the + or – button to increase or decrease the zone number.

You can also type in the number via the panel numerical keyboard, to do this press on the zone number field. Type in the required zone number and press the green tick to confirm.



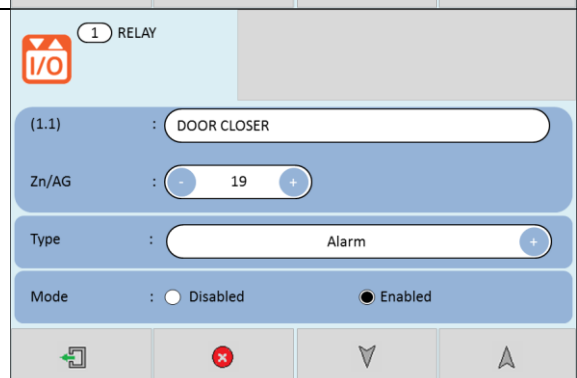
You can change the mode of each output to Programmable, Alarm, Fault or Tech. alarm.




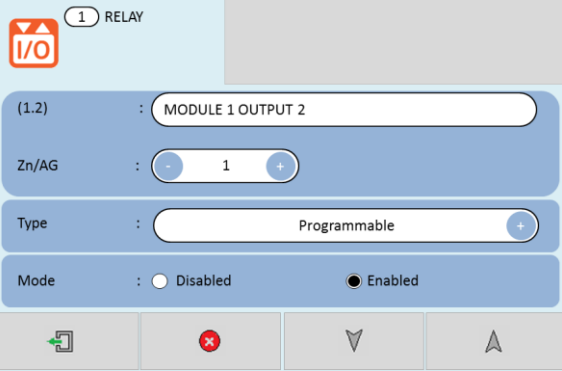
Programmable:

Relay will only react to cause & effects that have been programmed into the panel. This is the only setting that allows the relay to be disabled.

Alarm:

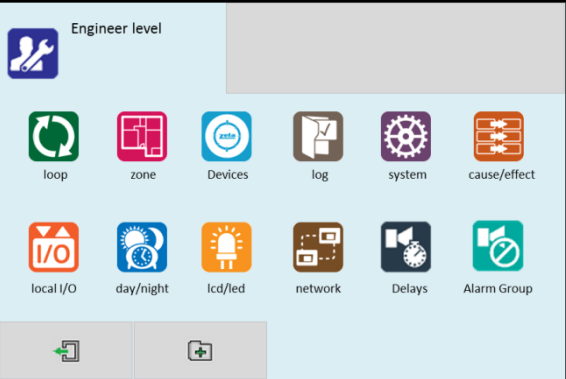
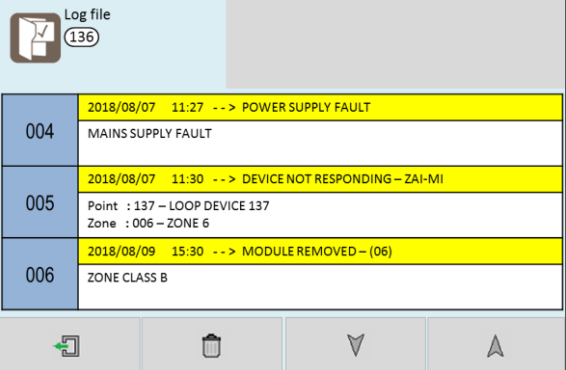
Relay will act as a common alarm relay, and will react to ANY alarm condition on the panel. Cannot be disabled or controlled by cause & effects.

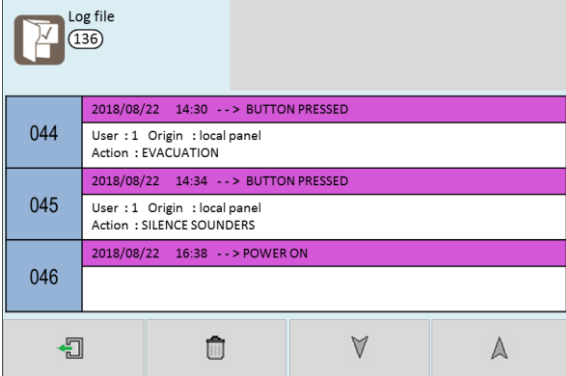
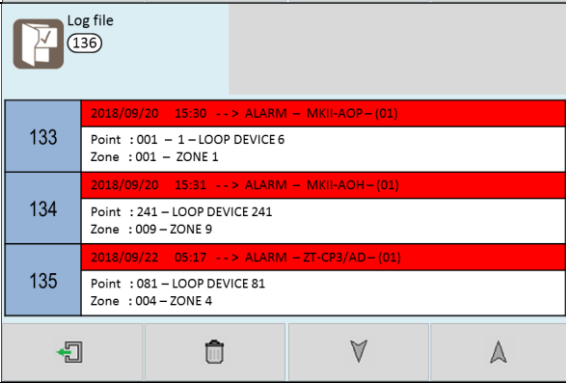
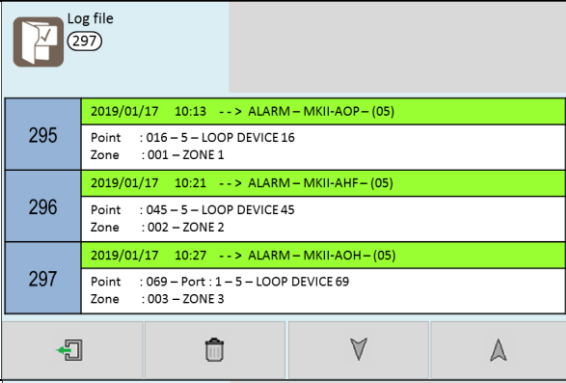
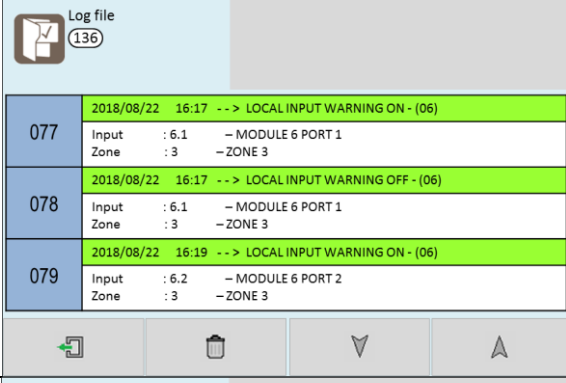
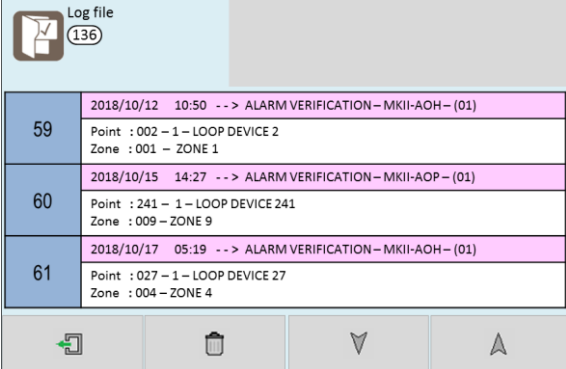



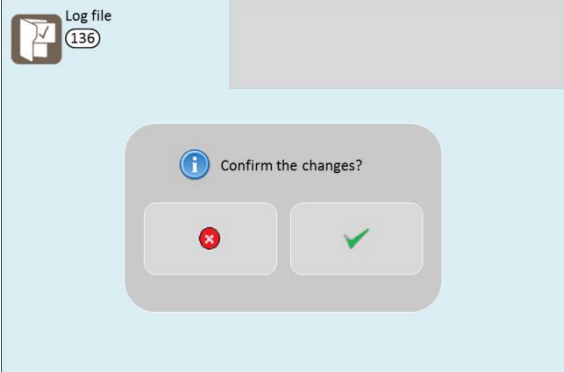
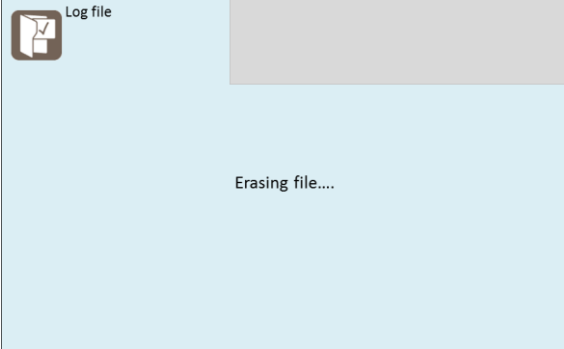
<p>Fault: Relay will act as a common fault relay, and will react to ANY fault condition on the panel. Cannot be disabled or controlled by cause & effects. Relay will become normally energised.</p> <p>Tech: Relay will act as a common tech. alarm relay, and will react to ANY tech. alarm condition on the panel. Cannot be disabled or controlled by cause & effects.</p> <p>To change the output type, press on the + button to cycle through the options.</p>	
<p>When you have finished configuring the module output, you can press the  or  arrows to change to the next output number on the module, or press  to exit and either confirm or dismiss the changes.</p>	

Event Logs

The Smart Connect Multi-loop event log has a capacity of storing **8032** events. It saves all alarm, fault, tech. alarm, test and disablement events that occur on the system.


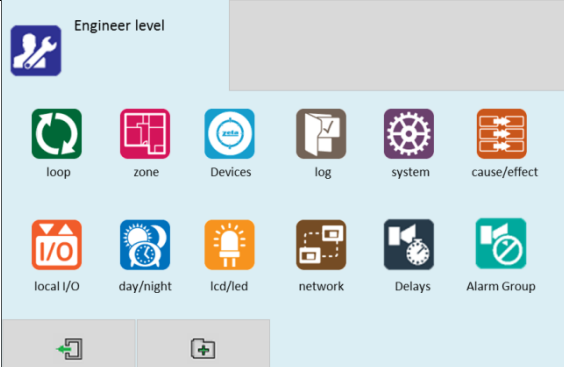
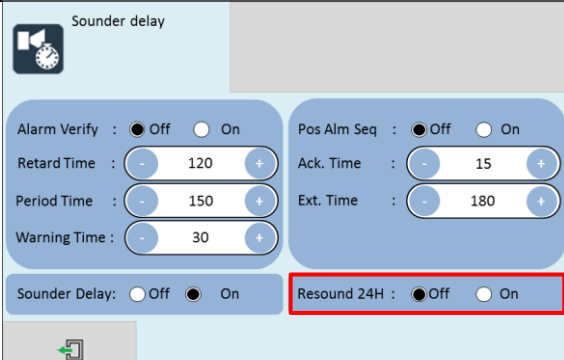
<p>From the ENGINEER MENU, press the 'log' icon. The panel will display the log file.</p>																	
<p>Fault events are shown with a YELLOW highlight.</p> <p>The highlighted section gives the time, date and the general fault information.</p> <p>The table shows more detail of the fault event.</p> <p>The left hand column shows the event number.</p>	 <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Event Number</th> <th>Date</th> <th>Time</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>004</td> <td>2018/08/07</td> <td>11:27</td> <td>POWER SUPPLY FAULT MAINS SUPPLY FAULT</td> </tr> <tr> <td>005</td> <td>2018/08/07</td> <td>11:30</td> <td>DEVICE NOT RESPONDING – ZAI-MI Point : 137 – LOOP DEVICE 137 Zone : 006 – ZONE 6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>006</td> <td>2018/08/09</td> <td>15:30</td> <td>MODULE REMOVED – (06) ZONE CLASS B</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Event Number	Date	Time	Description	004	2018/08/07	11:27	POWER SUPPLY FAULT MAINS SUPPLY FAULT	005	2018/08/07	11:30	DEVICE NOT RESPONDING – ZAI-MI Point : 137 – LOOP DEVICE 137 Zone : 006 – ZONE 6	006	2018/08/09	15:30	MODULE REMOVED – (06) ZONE CLASS B
Event Number	Date	Time	Description														
004	2018/08/07	11:27	POWER SUPPLY FAULT MAINS SUPPLY FAULT														
005	2018/08/07	11:30	DEVICE NOT RESPONDING – ZAI-MI Point : 137 – LOOP DEVICE 137 Zone : 006 – ZONE 6														
006	2018/08/09	15:30	MODULE REMOVED – (06) ZONE CLASS B														

<p>Operational events are shown with a MAGENTA highlight.</p> <p>The highlighted section gives the time, date and the operation information.</p> <p>The left hand column shows the event number.</p> <p>Some operational events are able to show more detailed information when "Click here for more information" is shown. Clicking this will display a table that will show the operational event in more detail.</p>	 <p>Log file (136)</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>044</td> <td>2018/08/22 14:30 --> BUTTON PRESSED</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>User : 1 Origin : local panel Action : EVACUATION</td> </tr> <tr> <td>045</td> <td>2018/08/22 14:34 --> BUTTON PRESSED</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>User : 1 Origin : local panel Action : SILENCE SOUNDERS</td> </tr> <tr> <td>046</td> <td>2018/08/22 16:38 --> POWER ON</td> </tr> </table>	044	2018/08/22 14:30 --> BUTTON PRESSED		User : 1 Origin : local panel Action : EVACUATION	045	2018/08/22 14:34 --> BUTTON PRESSED		User : 1 Origin : local panel Action : SILENCE SOUNDERS	046	2018/08/22 16:38 --> POWER ON		
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	User : 1 Origin : local panel Action : SILENCE SOUNDERS												
046	2018/08/22 16:38 --> POWER ON												
<p>Alarm events are shown with a RED highlight.</p> <p>The highlighted section gives the time, date and the device type that has caused the alarm.</p> <p>The table shows more detail of the Alarm event (Address, device text label, zone number, zone text label).</p> <p>The left hand column shows the event number.</p>	 <p>Log file (136)</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>133</td> <td>2018/09/20 15:30 --> ALARM - MKII-AOP - (01)</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Point : 001 - 1 - LOOP DEVICE 6 Zone : 001 - ZONE 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>134</td> <td>2018/09/20 15:31 --> ALARM - MKII-AOH - (01)</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Point : 241 - LOOP DEVICE 241 Zone : 009 - ZONE 9</td> </tr> <tr> <td>135</td> <td>2018/09/22 05:17 --> ALARM - ZT-CP3/AD - (01)</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Point : 081 - LOOP DEVICE 81 Zone : 004 - ZONE 4</td> </tr> </table>	133	2018/09/20 15:30 --> ALARM - MKII-AOP - (01)		Point : 001 - 1 - LOOP DEVICE 6 Zone : 001 - ZONE 1	134	2018/09/20 15:31 --> ALARM - MKII-AOH - (01)		Point : 241 - LOOP DEVICE 241 Zone : 009 - ZONE 9	135	2018/09/22 05:17 --> ALARM - ZT-CP3/AD - (01)		Point : 081 - LOOP DEVICE 81 Zone : 004 - ZONE 4
133	2018/09/20 15:30 --> ALARM - MKII-AOP - (01)												
	Point : 001 - 1 - LOOP DEVICE 6 Zone : 001 - ZONE 1												
134	2018/09/20 15:31 --> ALARM - MKII-AOH - (01)												
	Point : 241 - LOOP DEVICE 241 Zone : 009 - ZONE 9												
135	2018/09/22 05:17 --> ALARM - ZT-CP3/AD - (01)												
	Point : 081 - LOOP DEVICE 81 Zone : 004 - ZONE 4												
<p>Test events are shown with a GREEN highlight.</p> <p>The highlighted section gives the time, date and the device type that has caused the alarm.</p> <p>The table shows more detail of the test event (Address, Device text label, zone, zone text label).</p> <p>The left hand column shows the event number.</p>	 <p>Log file (297)</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>295</td> <td>2019/01/17 10:13 --> ALARM - MKII-AOP - (05)</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Point : 016 - 5 - LOOP DEVICE 16 Zone : 001 - ZONE 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>296</td> <td>2019/01/17 10:21 --> ALARM - MKII-AHF - (05)</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Point : 045 - 5 - LOOP DEVICE 45 Zone : 002 - ZONE 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>297</td> <td>2019/01/17 10:27 --> ALARM - MKII-AOH - (05)</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Point : 069 - Port : 1 - 5 - LOOP DEVICE 69 Zone : 003 - ZONE 3</td> </tr> </table>	295	2019/01/17 10:13 --> ALARM - MKII-AOP - (05)		Point : 016 - 5 - LOOP DEVICE 16 Zone : 001 - ZONE 1	296	2019/01/17 10:21 --> ALARM - MKII-AHF - (05)		Point : 045 - 5 - LOOP DEVICE 45 Zone : 002 - ZONE 2	297	2019/01/17 10:27 --> ALARM - MKII-AOH - (05)		Point : 069 - Port : 1 - 5 - LOOP DEVICE 69 Zone : 003 - ZONE 3
295	2019/01/17 10:13 --> ALARM - MKII-AOP - (05)												
	Point : 016 - 5 - LOOP DEVICE 16 Zone : 001 - ZONE 1												
296	2019/01/17 10:21 --> ALARM - MKII-AHF - (05)												
	Point : 045 - 5 - LOOP DEVICE 45 Zone : 002 - ZONE 2												
297	2019/01/17 10:27 --> ALARM - MKII-AOH - (05)												
	Point : 069 - Port : 1 - 5 - LOOP DEVICE 69 Zone : 003 - ZONE 3												
<p>Tech. Alarm events are shown with a GREEN highlight.</p> <p>The highlighted section gives the time, date and the device type that has caused the tech. alarm.</p> <p>The table shows more detail of the tech. alarm event (Address, Device text label, zone, zone text label).</p> <p>The left hand column shows the event number.</p>	 <p>Log file (136)</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>077</td> <td>2018/08/22 16:17 --> LOCAL INPUT WARNING ON - (06)</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Input : 6.1 - MODULE 6 PORT 1 Zone : 3 - ZONE 3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>078</td> <td>2018/08/22 16:17 --> LOCAL INPUT WARNING OFF - (06)</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Input : 6.1 - MODULE 6 PORT 1 Zone : 3 - ZONE 3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>079</td> <td>2018/08/22 16:19 --> LOCAL INPUT WARNING ON - (06)</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Input : 6.2 - MODULE 6 PORT 2 Zone : 3 - ZONE 3</td> </tr> </table>	077	2018/08/22 16:17 --> LOCAL INPUT WARNING ON - (06)		Input : 6.1 - MODULE 6 PORT 1 Zone : 3 - ZONE 3	078	2018/08/22 16:17 --> LOCAL INPUT WARNING OFF - (06)		Input : 6.1 - MODULE 6 PORT 1 Zone : 3 - ZONE 3	079	2018/08/22 16:19 --> LOCAL INPUT WARNING ON - (06)		Input : 6.2 - MODULE 6 PORT 2 Zone : 3 - ZONE 3
077	2018/08/22 16:17 --> LOCAL INPUT WARNING ON - (06)												
	Input : 6.1 - MODULE 6 PORT 1 Zone : 3 - ZONE 3												
078	2018/08/22 16:17 --> LOCAL INPUT WARNING OFF - (06)												
	Input : 6.1 - MODULE 6 PORT 1 Zone : 3 - ZONE 3												
079	2018/08/22 16:19 --> LOCAL INPUT WARNING ON - (06)												
	Input : 6.2 - MODULE 6 PORT 2 Zone : 3 - ZONE 3												
<p>Alarm Verification events are shown with a LILAC highlight.</p> <p>The highlighted section gives the time, date and the device type that has entered alarm verification.</p> <p>The table shows more detail of the alarm verification event (Address, Device text label, zone, zone text label).</p> <p>The left hand column shows the event number.</p>	 <p>Log file (136)</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>59</td> <td>2018/10/12 10:50 --> ALARM VERIFICATION - MKII-AOH - (01)</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Point : 002 - 1 - LOOP DEVICE 2 Zone : 001 - ZONE 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>60</td> <td>2018/10/15 14:27 --> ALARM VERIFICATION - MKII-AOP - (01)</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Point : 241 - 1 - LOOP DEVICE 241 Zone : 009 - ZONE 9</td> </tr> <tr> <td>61</td> <td>2018/10/17 05:19 --> ALARM VERIFICATION - MKII-AOH - (01)</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Point : 027 - 1 - LOOP DEVICE 27 Zone : 004 - ZONE 4</td> </tr> </table>	59	2018/10/12 10:50 --> ALARM VERIFICATION - MKII-AOH - (01)		Point : 002 - 1 - LOOP DEVICE 2 Zone : 001 - ZONE 1	60	2018/10/15 14:27 --> ALARM VERIFICATION - MKII-AOP - (01)		Point : 241 - 1 - LOOP DEVICE 241 Zone : 009 - ZONE 9	61	2018/10/17 05:19 --> ALARM VERIFICATION - MKII-AOH - (01)		Point : 027 - 1 - LOOP DEVICE 27 Zone : 004 - ZONE 4
59	2018/10/12 10:50 --> ALARM VERIFICATION - MKII-AOH - (01)												
	Point : 002 - 1 - LOOP DEVICE 2 Zone : 001 - ZONE 1												
60	2018/10/15 14:27 --> ALARM VERIFICATION - MKII-AOP - (01)												
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61	2018/10/17 05:19 --> ALARM VERIFICATION - MKII-AOH - (01)												
	Point : 027 - 1 - LOOP DEVICE 27 Zone : 004 - ZONE 4												


<p>When viewing the event log from the engineer menu, there is an option to erase the event log by pressing the  delete icon.</p> <p>The panel will ask to confirm this action. Press the green tick to continue to delete the log, or cancel to leave the log in the panel.</p> <p>If the delete is confirmed, the panel will show an indication that it is current erasing the log.</p> <p>When viewed from the user menu, there is no delete option.</p> <p>Note: <i>The event log cannot be erased if there are any events on the system.</i></p>	 
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Buzzer Resound 24H Settings


The Smart Connect Multi-loop has the option to configure whether the panel shall re-sound its internal buzzer every 24 hours. Any alarm, technical alarm or fault events that have been silenced but not cleared will resound the buzzer every 24 Hours until they have been cleared from the panel. To set up the 24H buzzer resound, carry out the following:

<p>Go to the engineer level menu, and select the 'Delays' icon .</p>	
<p>The panel shows the Delays screen.</p> <p>See the 'Resound 24H' section with Off & On options.</p>	

Select ON to enable, or select OFF to keep the 24H buzzer resound disabled.

When finished, press the exit icon . The panel will ask if you want to save the changes.

Press tick  to save the changes, or press  to discard.


Sounder delay

Alarm Verify : Off On

Retard Time :

Period Time :

Warning Time :


Pos Alm Seq : Off On

Ack. Time :

Ext. Time :

Sounder Delay: Off On

Resound 24H : Off On



Cause and Effect


The Smart Connect Multi-loop system has very comprehensive, but simple to use Cause and Effect capabilities. The Default factory configuration is that any alarm will activate all outputs on the panel. Like most addressable systems, the panel allows comprehensive programming of the sounders, alarm circuit outputs and relays. It is the responsibility of the commissioning engineer to verify that the programmed panel actions operate the outputs as required. Any input (or cause) can generate any output (or effect). For example, if the input is an Alarm in zone 1 (e.g. an optical detector triggered by smoke), the system can be programmed to generate output(s) (e.g. operate one or more sounder or relay outputs in one or more zones).

The inputs and outputs can be selected from 4 categories – Point, Local I/O, Zone (or alarm group) & Panel.





Example of Selecting a Cause & Effect (New Action):


Press Cause/ Effect icon.


The panel shows the default common cause & effect setting.


1 Cause/effect tabl





DIR (0001)	All on on panel (00)	000	000
1 / 1	Alarm on panel		







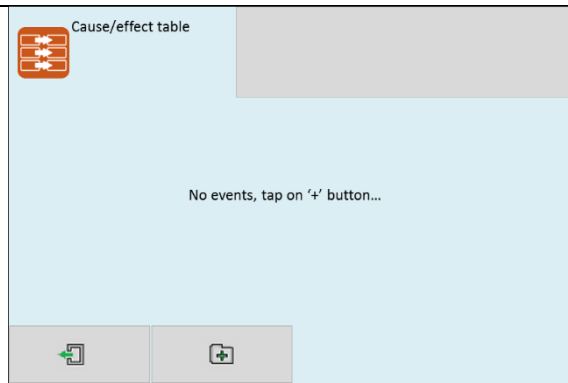
If this is not required, tap the action so that it's highlighted yellow, and then press the  icon to delete it.


1 Cause/effect tabl

DIR (0001)	All on on panel (00)	000	000
1 / 1	Alarm on panel		

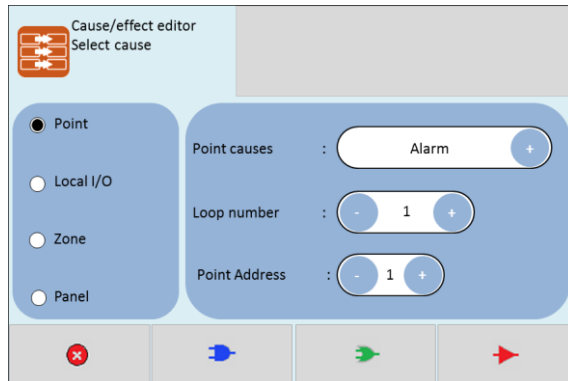





The screen will indicate that there are no current cause & effects programmed. Press the  button to create a new one.



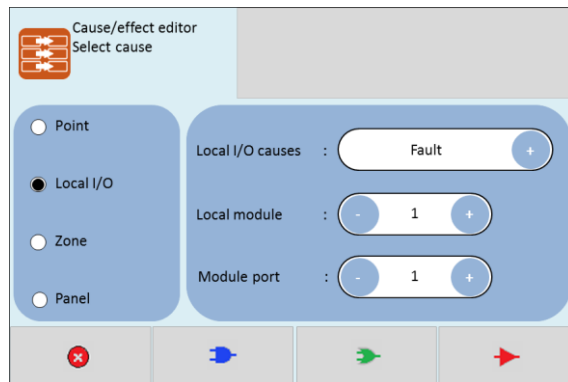
The panel displays the 'select cause' screen, Choose the cause type (Point, Local I/O, Zone or Panel). Depending on the input type chosen, the panel will display a list of sub options. For a 'Point' cause the options are:-

- Point causes:
 - Alarm
 - Detector Alarm
 - MCP Alarm
 - Fault
 - Maintenance
 - Tech. Warning ON
 - Tech. Warning OFF
- Loop Number:
 - 1-26 (This is the TRM port address)
- Point Address:
 - Device Loop Address: 1-254



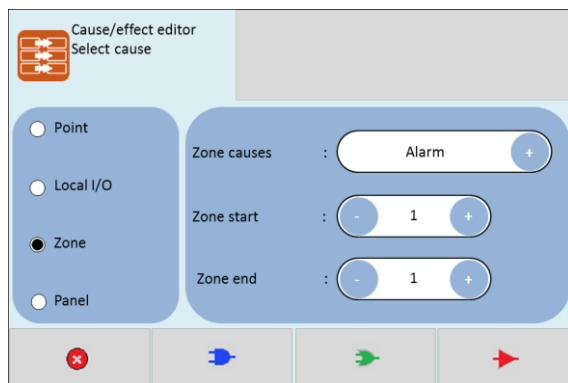
For a 'Local I/O' cause the options are:-

- Local I/O causes:
 - Fault
 - Alarm
 - Tech. Warning ON
 - Tech. Warning OFF
- Local module:
 - 1-26
- Module Port:
 - 1-6



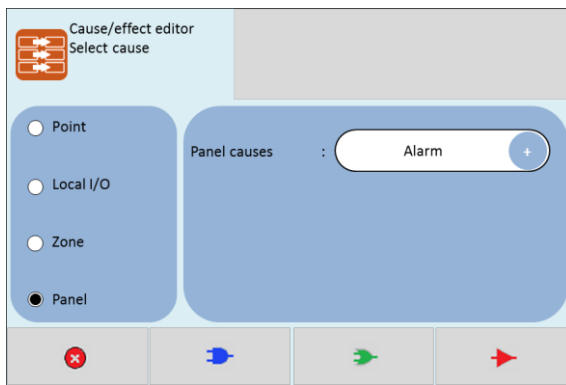
For a 'Zone' cause, the options are:-

- Zone causes:
 - Alarm
 - Detector Alarm
 - MCP Alarm
 - Fault
 - Maintenance
 - Tech. Warning ON
 - Tech. Warning OFF
 - Mlt. devices in alarm
- Zone start:
 - 1-254
- Zone end:
 - 1-254

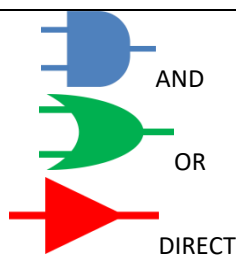


For a 'Panel' cause, the options are:-

- Panel causes:
 - Alarm
 - Detector Alarm
 - MCP Alarm
 - Fault
 - Maintenance
 - Tech. Warning ON
 - Tech. Warning OFF
 - Mlt. devices in alarm
 - Mlt. zones in alarm
 - Panel Keyswitch ON
 - Panel Keyswitch OFF

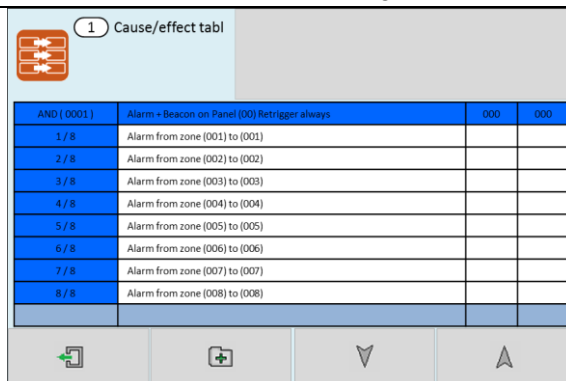


Select whether this will be an 'AND' cause, an 'OR' cause, or a single 'DIRECT' cause.



An AND / OR cause will request more inputs before activating the output.

Select up to 8 causes. Press the OUTPUT icon when finished.



After selecting the input cause(s), the panel displays a screen to select the following effect options:

Panel address:

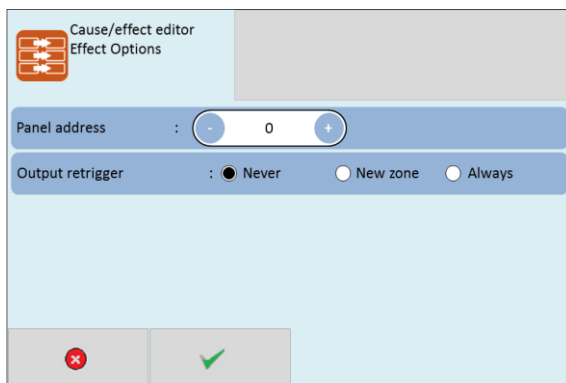
Leave as zero if the output effect is on this local panel, otherwise set to the network address of the destination panel.

Output retrigger:

This defines whether the sounders will resound from a new alarm if they had been previously silenced.

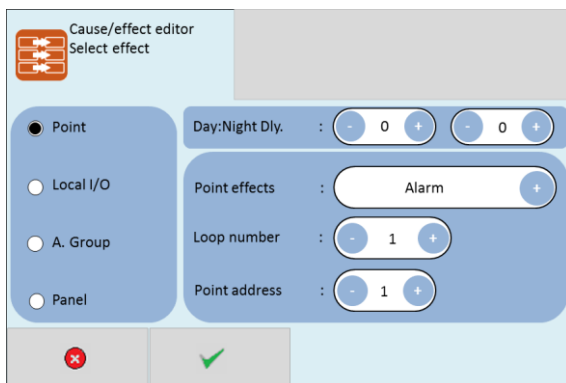
The options are:-

- **Never** resound
- Resound on an alarm from a **New zone**
- **Always** resound for any new alarm.

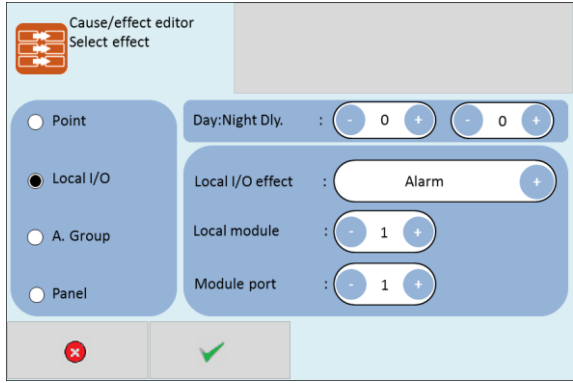


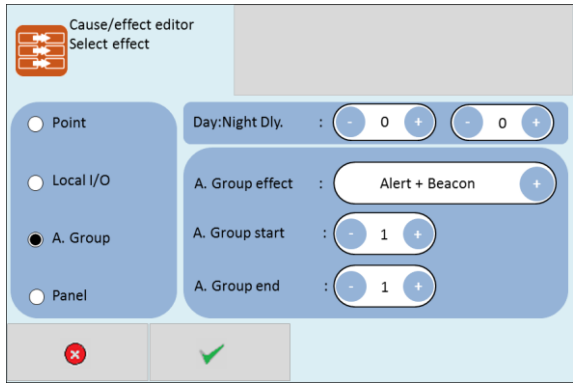
Select the output type (Point, Local I/O, Zone or Panel). Depending on the OUTPUT type chosen, the panel will display a list of sub options. For 'Point' effects, the options are:-

- Day Delay:
 - 0-600 seconds
- Night Delay:
 - 0-600 seconds
 (This is the delay used if Day/Night timer is not set)
- Point Effects:
 - All on
 - Alarm + Beacon



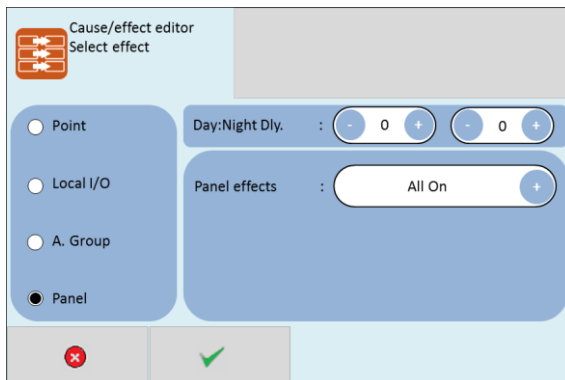
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Alert + Beacon ▪ Emergency + Beacon ▪ Alarm ▪ Alert ▪ Emergency ▪ Beacon ▪ All off ▪ Enable ▪ Disable <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Loop number: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 1-26 (This is the TRM port number) • Point address: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Device Loop Address: 1-250 	
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<p>For Local I/O effects, the options are:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Day Delay: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 0-600 seconds • Night Delay: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 0-600 seconds (This is the delay used if Day/Night timer is not set) • Local I/O effects: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Alarm ▪ Alert ▪ Emergency ▪ Sounder Off ▪ Enable ▪ Disable 	
---	---

<p>For A.Group effects, the options are:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Day Delay: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 0-600 seconds • Night Delay: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 0-600 seconds (This is the delay used if Day/Night timer is not set) • A. Group Effects: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ All On ▪ Alarm + Beacon ▪ Alert + Beacon ▪ Emergency + Beacon ▪ Alarm ▪ Alert ▪ Emergency ▪ Beacon ▪ Sounder + Beacon Off ▪ Relay On ▪ Relay Off ▪ All Off ▪ Disable Sounders ▪ Enable Sounders ▪ Disable Relays ▪ Enable Relays ▪ Disable Outputs ▪ Enable Outputs • A.Group start: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 1-254 • A. Group end: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 1-254 	
--	--

For a **Panel** effect, the options are:-

- Day Delay:
 - 0-600 seconds
- Night Delay:
 - 0-600 seconds
 (This is the delay used if Day/Night timer is not set)
- Panel Effects:
 - All On
 - Alarm + Beacon
 - Alert + Beacon
 - Emergency + Beacon
 - Alarm
 - Alert
 - Emergency
 - Beacon
 - Sounder + Beacon Off
 - Relay On
 - Relay Off
 - All Off
 - Disable Sounders
 - Enable Sounders
 - Disable Relays
 - Enable Relays
 - Disable Outputs
 - Enable Outputs



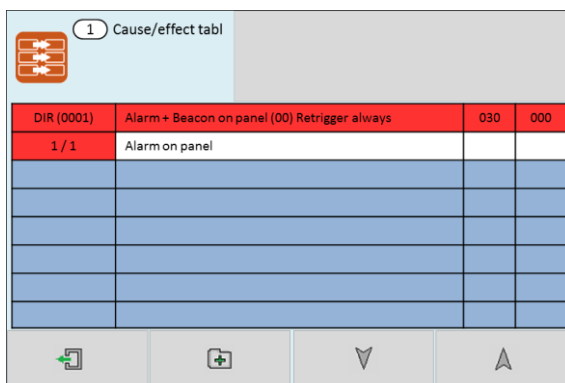
The panel shows the Programmed cause and effect.

It shows:
First row

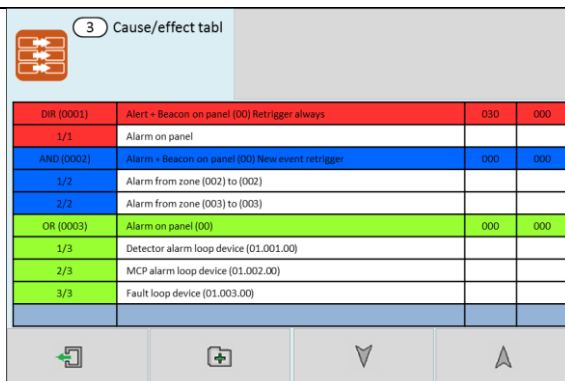
- Event type (Direct, AND, OR), and entry number
- The programmed output (effect)
- Day time delay (seconds)
- Night time delay (seconds)

Second row

- Input number & number of inputs (for And & OR statements)
- The programmed input (cause)

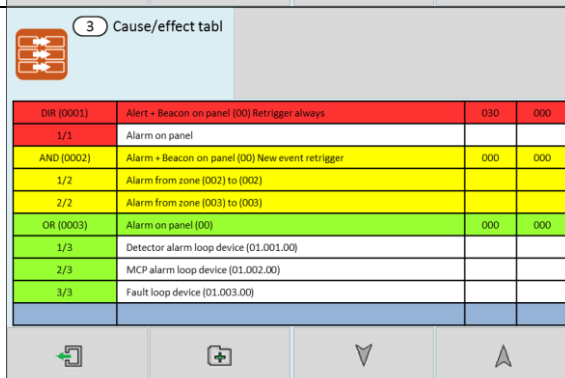


The panel displays direct actions with a red header, AND actions with a blue header, and OR actions with a green header.



It's not possible to edit a cause & effect line. If a line needs to be altered it must be deleted (tap the cause & effect so that it becomes highlighted yellow, and then press the delete icon).

The new statement can now be entered.





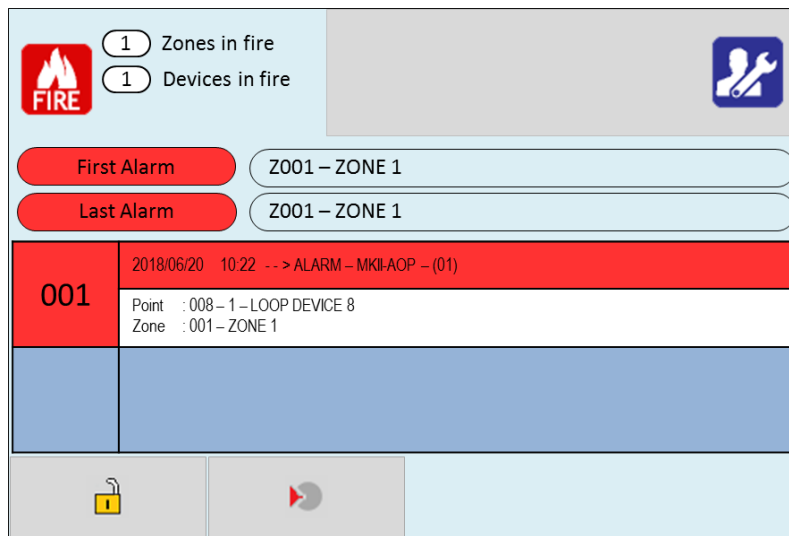
Outputs and Delays

Following the indication of a fire, the panel will activate outputs (i.e. Sounders and/or relays) according to the cause and effect rules that have been programmed. In certain circumstances, the activation of outputs may be delayed whilst the alarm is being investigated.

Sounder Delays

If the operation of Sounders has been delayed in one or more of the programmed ACTIONS, then this will be indicated by the illumination of the **SOUNDER DELAY LED**.

During a fire alarm it is possible to override all the Sounder delays (at any access level) by pressing the delay override icon  at the bottom of the screen, as shown. When a delay has been overridden, the icon will change to .



Loop & Local/IO Relay Output Delays

Relay outputs can also be delayed via the cause and effect actions. In this case, there is no LED lit to indicate a delay. The delays can be overridden the same way as mentioned above.

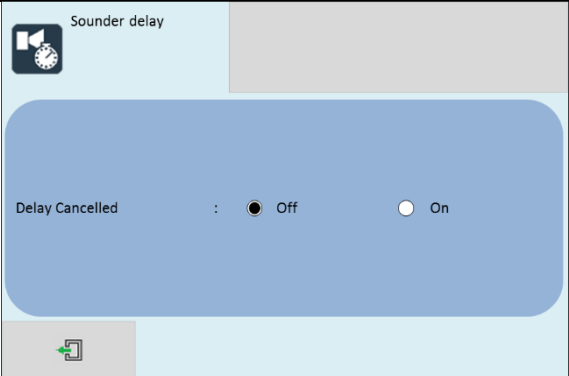
Programming Delays

Delays to relays and/or sounders can be programmed as part of the cause and effect programming (See previous section). If the delay will be permanently set, the delay should be entered into the NIGHT time delay field. If the delay is only to be set at certain times of the day, the panel should be configured for day/night mode. See the following DAY/NIGHT section for more details.

Switching Off Delays at Access Level 2

The panel allows any programmed delays to be turned off by the user, as this may be required as part of the normal operation of the panel.

<p>Enter the user menu in the usual way.</p> <p>(This option is also available in the Access level 3 Engineer menu)</p>	<p>The screenshot shows the user menu interface. At the top, there is a 'User' icon. Below it, there are six icons: 'Zone', 'Devices', 'log', 'local I/O', 'lcd/led', and 'Delays'. At the bottom, there is an 'Alarm Group' icon. The interface is light blue with a grey bar at the top and bottom.</p>
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<p>The panel shows 'Delay Cancelled' with Off & On options.</p> <p>Select ON to cancel the delay, or select OFF to keep the delay.</p> <p>Press Exit icon and save changes as prompted.</p>	
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i **NOTE:** As the delays can be toggled on & off via the user menu. If the delay is not working as expected, check in the user menu if the delays have been turned off.

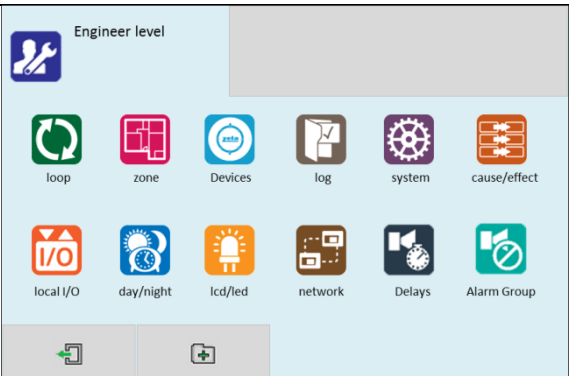
Day/Night Mode



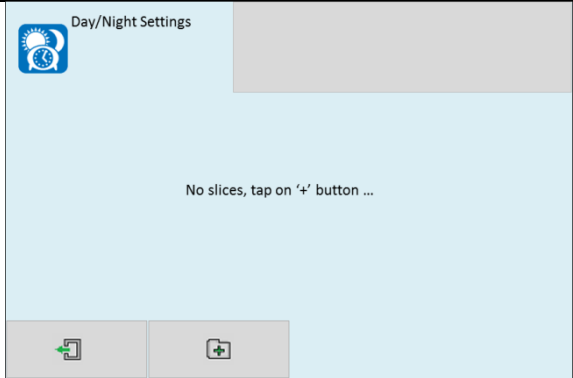

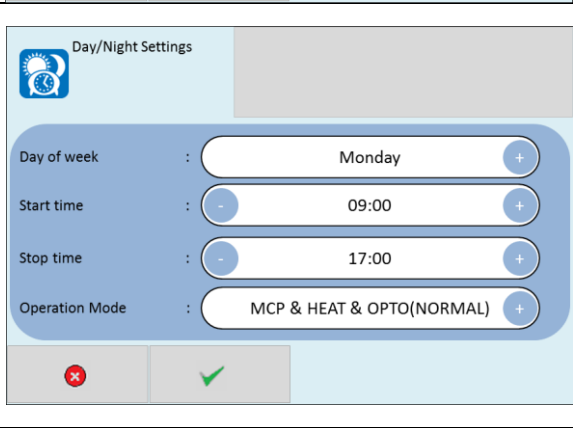


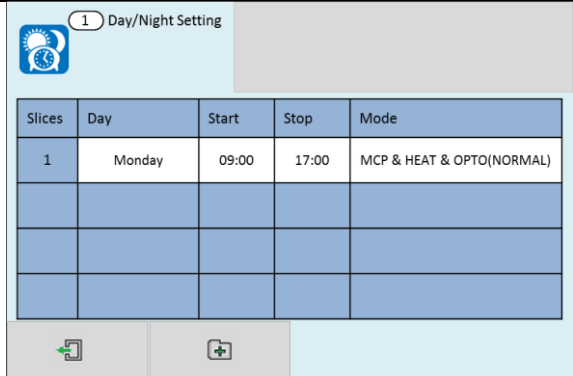


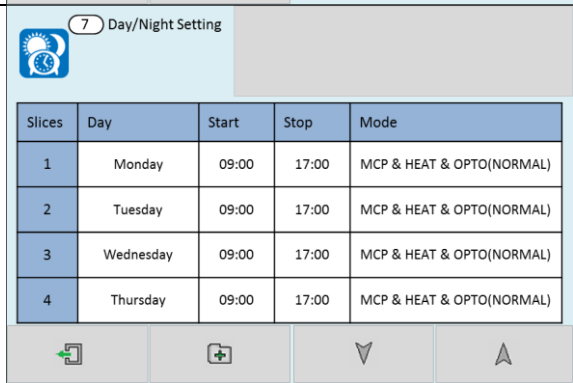


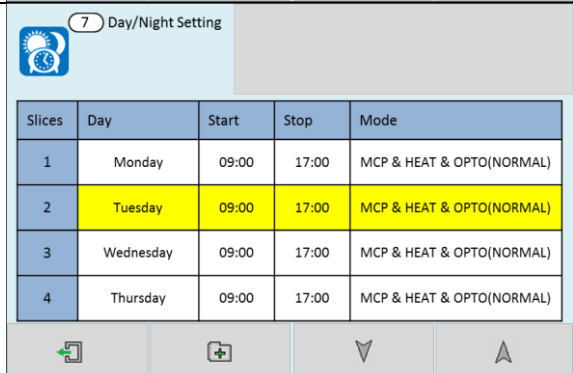
The Smart Connect Multi-loop panel has a day night timer that allows certain system responses to be altered at certain times of the day. It allows for different delays for the day and night times, and it also allows the sensitivity of certain detectors to be set differently for the day and night.




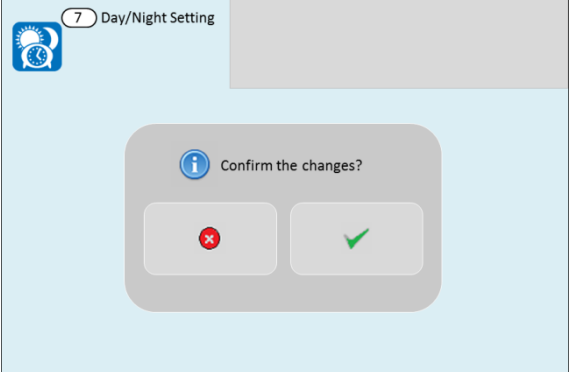
i **NOTE:** The default state of the panel is with no day/night settings programmed. It will use the "night time" delays, and the night time detector sensitivity settings.

Defining Day and Night Times

To allow for maximum flexibility, the panel allows for more than one Day-time period each day. For example, if a site closes for a 2 hour break, the panel could be configured with 2 day-time periods e.g. 8:00 – 12:00 and 14:00 – 18:00. Because of this, the panel refers to each setting as a day-time slice.

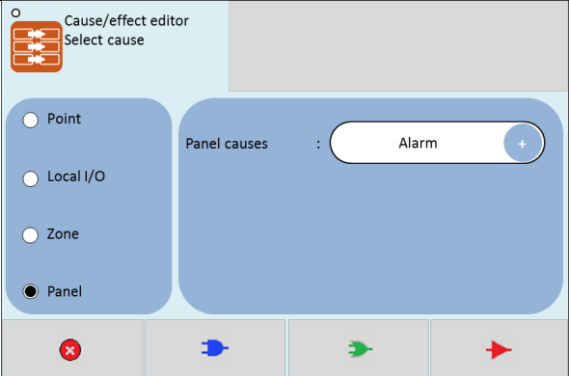
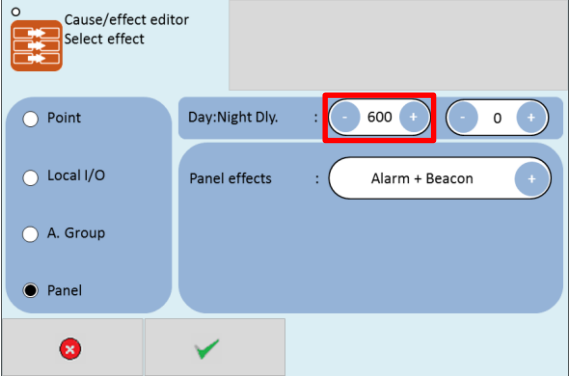
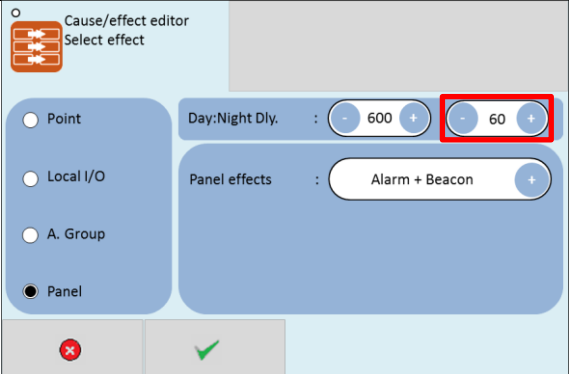
<p>Enter the engineer menu</p>	
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<p>Select the Day/Night Menu icon </p> <p>The panel shows that there are no daytime slices set.</p> <p>Press the add icon  to add a slice.</p>																										
<p>Select the day of the week, the start of the day slice, the end of the day slice and the operation mode.</p> <p>Operation Modes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ MCP ▪ MCP & HEAT ▪ MCP & HEAT & OPTO (LOW) ▪ MCP & HEAT & OPTO (NORMAL) ▪ MCP & HEAT & OPTO (HIGH) ▪ PER DEVICE SET UP <p>Press the tick  to accept.</p>																										
<p>The screen shows the programmed day slice(s).</p> <p>Press the add icon  to add a slice, or press exit icon  if all slices are entered.</p>	 <table border="1" data-bbox="810 992 1358 1216"> <thead> <tr> <th>Slices</th> <th>Day</th> <th>Start</th> <th>Stop</th> <th>Mode</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Monday</td> <td>09:00</td> <td>17:00</td> <td>MCP & HEAT & OPTO(NORMAL)</td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Slices	Day	Start	Stop	Mode	1	Monday	09:00	17:00	MCP & HEAT & OPTO(NORMAL)															
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<p>When there are more than 4 slices programmed, the panel displays up  /down  scroll arrows in order to view the other slices.</p>	 <table border="1" data-bbox="810 1368 1358 1592"> <thead> <tr> <th>Slices</th> <th>Day</th> <th>Start</th> <th>Stop</th> <th>Mode</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Monday</td> <td>09:00</td> <td>17:00</td> <td>MCP & HEAT & OPTO(NORMAL)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Tuesday</td> <td>09:00</td> <td>17:00</td> <td>MCP & HEAT & OPTO(NORMAL)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Wednesday</td> <td>09:00</td> <td>17:00</td> <td>MCP & HEAT & OPTO(NORMAL)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Thursday</td> <td>09:00</td> <td>17:00</td> <td>MCP & HEAT & OPTO(NORMAL)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Slices	Day	Start	Stop	Mode	1	Monday	09:00	17:00	MCP & HEAT & OPTO(NORMAL)	2	Tuesday	09:00	17:00	MCP & HEAT & OPTO(NORMAL)	3	Wednesday	09:00	17:00	MCP & HEAT & OPTO(NORMAL)	4	Thursday	09:00	17:00	MCP & HEAT & OPTO(NORMAL)
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4	Thursday	09:00	17:00	MCP & HEAT & OPTO(NORMAL)																						
<p>To edit a slice, tap that slice so that it is highlighted yellow, and then press the delete icon .</p> <p>Press the add icon  to add a replacement slice if required.</p>	 <table border="1" data-bbox="810 1749 1358 1973"> <thead> <tr> <th>Slices</th> <th>Day</th> <th>Start</th> <th>Stop</th> <th>Mode</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Monday</td> <td>09:00</td> <td>17:00</td> <td>MCP & HEAT & OPTO(NORMAL)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Tuesday</td> <td>09:00</td> <td>17:00</td> <td>MCP & HEAT & OPTO(NORMAL)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Wednesday</td> <td>09:00</td> <td>17:00</td> <td>MCP & HEAT & OPTO(NORMAL)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Thursday</td> <td>09:00</td> <td>17:00</td> <td>MCP & HEAT & OPTO(NORMAL)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Slices	Day	Start	Stop	Mode	1	Monday	09:00	17:00	MCP & HEAT & OPTO(NORMAL)	2	Tuesday	09:00	17:00	MCP & HEAT & OPTO(NORMAL)	3	Wednesday	09:00	17:00	MCP & HEAT & OPTO(NORMAL)	4	Thursday	09:00	17:00	MCP & HEAT & OPTO(NORMAL)
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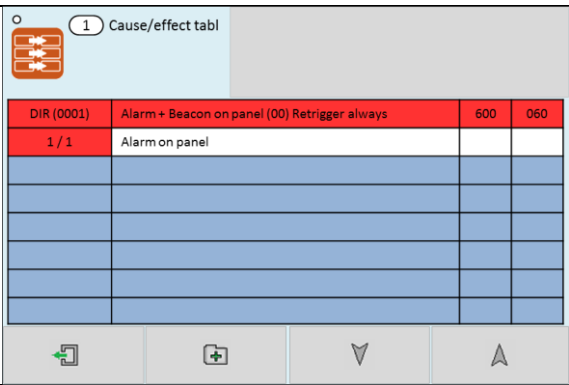
<p>When finished, press the exit icon . The panel will ask if you want to save the changes.</p> <p>Press tick  to save the changes, or press  to discard.</p>	
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Setting Day-Time and Night-Time Delays

The day and night time delays are set through the cause and effect programming.

<p>Enter the required cause (as described in the Cause and Effect section).</p>	
<p>When the panel asks for the output effect, enter the day time delay in the first delay field. The delay is entered in seconds. The maximum delay is 600 seconds (10 minutes).</p> <p>If no night time delay is needed, set the night time delay to Zero in the second field.</p>	
<p>If a night time delay is needed (e.g. to allow security staff to investigate an alarm), a delay can be entered into the night time delay field.</p>	

Press the tick  to save the changes. The panel shows the cause & effect table, with the daytime delay & night time delays shown in the last 2 columns.

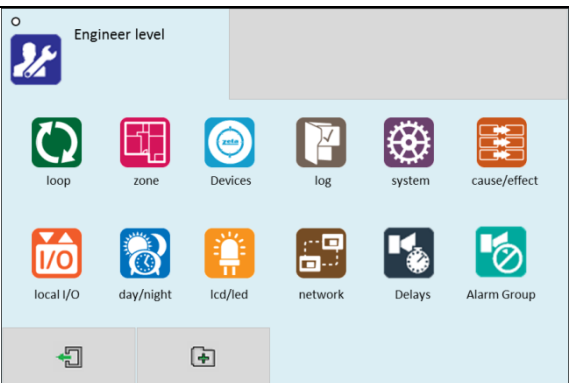


DIR (0001)	Alarm + Beacon on panel (00) Retrigger always	600	060
1 / 1	Alarm on panel		

Setting Day-Time and Night-Time Detector Sensitivity

The day and night time detector sensitivities are set through the Device options screen.

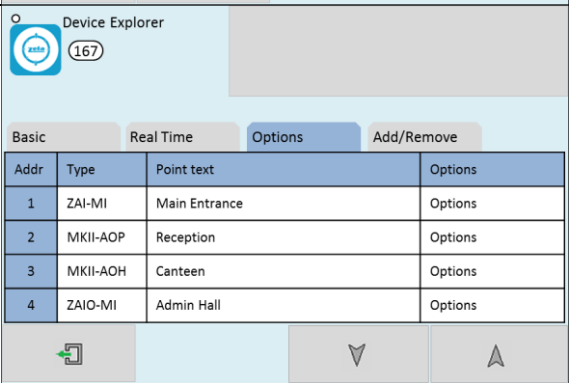
Go to the engineer menu, and select the “Devices” icon.



Select the Option tab. The panel displays the Options table. Press the Options field of the device to be edited.

Note that only the following detectors can have their day/night mode settings altered:-

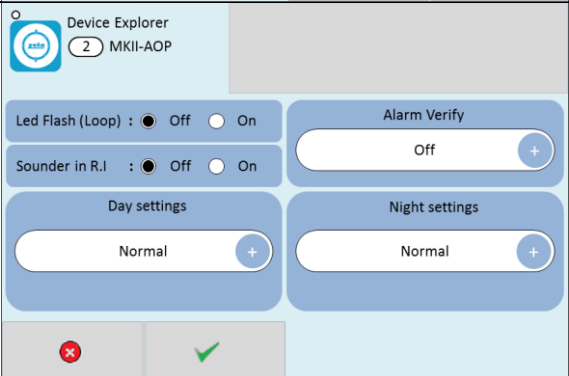
- HEAT CS: Heat Detector (Fixed)
- HEAT A1S: Heat Detector (RoR)
- OPT STANDARD: Optical Smoke Detector
- OPTO HEAT: Optical Smoke & Heat Detector

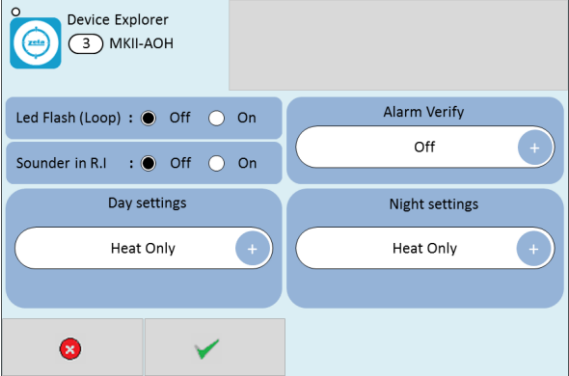
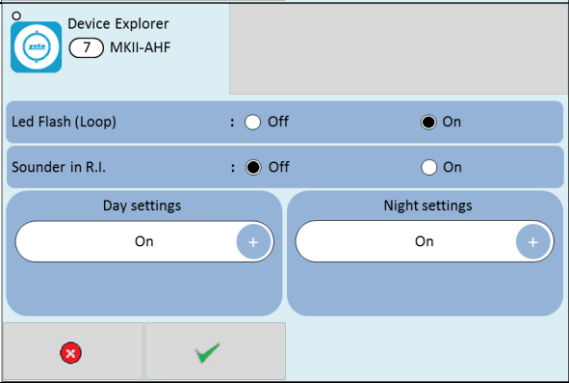


Addr	Type	Point text	Options
1	ZAI-MI	Main Entrance	Options
2	MKII-AOP	Reception	Options
3	MKII-AOH	Canteen	Options
4	ZAIO-MI	Admin Hall	Options

For the OPT STANDARD (Optical Smoke Detector), the sensitivity can be set to Normal, High, Off or Low.

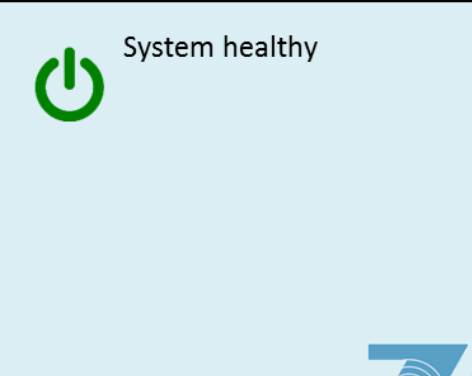
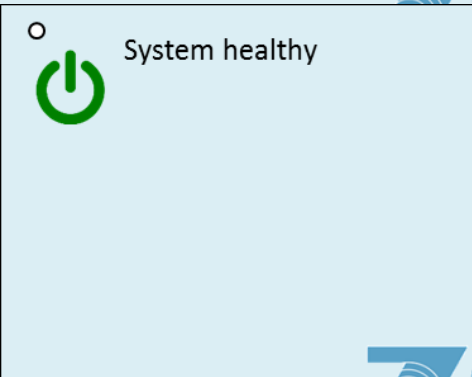
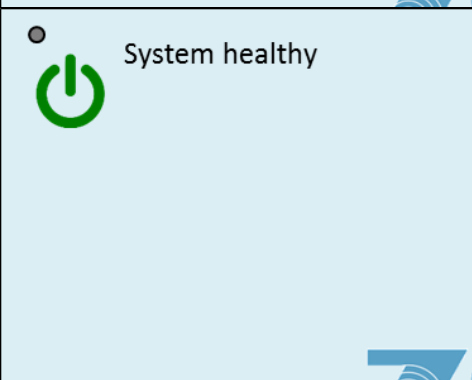
There can be different settings for day-time & night-time.



<p>For the OPTO HEAT (Optical Smoke & Heat Detector), the settings can be set to Normal, High, Off, Low and Heat Only.</p> <p>There can be different settings for day-time & night-time.</p>	
<p>For the MKII-AHF (Fixed Heat Detector) and the MKII-AHR (RoR Heat Detector), the heat sensor can be set to either OFF or ON.</p> <p><i>(Note: Setting to OFF will program the detector to not react to any rise in temperatures. Useful in places that run hot machinery at certain times of day)</i></p>	

Indication of Day/Night Mode

The panel indicates its current operating mode by means of a circle in the top left corner of the LCD.

<p>No Day / Night timer set.</p> <p>No circle in top left corner.</p>		 <p>System healthy</p>
<p>Day / Night timer set. Panel in Day Mode.</p> <p>White circle in top left corner.</p>		 <p>System healthy</p>
<p>Day / Night timer set. Panel in Night Mode.</p> <p>Black bar in top left corner.</p>		 <p>System healthy</p>

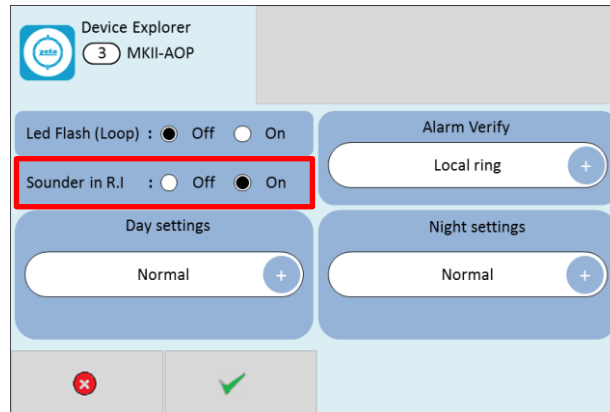
Alarm Verification

The panel is equipped with an Alarm verification feature that is used to reduce unwanted false alarms. If alarm verification is selected, an addressable smoke detector's alarm is ignored for a Retard time of up to 225 seconds and the detector's alarm condition is automatically reset. There will be no alarm indication at the Smart Connect Multi-loop panel during the Retard period, only an indication that an alarm is being verified. A warning timer can be set to between 5-60 seconds before the end of retard period that will restart the verification sounder if the smoke detector is still at an alarm level. This gives the occupants an early warning that the detector is still at the alarm level, and that a full alarm would be triggered soon. A confirmation period that is configurable of a time between 30-300 seconds follows, during which a subsequent alarm from the same detector will cause the panel to immediately activate the appropriate outputs and indicate the alarm condition at the panel. If a different detector or device alarms at any time during the first detector's verification period, the panel will immediately activate all appropriate outputs and indicate the alarm condition. If no additional detector alarms occur within the entire alarm verification period (retard time plus confirmation time), the timer resets and the panel is ready to verify any new detector alarms which may occur.

Associating a Sounder with a Detector

To avoid the need for extensive cause and effects where each detector is programmed to operate one sounder, the Smart Connect Multi-loop associates a sounder to a detector in the following ways:

1. An addressable smoke detector can have a sandwich sounder (MKII-SSB) fitted, running in "remote LED triggered" mode. If the Remote LED option is selected, the panel will associate that platform sounder with the detector.
2. If the remote LED option is not selected, the panel can associate an addressable sounder at the next address to that detector. E.g. detector at address 7, sounder at address 8. This option can be used with wireless devices, for example, where a remote LED triggered sandwich sounder is not available.

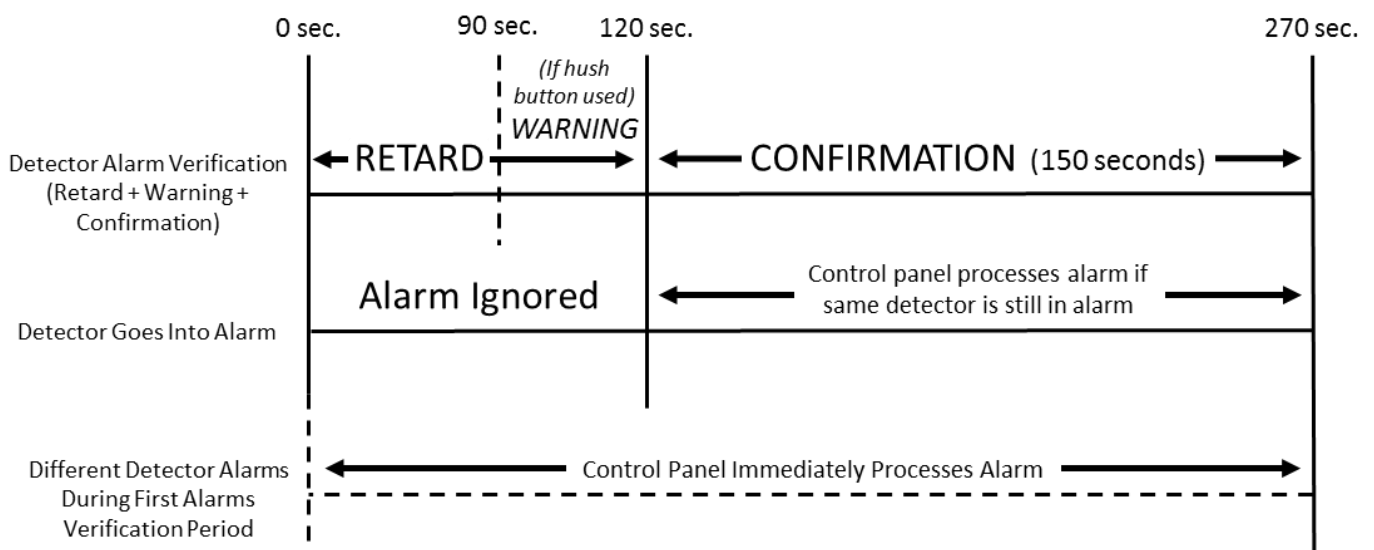


Options for Triggering Sounders during Verification

Verification can be set on a per device basis, and can be set to:

1. Off (No verification for this device)
2. No Ring (Verification on, but no sounders will ring)
3. Local ring (Verification on, and will ring just the one sounder associated with the detector in alarm)
4. Zone Ring (Verification on, and will ring all sounders in the zone of the detector in alarm)

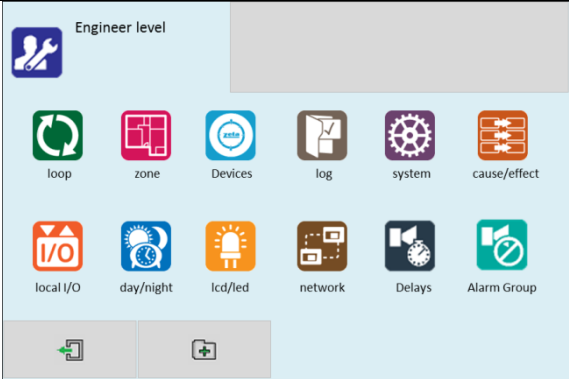
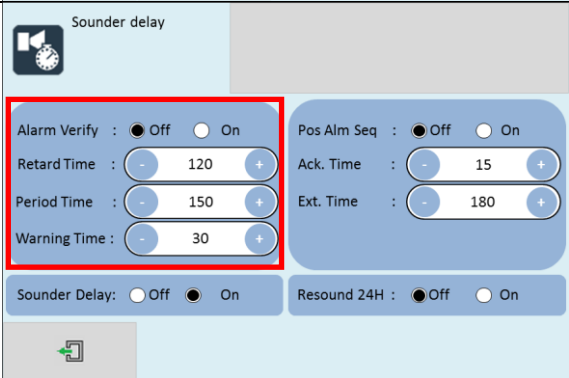
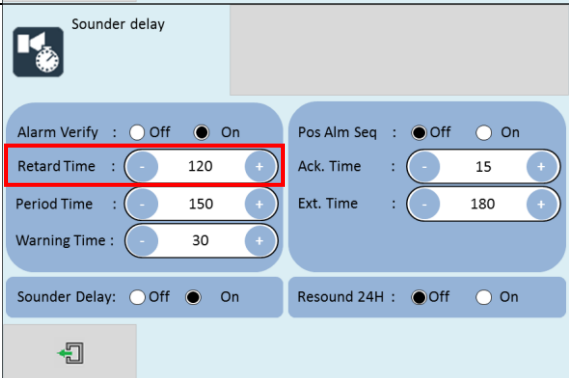
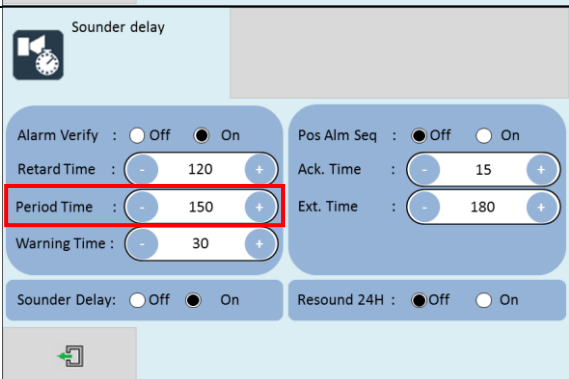
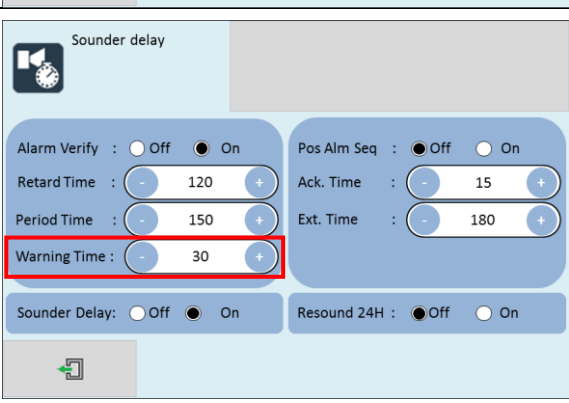
Alarm Verification Timing Diagram




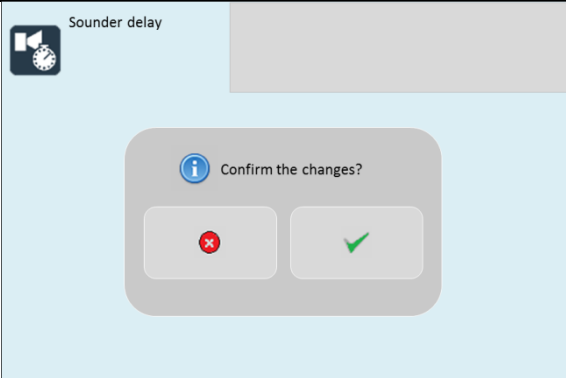
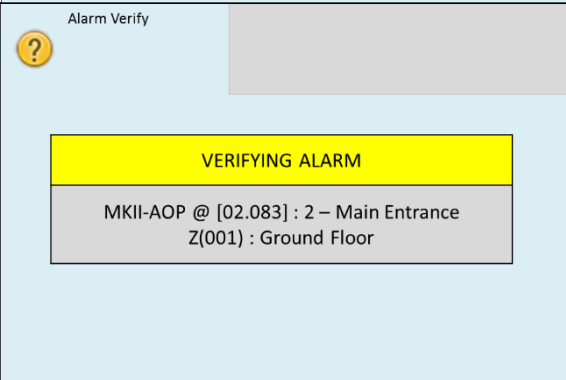
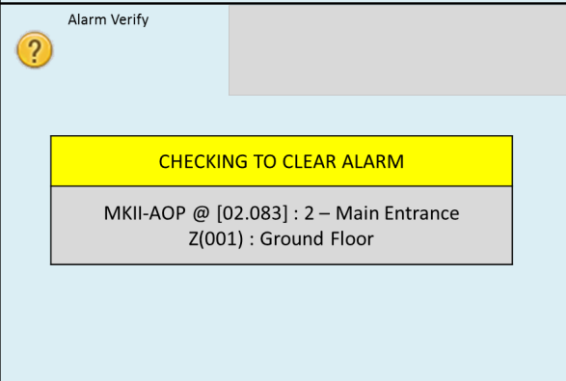
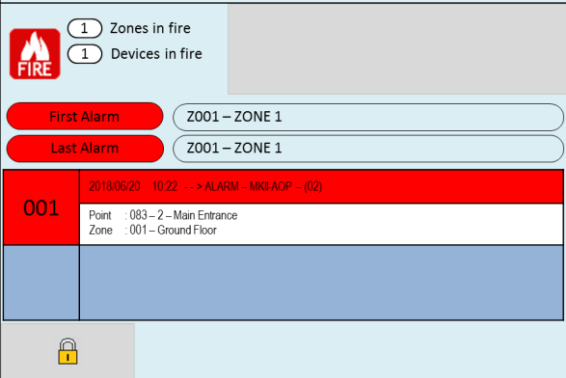


NOTE: Alarm Verification is available only for addressable smoke detectors. It cannot be used with addressable heat detectors, or any conventional detectors.

Alarm Verification Setup

Alarm verification can be set up as follows:

<p>Go to the engineer menu, and select the 'Delays' icon.</p>	
<p>The panel shows the Delays screen.</p> <p>See the "Alarm Verify" with Off & On options.</p> <p>Select ON to enable, or select OFF to keep the alarm verification disabled.</p>	
<p>The 'Retard Time' is the duration that the alarm signal is initially delayed and can be configured between 30-225 seconds.</p> <p>To change the time, press either the + or – button to increase or decrease the timer.</p> <p>You can also type in the number via the panel numerical keyboard. To do this press on the timer field, then type in the required zone number and press the green tick to confirm.</p>	
<p>The 'Period Time' is the confirmation time after the delay and can be configured between 30-300 seconds.</p> <p>To change the time, press either the + or – button to increase or decrease the zone number.</p> <p>You can also type in the number via the panel numerical keyboard. To do this press on the zone number field, then type in the required zone number and press the green tick to confirm.</p>	
<p>The 'Warning Time' is used in conjunction with a hush button (see section below). If a verification sounder has been silenced with a hush button, the warning timer can be set to between 5-60 seconds. The verification sounder will be reactivated at the set time before the end of the 'Retard Time' if the detector is still at an alarm level.</p> <p>To change the time, press either the + or – button to increase or decrease the zone number.</p> <p>You can also type in the number via the panel numerical keyboard. To do this press on the zone number field,</p>	

<p>then type in the required zone number and press the green tick to confirm.</p>	
<p>When finished, press the exit icon  . The panel will ask if you want to save the changes.</p> <p>Press tick  to save the changes, or press  to discard.</p>	
<p>When a smoke detector has entered the alarm verification sequence, the panel will display an onscreen message to indicate that an alarm is currently being verified accompanied with a zone and device address.</p> <p>At the same time, the smoke detector that is currently in the alarm verification sequence will light up its alarm LED's while it is in the RETARD phase. Any verification sounders will be activated.</p> <p>The panel will record this verification event and store it in the event log.</p>	
<p>When the detector is in the confirmation phase (period time), the detector alarm LED's will turn off and the panel will begin processing if the same detector is still in an alarm state for the selected time duration.</p>	
<p>If the detector is still in the alarm state, the panel will enter the ALARM condition.</p> <p>If the detector is no longer in the alarm state, the panel will clear the alarm verification screen and return to quiescent (normal) condition.</p>	



NOTE: In a networked system, any verification settings applied to one panel will be applied to all the panels on the network.

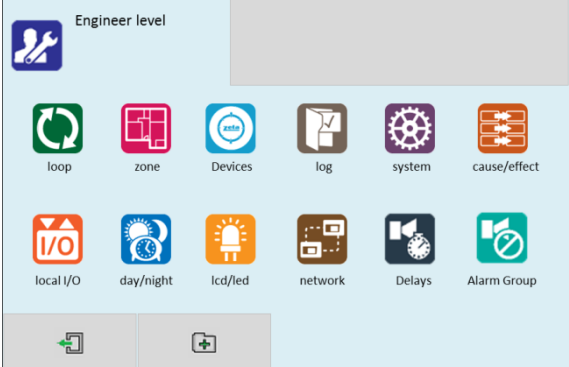
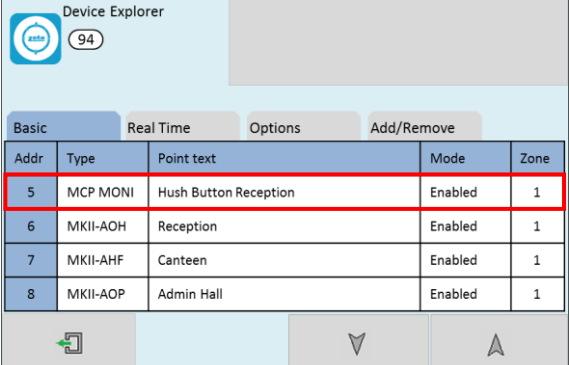
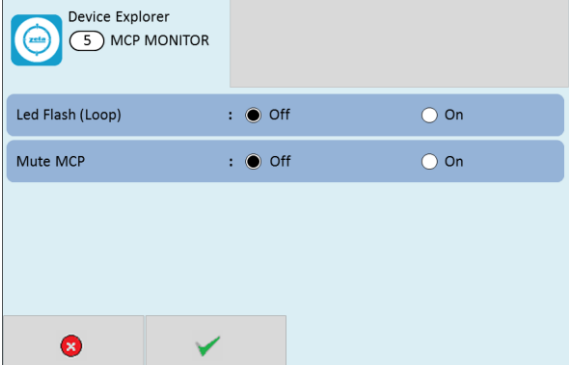

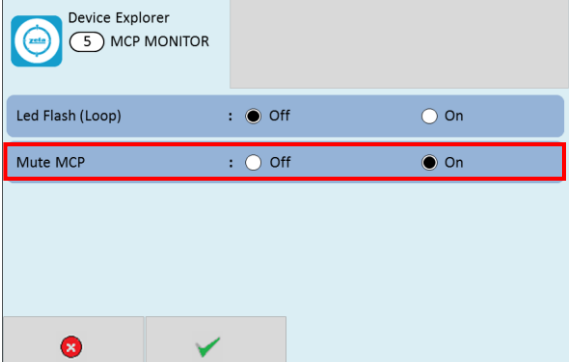
The alarm verification onscreen message will show on all networked panels that have been set to show global events.




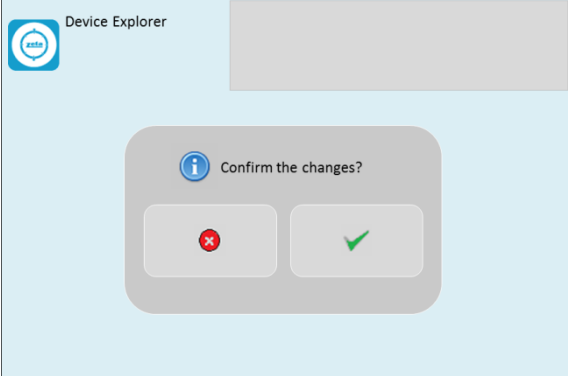
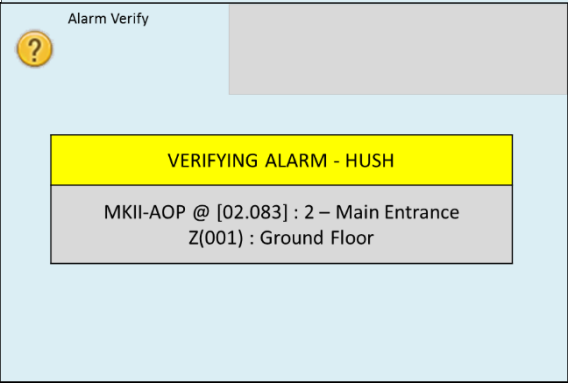
Hush Button

The Smart Connect Multi-loop allows for a call point monitor module to be set as a hush button. If a detector has started verification, and a sounder operates, pressing the hush button for 3 seconds* will turn off the verification sounder. Then after the retard (verification) time, the sounders will either restart if detector still showing an alarm, or stay off if it is showing normal (warning time).

***NOTE:** Remote LED triggered sandwich sounders, and wireless sounders may take a little more than 3 seconds to silence.

A hush button can be set up as follows:

<p>Go to the engineer menu, and select the 'Devices' icon.</p>																										
<p>Locate the device that is to be used as a hush button from the devices list.</p> <p>NOTE: The SMM/C and ZT-CP3/AD devices both have the capability to be used as a hush button. However it is recommended that a SMM/C that is connected to a momentary switch is used as a hush button.</p>	 <table border="1" data-bbox="798 1064 1369 1238"> <thead> <tr> <th>Addr</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Point text</th> <th>Mode</th> <th>Zone</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr style="border: 2px solid red;"> <td>5</td> <td>MCP MONI</td> <td>Hush Button Reception</td> <td>Enabled</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>MKII-AOH</td> <td>Reception</td> <td>Enabled</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>MKII-AHF</td> <td>Canteen</td> <td>Enabled</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8</td> <td>MKII-AOP</td> <td>Admin Hall</td> <td>Enabled</td> <td>1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Addr	Type	Point text	Mode	Zone	5	MCP MONI	Hush Button Reception	Enabled	1	6	MKII-AOH	Reception	Enabled	1	7	MKII-AHF	Canteen	Enabled	1	8	MKII-AOP	Admin Hall	Enabled	1
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7	MKII-AHF	Canteen	Enabled	1																						
8	MKII-AOP	Admin Hall	Enabled	1																						
<p>Select the options tab and at the top of the device explorer table, and then select the options field for the hush button device.</p> <p>This will open the device options screen.</p>																										
<p>Change the 'Mute MCP' option to ON, and then press  to confirm the option changes.</p>																										

<p>When finished, press the exit icon . The panel will ask if you want to save the changes.</p> <p>Press tick  to save the changes, or press  to discard.</p>	
<p>When a detector is triggered and enters alarm verification, use the programmed hush button to silence the verification sounder. The hush button will need to be pressed for 3 seconds.</p> <p>The Smart Connect Multi-loop will display an on-screen notification that the verification sounder has been hushed.</p>	

Multiple Detector Operation

The panel is equipped to satisfy those who require a Multiple Detector Operation feature that is used to reduce unwanted false alarms. If a multiple detector operation has been programmed, the panel will require the activation to two automatic detection devices before it will enter the alarm condition. If a manual detection device is activated, then the panel will immediately enter the alarm condition.





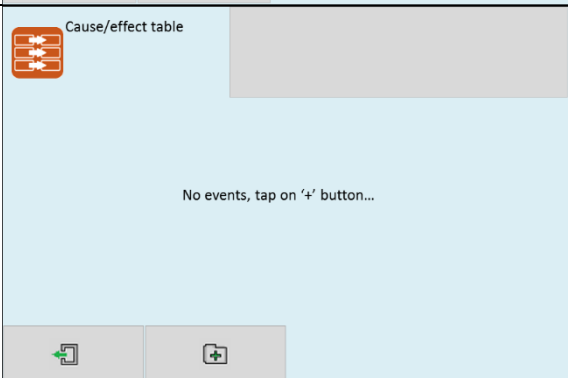
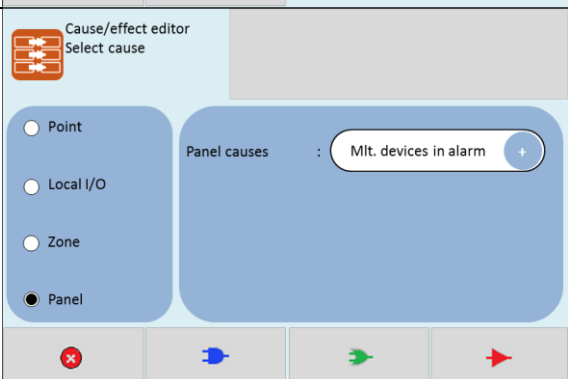

NOTE: Multiple detector operation should not be used with detectors that are also using the Alarm Verification feature.

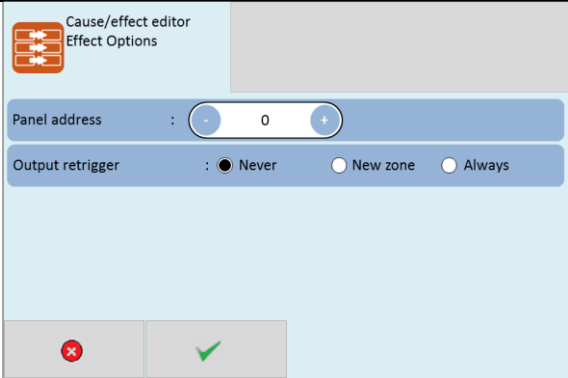

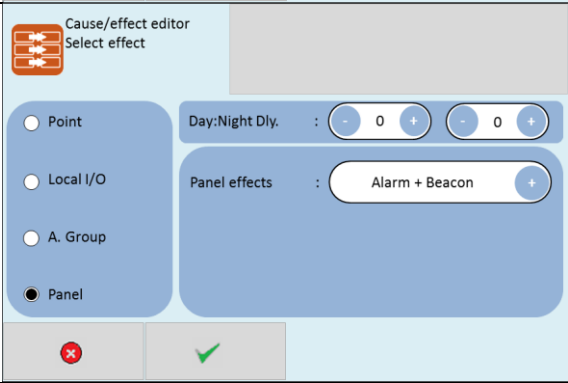
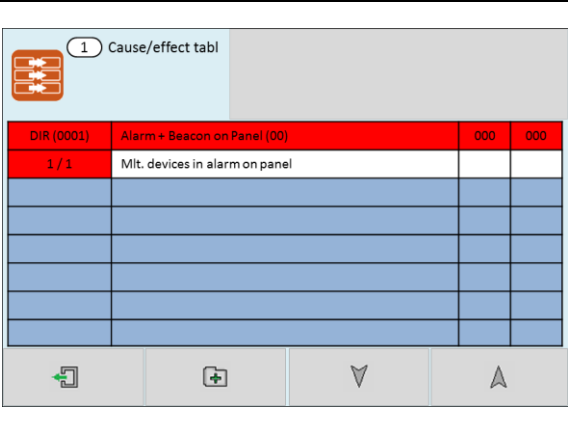



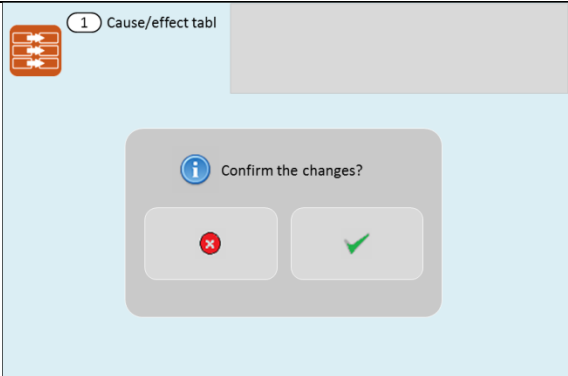


NOTE: Multiple detector operation should only be used on automatic addressable devices.

Multiple Detector Operation Setup

Multiple detector operation can be set up as follows:

<p>Go to the engineer menu, and select the 'Cause/Effect' icon.</p>	
<p>The cause and effect table screen will be shown. Press the  button to create a new cause and effect.</p>	
<p>The panel displays the 'select cause' screen; choose the cause type (Zone or Panel). A list of sub options will be displayed. For a multi detector operation, select the cause 'Mlt. devices in alarm'.</p>	
<p>Select the 'DIRECT' cause icon.</p>	

<p>After selecting the input cause, the panel displays a screen to select the following effect options:</p> <p><u>Panel address:</u> Leave as zero if the output effect is on this local panel, otherwise set to the network address of the destination panel.</p> <p><u>Output retrigger:</u> This defines whether the sounders will resound from a new alarm if they had been previously silenced.</p>																									
<p>Select the output type (Point, Local I/O, zone or Panel). Depending on the OUTPUT type chosen, the panel will display a list of sub options. For more information on output options see the Cause & effect section of this manual.</p> <p>For this example we will select 'Panel (Alarm + Beacon)' as the effect.</p> <p>Press the  to confirm the selections.</p>																									
<p>The panel shows the Programmed cause and effect.</p> <p>It shows:</p> <p>First row</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Event type (Direct, AND, OR), and entry number The programmed output (effect) Day time delay (seconds) Night time delay (seconds) <p>Second row</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input number & number of inputs (for And & OR statements) <p>The programmed input (cause)</p>	 <table border="1" data-bbox="746 884 1316 1198"> <thead> <tr> <th>DIR (0001)</th> <th>Alarm + Beacon on Panel (00)</th> <th>000</th> <th>000</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1 / 1</td> <td>Mlt. devices in alarm on panel</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	DIR (0001)	Alarm + Beacon on Panel (00)	000	000	1 / 1	Mlt. devices in alarm on panel																		
DIR (0001)	Alarm + Beacon on Panel (00)	000	000																						
1 / 1	Mlt. devices in alarm on panel																								
<p>When finished, press the exit icon . The panel will ask if you want to save the changes.</p> <p>Press tick  to save the changes, or press  to discard.</p> <p>Multiple detector operation will now be programmed, and ready for testing.</p>																									

When using multiple detector operation in an area, the system design should allow for a minimum of two detectors in that area.

Above is just an example of how multiple detector operation can be achieved on a Smart Connect Multi-loop system. Ensure that when multiple detector operation is used, that it complies with BS5839-1:2017 recommendations and requirements.

Positive Alarm Sequence

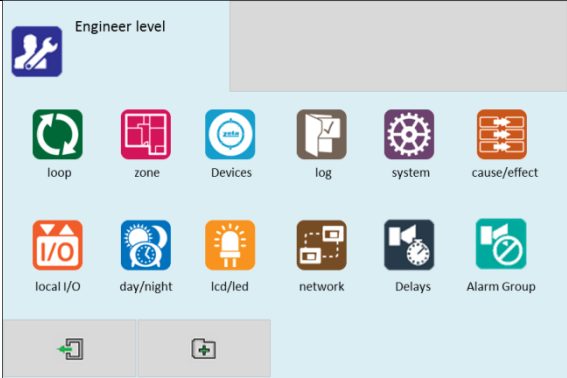
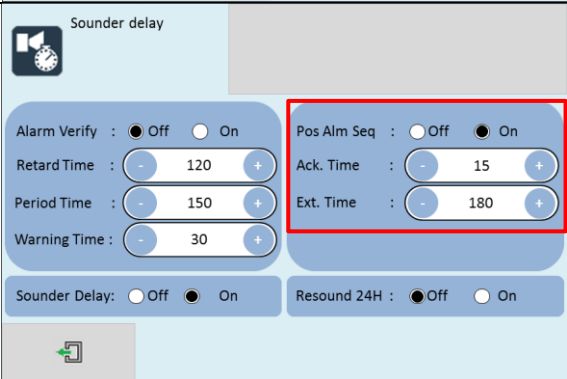
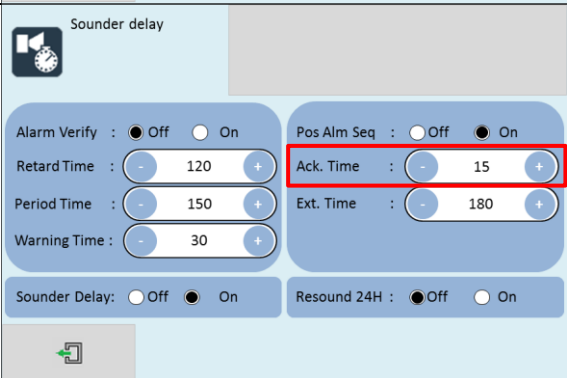
The Smart Connect Multi-loop is equipped with a positive alarm sequence that will program a delay to sounders, relays and auxiliaries for a period of between **1-15 seconds**. When an alarm event is received and “Silence Buzzer” is pressed, it will silence the piezo sounder and start a timer which will prevent activation of these outputs for an additional time duration which can be user programmed between **1-180 seconds**. After the programmed delay, if the source of the alarm is not cleared, all the outputs will activate. If an alarm event is received and “Silence Buzzer” or “Reset” is not pressed during the first time delay of 15 seconds, then all the appropriate outputs will be activated. If a second alarm occurs during either time delays, or if a manual alarm device is activated, this will immediately cause the activation of the appropriate outputs.

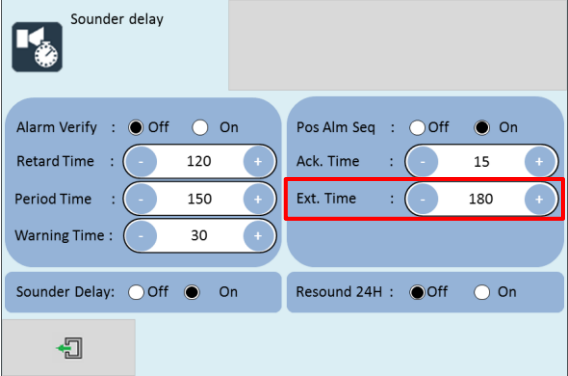



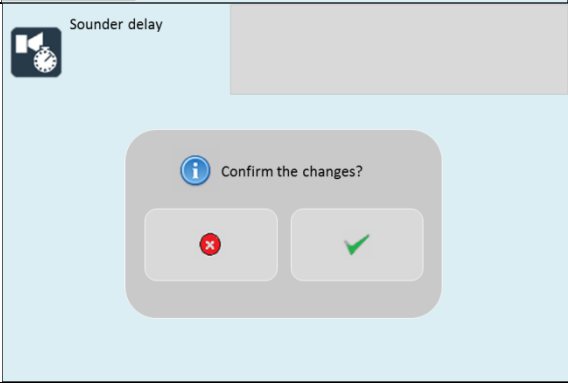


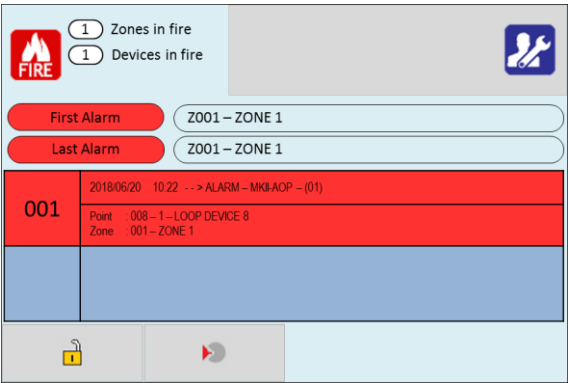


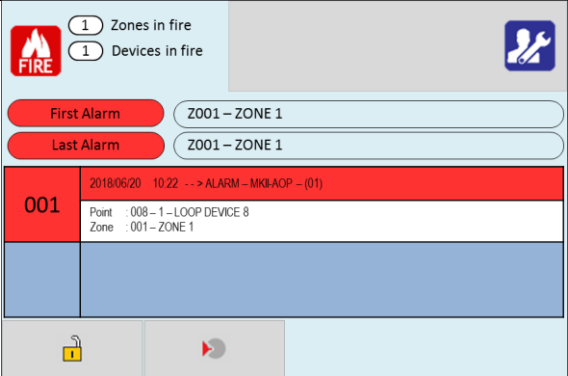


NOTE: Positive alarm sequence can only be used for alarm signals from automatic detection devices.

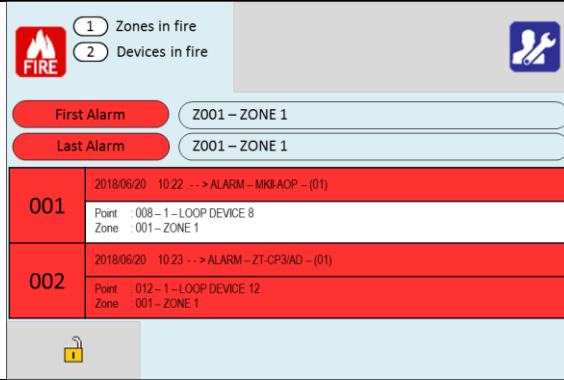
Positive Alarm Sequence Setup

Positive alarm sequence can be set up as follows:

<p>Go to the engineer menu, and select the Delays Icon</p>	
<p>The panel shows the Delays screen.</p> <p>See the “Pos Alm Seq” with Off & On options.</p> <p>Select ON to enable, or select OFF to keep the positive alarm sequence disabled.</p>	
<p>The ‘Ack. Time’ is the duration of the first time delay and can be configured between 1-15 seconds.</p> <p>To change the time, press either the + or – button to increase or decrease the zone number.</p> <p>You can also type in the number via the onscreen numerical keyboard, to do this press on the zone number field. Type in the required zone number and press the green tick to confirm.</p>	

<p>The 'Ext. Time' is the duration of the second time delay and can be configured between 1-180 seconds.</p> <p>To change the time, press either the + or – button to increase or decrease the zone number.</p> <p>You can also type in the number via the onscreen numerical keyboard, to do this press on the zone number field. Type in the required zone number and press the green tick to confirm.</p>	
<p>When finished, press the exit icon . The panel will ask if you want to save the changes.</p> <p>Press tick  to save the changes, or press  to discard.</p>	
<p>When an alarm from an automatic device is received, the first delay timer will start. The alarm status buzzer will need to be silenced (by pressing “Silence Buzzer”) in order to start the secondary delay timer. When the alarm event buzzer has been silenced, it will become ‘Acknowledged’ and will change from flashing red to a solid white colour.</p> <p>If the alarm is not ‘acknowledged’ or reset during the first time delay of 15 seconds (ACK. Time), all the appropriate outputs will be activated</p> <p>If the delay needs to be overridden, then press the  icon to cancel the delay and immediately activate the programmed outputs. When a delay has been overridden, the icon will change to .</p>	
<p>During the secondary delay timer, if the alarm is not reset (by pressing the “Reset” button) during the time delay of 180 seconds (Ext. time), all the appropriate outputs will be activated.</p> <p>If the delay needs to be overridden, then press the  icon to cancel the delay and immediately activate the programmed outputs. When a delay has been overridden, the icon will change to .</p>	

A second alarm indication during any of the delays, or if a manual alarm is activated, will immediately cause the activation of the appropriate outputs.



Pre-Signal

The panel is equipped with a means of setting up a Pre-signal where the operation of an automatic detector or initial operation of manual station will only activate selected devices for the purpose of notifying key personnel who then have the option of initiating a general alarm. Any subsequent actuation of an alarm initiating device from a different zone on the system will result in the activation of a general alarm.

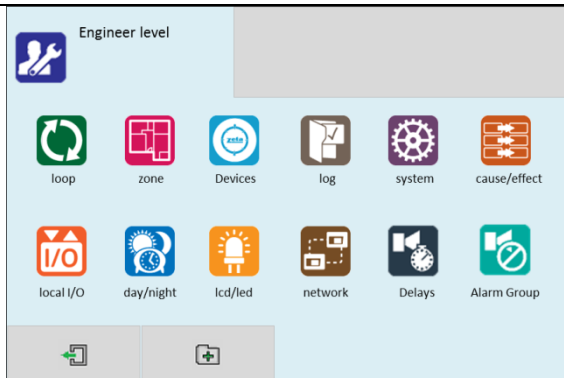



NOTE: *PRE-SIGNAL shall only be used when the panel is constantly monitored by an Operator.*

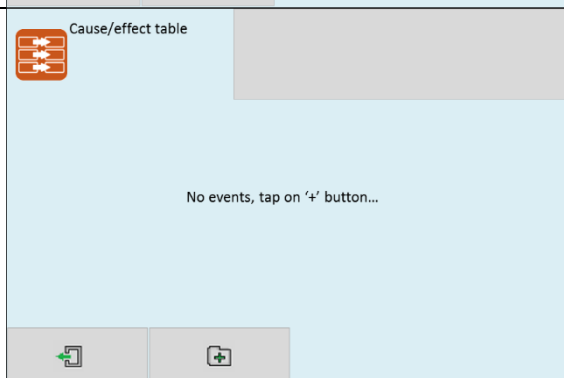
Pre-Signal Setup

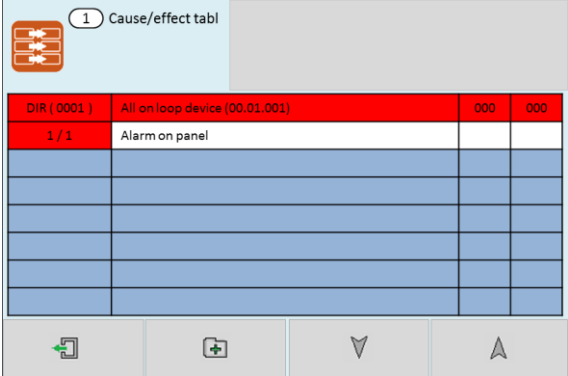
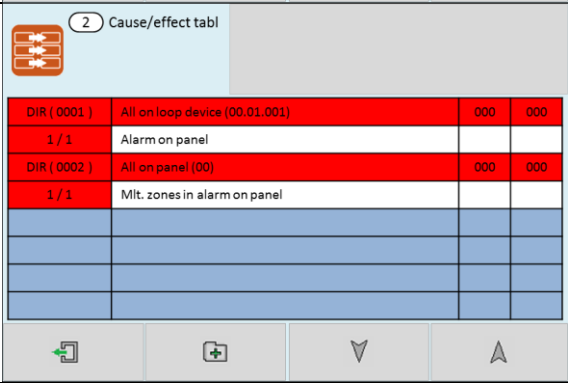
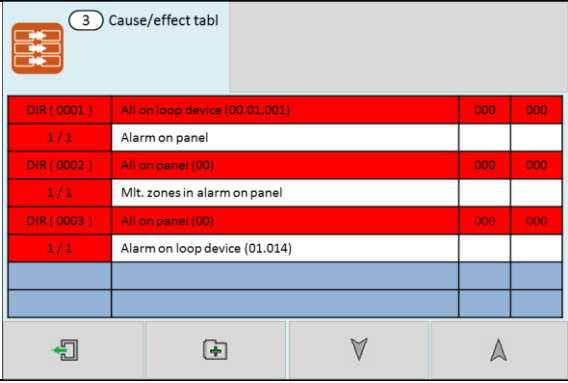
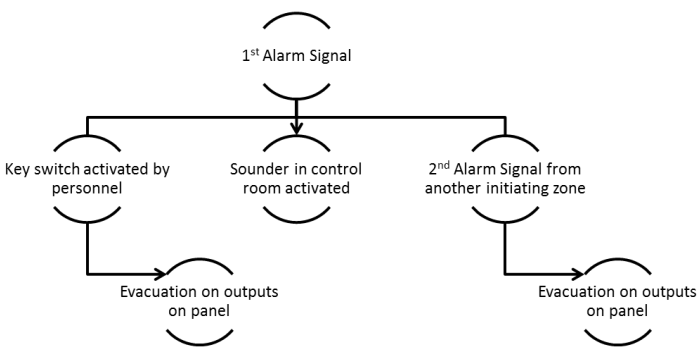



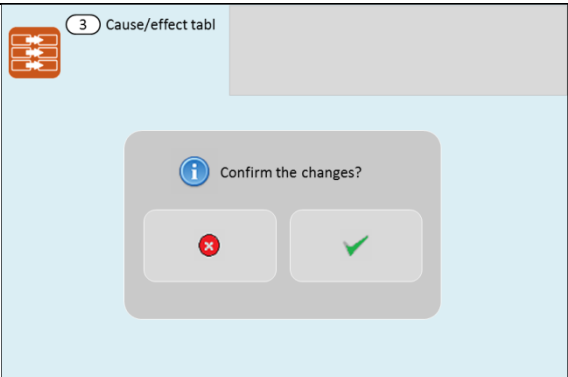
Below is just an example of how pre-signal can be achieved on a Smart Connect Multi-loop system. Ensure that when pre-alarm operation is used, that it complies with BS5839-1:2017 recommendations and requirements.

Go to the engineer menu, and select the 'Cause/Effect' icon.



The cause and effect table screen will be shown. Press the  button to create a new cause and effect.



<p>The first cause and effect that will need to be programmed is to turn on a sounder device that will notify key personnel during any alarm signal (normally located in the same room as the panel).</p> <p>For this example we will use a MKII-SSB (<i>Addressable Sandwich Sounder base</i>) at address Loop:1 Point:1</p> <p><i>For more information on how to add cause and effects, refer to the Cause and Effect Section.</i></p>	
<p>Next, we will add a cause and effect that will ensure that a subsequent activation of alarm detection devices on another zone of the system shall result in the activation of all the outputs.</p>	
<p>Finally, in this example we will use a key switch connected to a ZAI-MI (<i>Addressable Input Module</i>) at address Loop: 1 Point 2, to allow manual activation of the general alarm evacuation signal.</p>	
<p>This flow chart is a breakdown of the pre-signal operation that has been programmed into the panel cause & effects.</p>	
<p>When finished, press the exit icon . The panel will ask if you want to save the changes.</p> <p>Press tick  to save the changes, or press  to discard.</p> <p>Multiple detector operation will now be programmed, and ready for testing.</p>	

Disabling

To aid commissioning and assist routine maintenance checks, various functions of the Smart Connect Multi-loop system can be disabled. The panel allows disabling of Inputs in a zone, Outputs in an alarm group, individual devices and individual module ports.

Zone Disablement

The following options can be selected when disabling a zone:



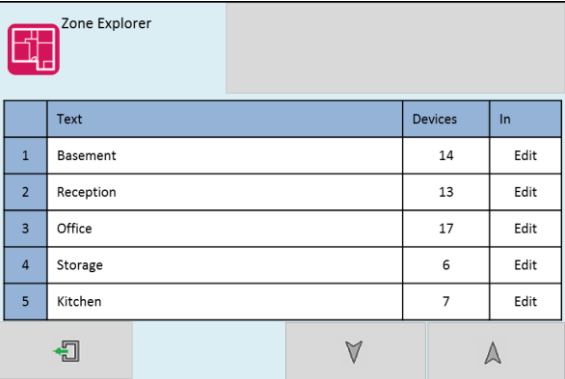



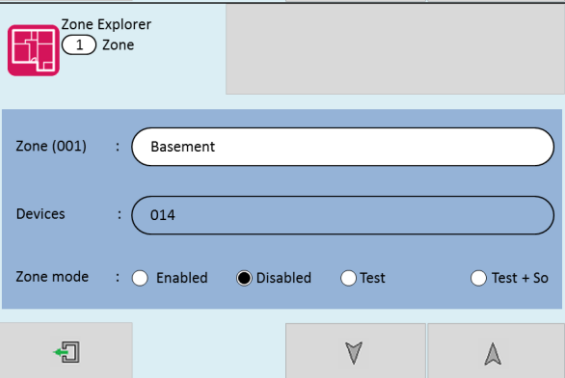



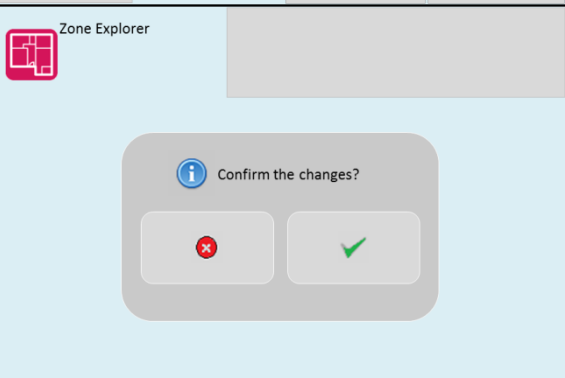
Disabled = the input devices in the zone **will not** trigger an alarm, tech. alarm, or fault signal.

Enabled = the input devices in the zone **will** trigger an alarm, tech. alarm, or fault signal.

This might be used if the system requires routine maintenance, and the user needs the rest of the system to continue running, but doesn't want spurious false alarms.

The panel will respond in the usual manner to any events in any non-disabled zones. Any number of zones can be disabled, but it is good practice to only disable one zone at a time.

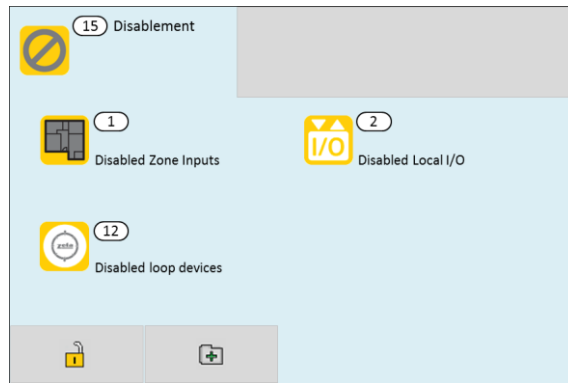
A zone can be disabled as follows:


<p>Enter the Engineer or User Password, Press the menu access icon .</p> <p>Select the zone icon  (The disabling function is available to engineer & users).</p> <p>The panel shows the Zone menu.</p> <p>To change the disablement options, press the "In" field.</p>	 <p>The screenshot shows the 'Zone Explorer' menu with a table of zones:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Text</th> <th>Devices</th> <th>In</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Basement</td> <td>14</td> <td>Edit</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Reception</td> <td>13</td> <td>Edit</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Office</td> <td>17</td> <td>Edit</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Storage</td> <td>6</td> <td>Edit</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>Kitchen</td> <td>7</td> <td>Edit</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Text	Devices	In	1	Basement	14	Edit	2	Reception	13	Edit	3	Office	17	Edit	4	Storage	6	Edit	5	Kitchen	7	Edit
	Text	Devices	In																						
1	Basement	14	Edit																						
2	Reception	13	Edit																						
3	Office	17	Edit																						
4	Storage	6	Edit																						
5	Kitchen	7	Edit																						
<p>This will display the zone options menu.</p> <p>Change the Zone mode to 'Disable' by pressing on the selection circle.</p> <p>The  and  icons can be used to scroll to other zone numbers. When finished press the exit icon .</p>	 <p>The screenshot shows the 'Zone Explorer' options menu for 'Zone 001' (Basement) with 014 devices. The 'Zone mode' is set to 'Disabled'.</p>																								
<p>The panel will return to the Zone Explorer menu.</p> <p>Select more zones to disable, or if finished, press the exit icon . The panel will ask if you want to save the changes.</p> <p>Press tick  to save the changes, or press  to discard.</p>	 <p>The screenshot shows a 'Confirm the changes?' dialog box with a red 'X' button and a green checkmark button.</p>																								

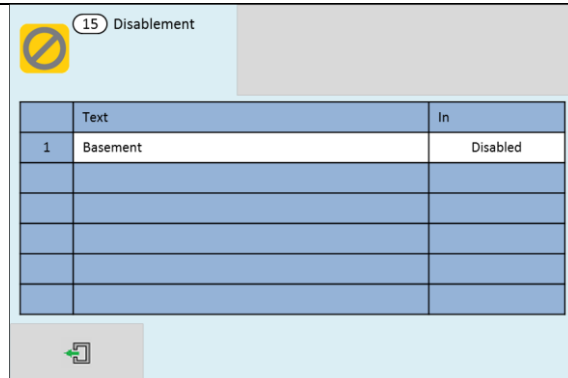
When zones have been disabled, the LCD display changes from SYSTEM NORMAL to Disablement/Test. The screen shows:-


- The number of zones disabled.
- The number of zones with just their inputs disabled.
- The total number of disabled devices in those zones.
- The number of module inputs/outputs disabled.

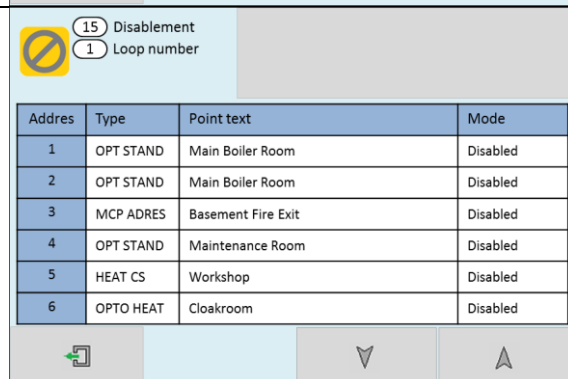
The General Disablement LED will be lit and also the zonal disablement LEDs will be lit for any zone that is fully disabled.
(The zonal disablement LEDs only apply to panels that have a ZLX PCB fitted).



Details of the disabled zones can be viewed by pressing the disabled zones icon .



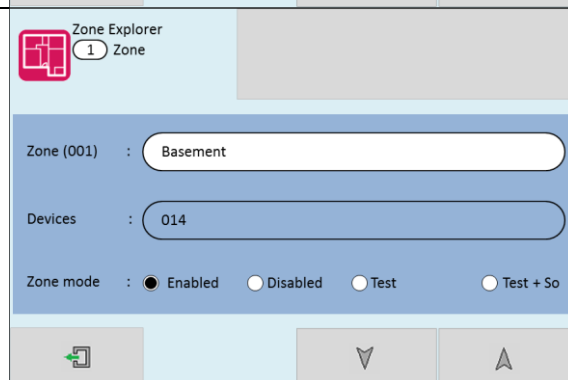
Details of the individual disabled loop devices can be viewed by pressing the disabled loop devices icon .



To re-enable a zone, use the same procedure, pressing the 'Enabled' selection circle.




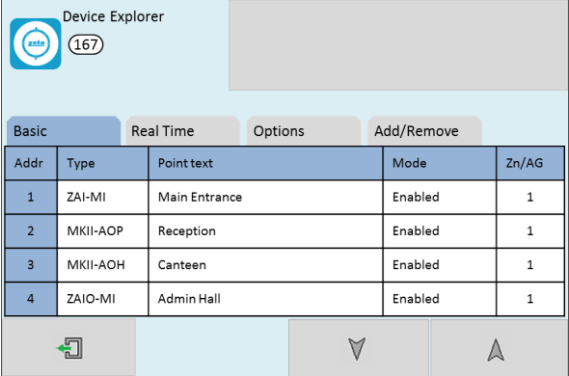

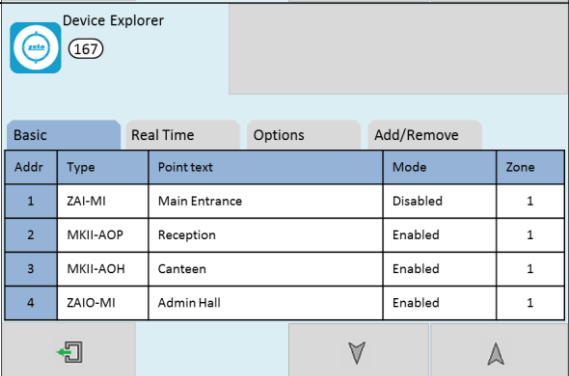
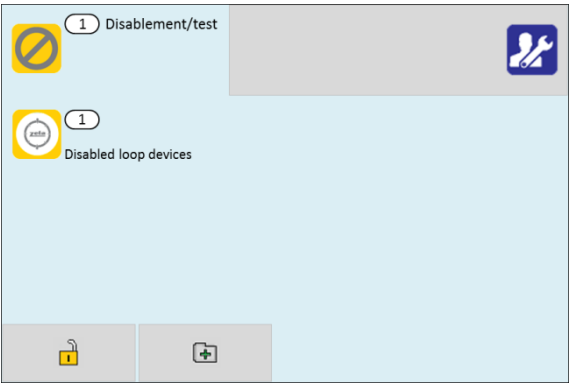

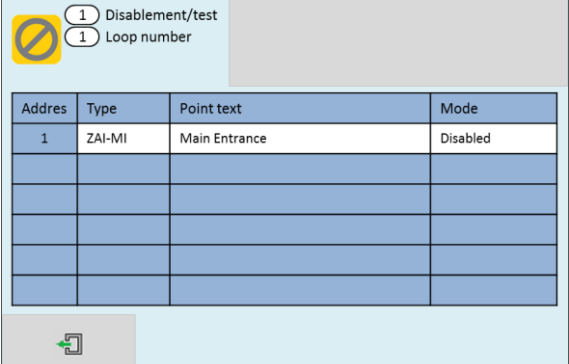
Zone Mode Options:-

- Enabled
- Disabled
- Test
- Test + Sounder

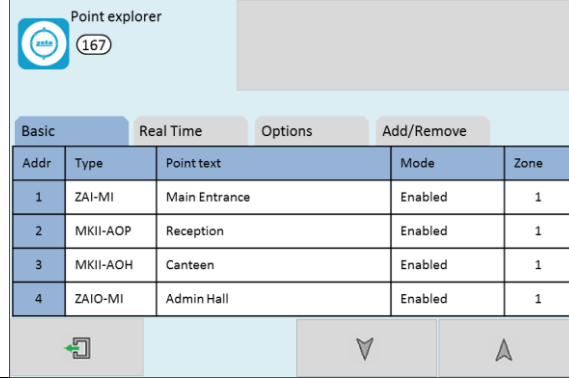


Loop Device Disablement

Rather than disable an entire zone, it is often useful to just disable one or more devices or points (detector, call point, interface or sounder) within a zone, especially if they are malfunctioning and likely to cause an unwanted alarm or repeatedly indicate a fault condition.



<p>Enter the Engineer  or User password , Press the menu access icon, and select the Device icon .</p> <p>(The disabling function is available to both engineer & user levels).</p> <p>The panel shows the Device Explorer menu.</p>	 <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Addr</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Point text</th> <th>Mode</th> <th>Zn/AG</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>ZAI-MI</td> <td>Main Entrance</td> <td>Enabled</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>MKII-AOP</td> <td>Reception</td> <td>Enabled</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>MKII-AOH</td> <td>Canteen</td> <td>Enabled</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>ZAI-MI</td> <td>Admin Hall</td> <td>Enabled</td> <td>1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Addr	Type	Point text	Mode	Zn/AG	1	ZAI-MI	Main Entrance	Enabled	1	2	MKII-AOP	Reception	Enabled	1	3	MKII-AOH	Canteen	Enabled	1	4	ZAI-MI	Admin Hall	Enabled	1
Addr	Type	Point text	Mode	Zn/AG																						
1	ZAI-MI	Main Entrance	Enabled	1																						
2	MKII-AOP	Reception	Enabled	1																						
3	MKII-AOH	Canteen	Enabled	1																						
4	ZAI-MI	Admin Hall	Enabled	1																						
<p>Press on the 'Mode' field for the device to be disabled.</p> <p>Select further devices to disable if necessary, and then press exit  to save.</p>	 <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Addr</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Point text</th> <th>Mode</th> <th>Zone</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>ZAI-MI</td> <td>Main Entrance</td> <td>Disabled</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>MKII-AOP</td> <td>Reception</td> <td>Enabled</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>MKII-AOH</td> <td>Canteen</td> <td>Enabled</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>ZAI-MI</td> <td>Admin Hall</td> <td>Enabled</td> <td>1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Addr	Type	Point text	Mode	Zone	1	ZAI-MI	Main Entrance	Disabled	1	2	MKII-AOP	Reception	Enabled	1	3	MKII-AOH	Canteen	Enabled	1	4	ZAI-MI	Admin Hall	Enabled	1
Addr	Type	Point text	Mode	Zone																						
1	ZAI-MI	Main Entrance	Disabled	1																						
2	MKII-AOP	Reception	Enabled	1																						
3	MKII-AOH	Canteen	Enabled	1																						
4	ZAI-MI	Admin Hall	Enabled	1																						
<p>When loop devices have been disabled, the LCD display changes from SYSTEM NORMAL to Disablement/Test, as shown.</p> <p>The screen shows the number of devices disabled.</p> <p>The General Disablement LED will be lit, but the zonal disablement LEDs will not light, unless all devices in that zone have been disabled.</p> <p>Note: If an input on a module is in the same zone as loop devices, the loop devices, and the module inputs will need to be disabled before the Zone disabled indication appears.</p>																										
<p>Details of the individual disabled loop devices can be viewed by pressing the 'Disabled loop devices' icon .</p>	 <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Address</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Point text</th> <th>Mode</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>ZAI-MI</td> <td>Main Entrance</td> <td>Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Address	Type	Point text	Mode	1	ZAI-MI	Main Entrance	Disabled																	
Address	Type	Point text	Mode																							
1	ZAI-MI	Main Entrance	Disabled																							

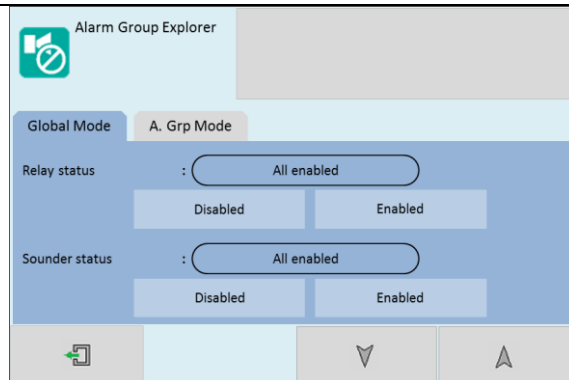
To re-enable a device, use the same procedure, pressing the 'Mode' field until it shows 'Enabled'.



Once a loop device is disabled, the panel ignores any alarm or fault generated by the device. If all devices in a zone are disabled, the panel will indicate a zone disablement. If subsequently one or more devices in that zone are re-enabled then the zone disablement indication will be automatically cancelled.

Alarm Group Disablement

Enter the Engineer or User Password, Press the menu access  icon, and select the Alarm group Icon  (The disabling function is available to engineer & users).
The panel shows the Alarm Group Explorer.



Global Mode Disablement

When Global mode is set to disabled, the panel will not activate any alarm group devices.

This might be used if the system requires routine maintenance, and the user needs the rest of the system to continue running, but doesn't want spurious sounder activations.


The panel will respond in the usual manner to any events in any non-disabled zones/alarm groups.



Global mode can be disabled, but it is good practice to only disable one alarm group at a time.

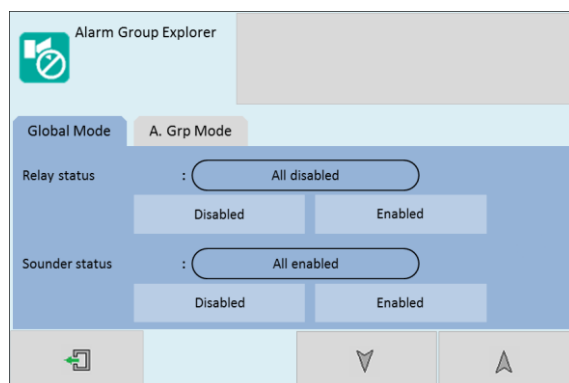
Global mode can be disabled as follows:

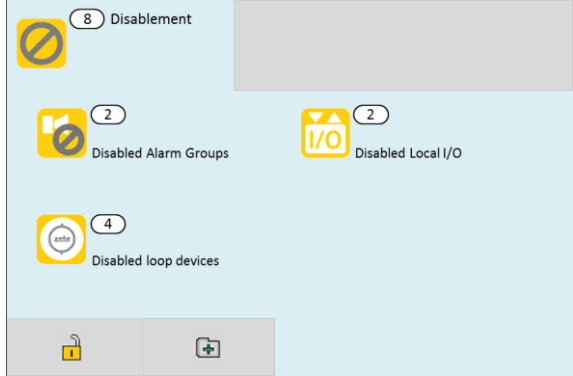



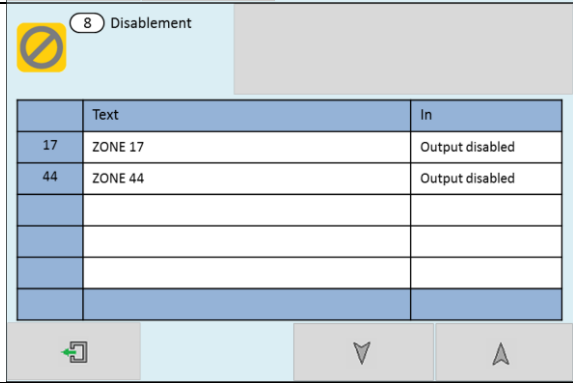



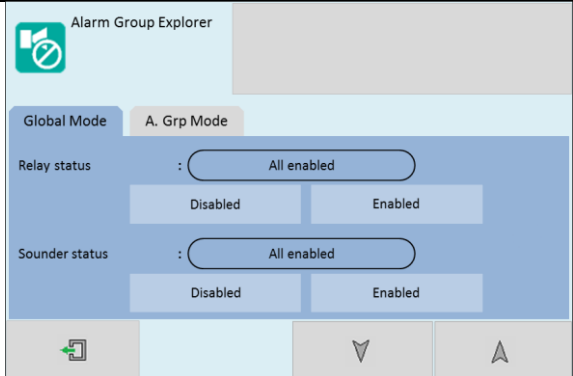



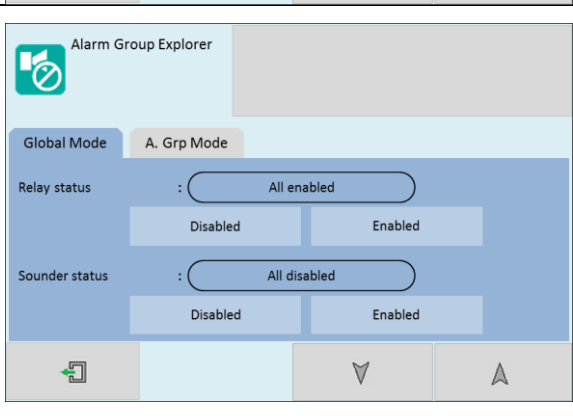
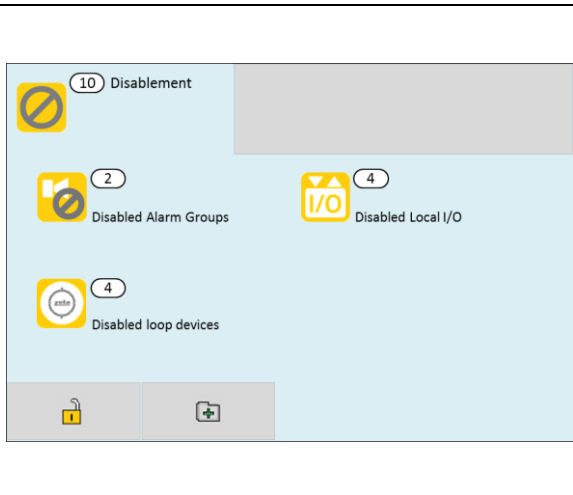
Change the global mode for relay status to disabled by pressing the 'Disabled' selection area. The text will change from 'All enabled' to 'All disabled' for relay status.




This will disable **ALL** panel relay output interfaces (Except the fault & fire relays on the TRM, an MRM relays that are not set to 'Programmable').


Press the exit icon . The panel will ask if you want to save the changes.

Press tick  to save the changes, or press  to discard.






<p>When global relays have been disabled, the LCD display changes from SYSTEM NORMAL to Disablement, as shown.</p> <p>The screen shows the number of relay output interfaces disabled.</p> <p>The General Disablement LED will be lit.</p>																			
<p>Details of the disabled relay outputs can be viewed by pressing the disabled loop devices icon  or the disabled local I/O icon . If any zones have all of their outputs disabled, it will be indicated by the disabled alarm groups icon .</p>	 <table border="1" data-bbox="805 571 1356 795"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Text</th> <th>In</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>17</td> <td>ZONE 17</td> <td>Output disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>44</td> <td>ZONE 44</td> <td>Output disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Text	In	17	ZONE 17	Output disabled	44	ZONE 44	Output disabled									
	Text	In																	
17	ZONE 17	Output disabled																	
44	ZONE 44	Output disabled																	
<p>To re-enable the relay status, press the 'Enabled' selection area. The text will change from 'All disabled' to 'All enabled' for relay status.</p> <p>Press the exit icon . The panel will ask if you want to save the changes.</p> <p>Press tick  to save the changes, or press  to discard.</p>																			
<p>Change the global mode for sounder status to disable by pressing the 'Disabled' selection area. The text will change from 'All enabled' to 'All disabled' for sounder status.</p> <p>This will disable ALL panel sounder output interfaces.</p> <p>Press the exit icon . The panel will ask if you want to save the changes.</p> <p>Press tick  to save the changes, or press  to discard.</p>																			
<p>When sounder status has been disabled, the LCD display changes from SYSTEM NORMAL to Disablement. The screen shows:-</p> <p>The number of disabled loop sounder devices. The number of disabled alarm circuit outputs. The General Disablement and Sounder Disablement LED will be lit</p> <p>If there are any output relays on the system that are not disabled, the Disabled Alarm Group icon will not be displayed.</p> <p>If there are no relays fitted, or if the relays have been disabled as well, the Disabled Alarm Group icon will be displayed</p>																			

Details of the disabled sounder outputs can be viewed by pressing the disabled loop devices icon  or the disabled local I/O icon . If any alarm groups have all of their outputs disabled, it will be indicated by the Disabled Alarm Groups icon .



10 Disablement
1 Loop number

Address	Type	Point text	Mode
9	SOUNDER	Basement Sounders	Disabled
21	SWICH SN	First Floor Sounders	Disabled
32	MAXI FLAS	Second Floor Sounders	Disabled
46	SWICH SN	Third Floor Sounders	Disabled

Alarm Group Mode



When Alarm group mode is disabled, the panel will not activate any output devices on that alarm group (zone).

This might be used if the system requires routine maintenance, and the user needs the rest of the system to continue running, but doesn't want spurious output activations.

The panel will respond in the usual manner to any events in any non-disabled alarm groups.


Any number of alarm group (zones) can be disabled, but it is good practice to only disable one alarm group/zone at a time.

An alarm group (zone) can be disabled as follows:

Enter the Engineer or User Password, Press the menu access icon , select the Alarm group Icon  and select the "A. Grp Mode" tab.

(The disabling function is available to both engineer & user levels).




The panel shows the Alarm Group mode menu.



Alarm Group Explorer

Global Mode
A. Grp Mode


	Text	Out
1	Basement	All enabled
2	Reception	All enabled
3	Office 1	All enabled
4	Office 2	All enabled

Set the alarm group to disabled by pressing the 'Out' field. The status will change from 'All enabled' to 'Sounders disabled'.

This would disable all sounder outputs in that alarm group (zone).




Disable further alarm groups in the same way, or press exit to save.



Alarm Group Explorer


Global Mode
A. Grp Mode

	Text	Out
1	Basement	Sounders disabled
2	Reception	All enabled
3	Office 1	All enabled
4	Office 2	All enabled

For further options, press the 'Out' field again. The status will change from 'Sounder disabled' to 'Relay disabled'.




This would disable all relay outputs in that alarm group (zone).

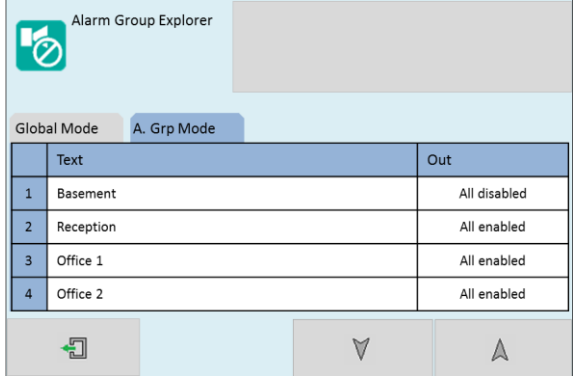
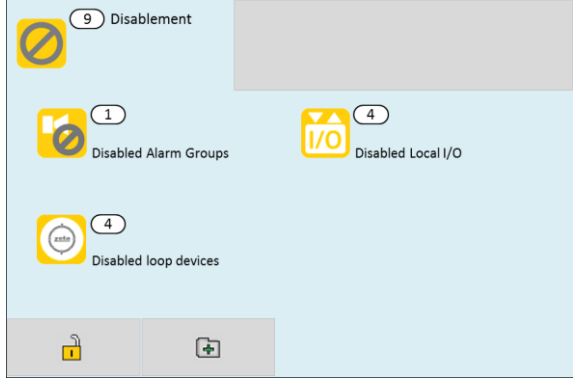



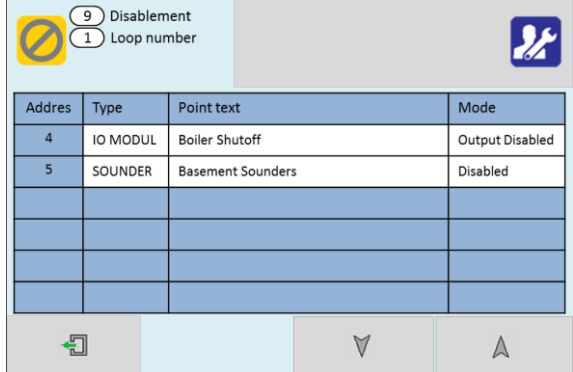



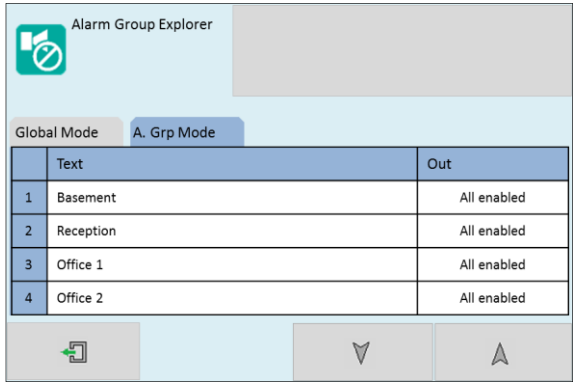


Alarm Group Explorer

Global Mode
A. Grp Mode

	Text	Out
1	Basement	Relays disabled
2	Reception	All enabled
3	Office 1	All enabled
4	Office 2	All enabled

<p>For further options, press the 'Out' field again. The status will change from 'Relay disabled' to 'All disabled'.</p> <p>This would disable all sounder and relay outputs in that alarm group (zone).</p>	 <table border="1" data-bbox="802 241 1361 409"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Text</th> <th>Out</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Basement</td> <td>All disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Reception</td> <td>All enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Office 1</td> <td>All enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Office 2</td> <td>All enabled</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Text	Out	1	Basement	All disabled	2	Reception	All enabled	3	Office 1	All enabled	4	Office 2	All enabled									
	Text	Out																							
1	Basement	All disabled																							
2	Reception	All enabled																							
3	Office 1	All enabled																							
4	Office 2	All enabled																							
<p>When Alarm group mode has been disabled, the LCD display changes from SYSTEM NORMAL to Disablement. The screen shows:-</p> <p>The number of disabled alarm groups. The number of disabled loop devices. The number of disabled module outputs (local/I/O).</p> <p>The General Disablement and Sounder disablement LED will be lit if either Sounder disabled or All disabled was selected.</p> <p>Only the General Disablement LED will be lit if just Relay disabled was selected.</p>																									
<p>Details of the disabled alarm group outputs can be viewed by pressing the disabled loop devices icon  or the disabled local I/O icon . If any alarm groups have all of their outputs disabled, it will be indicated by the disabled alarm groups icon .</p>	 <table border="1" data-bbox="802 1003 1361 1227"> <thead> <tr> <th>Address</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Point text</th> <th>Mode</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>IO MODUL</td> <td>Boiler Shutoff</td> <td>Output Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>SOUNDER</td> <td>Basement Sounders</td> <td>Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Address	Type	Point text	Mode	4	IO MODUL	Boiler Shutoff	Output Disabled	5	SOUNDER	Basement Sounders	Disabled												
Address	Type	Point text	Mode																						
4	IO MODUL	Boiler Shutoff	Output Disabled																						
5	SOUNDER	Basement Sounders	Disabled																						
<p>To re-enable an alarm group, use the same procedure, pressing the "Out" field until it shows 'All Enabled'.</p> <p>It cycles through:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All enabled • Sounder disabled • Relay Disabled • All Disabled <p>Press the exit icon . The panel will ask if you want to save the changes.</p> <p>Press tick  to save the changes, or press  to discard.</p>	 <table border="1" data-bbox="802 1473 1361 1641"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Text</th> <th>Out</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Basement</td> <td>All enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Reception</td> <td>All enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Office 1</td> <td>All enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Office 2</td> <td>All enabled</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Text	Out	1	Basement	All enabled	2	Reception	All enabled	3	Office 1	All enabled	4	Office 2	All enabled									
	Text	Out																							
1	Basement	All enabled																							
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Local I/O (Module) Disablement



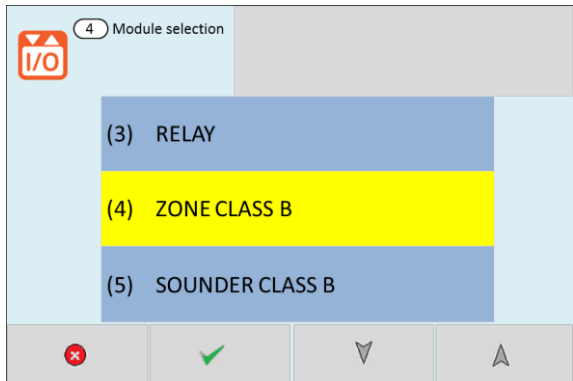





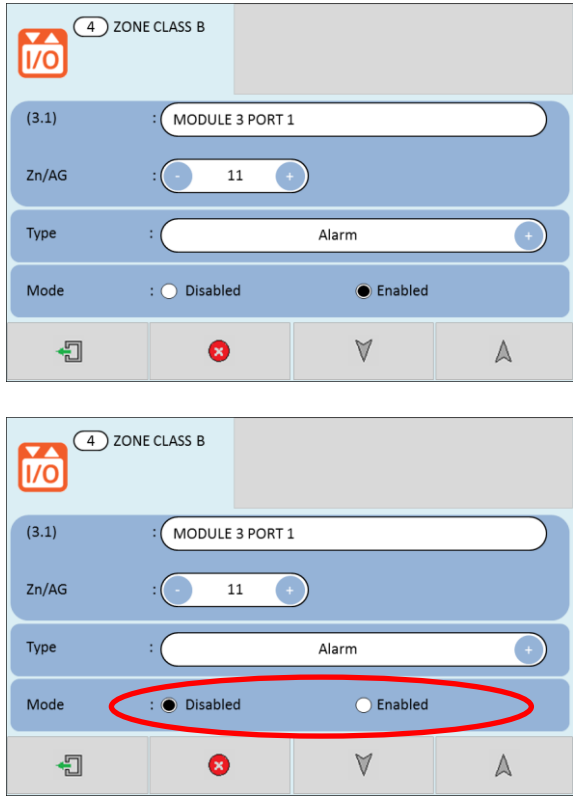
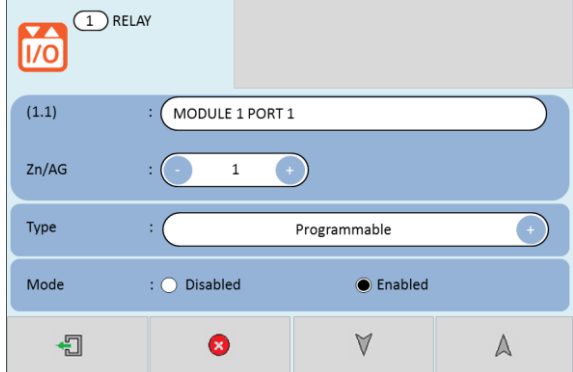
When a local I/O is disabled, the panel will not react to any alarm or fault signal from that local I/O (module).

This might be used if the system requires routine maintenance, and the user needs the rest of the system to continue running, but doesn't want spurious input/output activations.

The panel will respond in the usual manner to any events in any non-disabled parts of the system.

Any number of local I/O's can be disabled, but it is good practice to only disable one at a time.

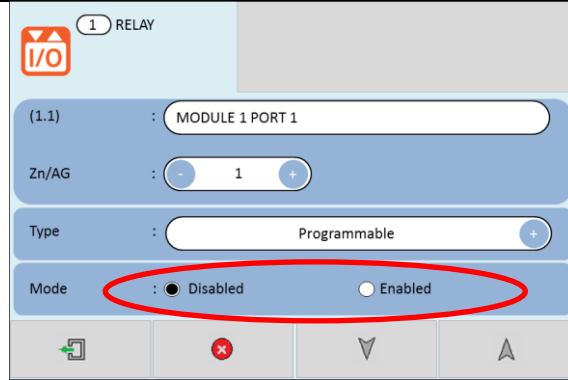
A local I/O can be disabled as follows:

<p>Enter the Engineer or User Password, Press the menu access icon , select the 'local I/O' icon .</p> <p>(The disabling function is available to engineer & users).</p> <p>The panel shows the module selection menu.</p> <p>Select the required port number. The port number is shown in the brackets on the left. When you select a module it will become highlighted. The up and down arrows can be used to cycle through pages. Press the green tick to confirm the selection.</p>	
<p><u>MIM/ZMM Disablement</u></p> <p>The module settings screen will be displayed.</p> <p>In this example, the input address is shown as: (3.1). The first number represents the TRM port (The RJ45 port on the TRM PCB that the module is plugged into). The second number represents the input on the module itself.</p> <p>E.g. a ZMM that is plugged into TRM port 3 would have the following addresses:</p> <p>(3.1) = TRM Port 3, Input 1 (3.2) = TRM Port 3, Input 2 (3.3) = TRM Port 3, Input 3 (3.4) = TRM Port 3, Input 4 (3.5) = TRM Port 3, Input 5 (3.6) = TRM Port 3, Input 6</p> <p>To disable an input, change the mode by pressing on the 'Disabled' selection circle, then press  or  to cycle through more inputs, or the exit icon . The panel will ask if you want to save the changes.</p> <p>Press tick  to save the changes, or press  to discard.</p> <p>(NOTE: When an input has been disabled, the module fault LED's will be lit [Yellow constant] to indicate the disablement)</p>	
<p><u>RM Disablement</u></p> <p>(NOTE: A RM output can only be disabled if the output type is set to 'Programmable')</p> <p>The module settings screen will be displayed.</p> <p>In this example, the relay address is shown as: (1.1). The first number represents the TRM port (The RJ45 port on the TRM PCB that the module is plugged into). The second number represents the output on the module itself.</p> <p>E.g. a RM that is plugged into TRM port 1 would have the following addresses:</p>	

(1.1) = TRM Port 1, Output 1
 (1.2) = TRM Port 1, Output 2
 (1.3) = TRM Port 1, Output 3

To disable an input, change the mode by pressing on the 'Disabled' selection circle, then press or to cycle through more outputs, or the exit icon . The panel will ask if you want to save the changes.

Press tick to save the changes, or press to discard.



ACM Disablement

The module settings screen will be displayed.

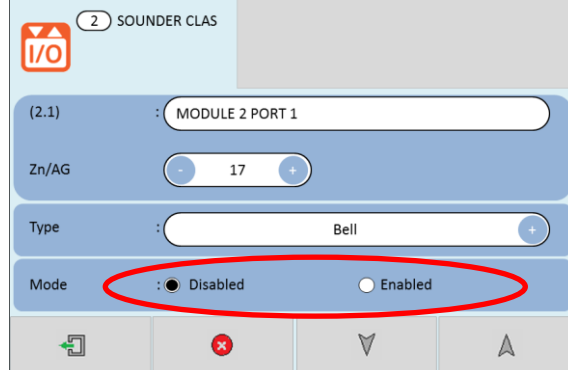
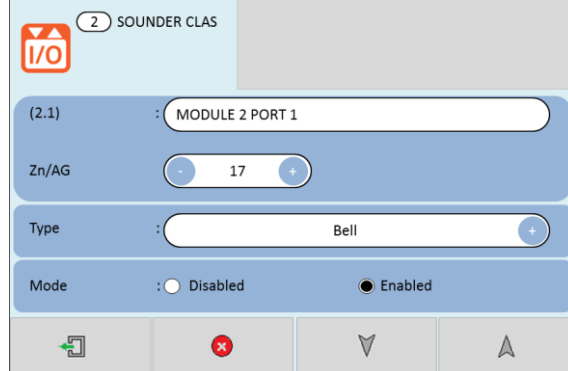
In this example, the output address is shown as: **(2.1)**. The first number represents the TRM port (The RJ45 port on the TRM PCB that the module is plugged into). The second number represents the output on the module itself.

E.g. a ACM that is plugged into TRM port 2 would have the following addresses:

(2.1) = TRM Port 2, Output 1
 (2.2) = TRM Port 2, Output 2

To disable an input, change the mode by pressing on the 'Disabled' selection circle, then press or to cycle through more inputs, or the exit icon . The panel will ask if you want to save the changes.

Press tick to save the changes, or press to discard.

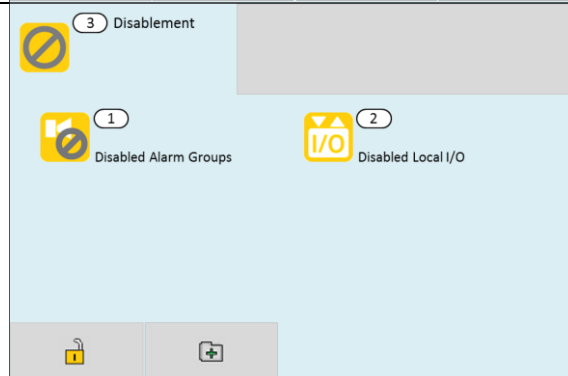


When a module has a disablement, the LCD display changes from SYSTEM NORMAL to Disablement. The screen shows:-

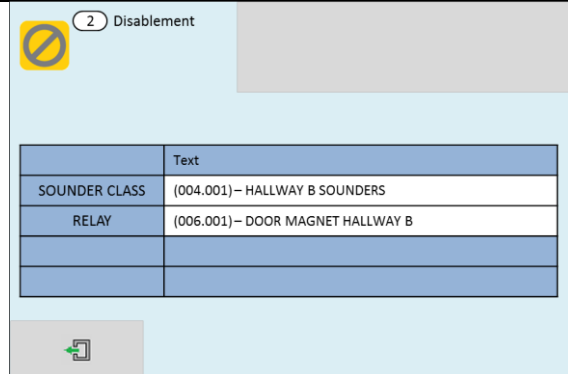
The number of disabled alarm groups.
 The number of disabled local I/O.

The General Disablement LED will be lit with any module disablement.

The General Disablement and sounder disablement LED will be lit if a ACM port is disabled.



Details of the disabled module inputs/outputs can be viewed by pressing the disabled local I/O icon . If any zones have all of their outputs disabled, it will be indicated by the disabled zone outputs icon .



Test Mode

Why Use Test Mode?




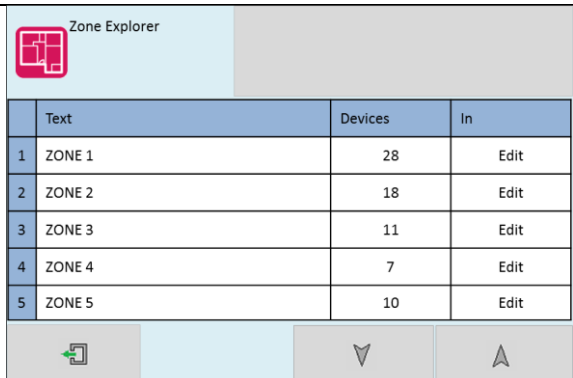
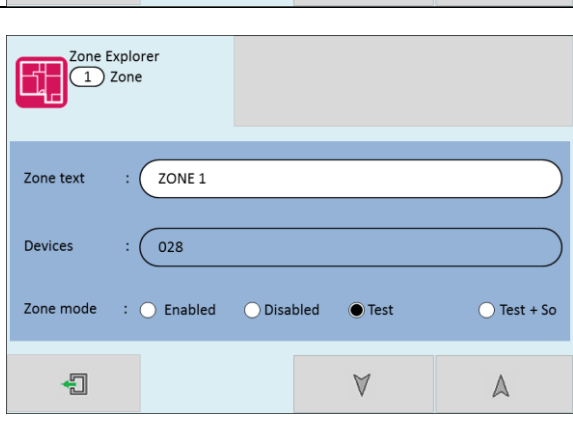

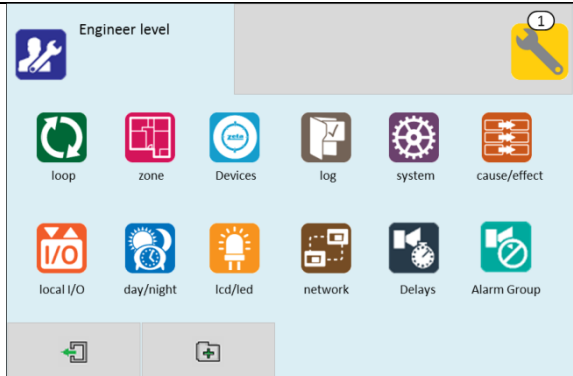
To aid commissioning and assist routine maintenance checks, a non-latching 'one man test' facility is available. Test mode can be used either with or without sounder operation, depending on the engineer's requirements.


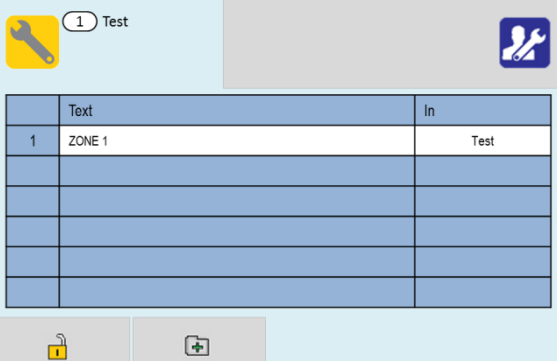
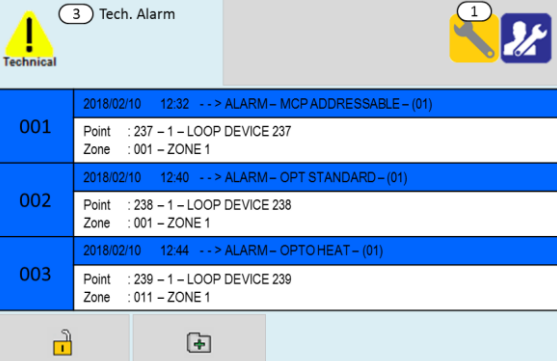
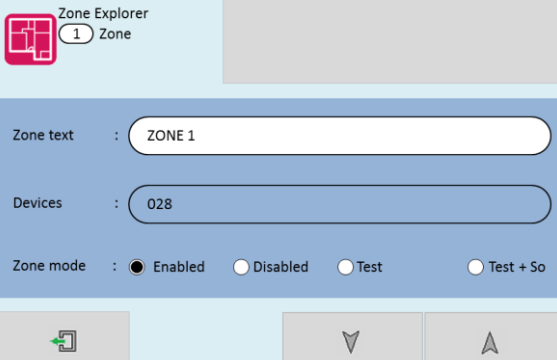
When a detector, manual call point or input unit is triggered on any zone in Test, the Alarm sounders operate for approximately 3 seconds on and then switch off (If selected). The triggered device is automatically reset. The panel will display the tested device on a test alarm screen, with the event highlighted in blue. The device automatically resets from the fire condition, but the LCD indication remains until the panel is manually reset.

If the device is still in the fire condition, e.g. MCP still activated or the analogue value of a detector still above the alarm threshold, the device will be triggered again and the Alarm sounders will operate again.

Should an Alarm occur on a zone that is not programmed to test, the Fire Alarm Panel will operate as normal and signal an alarm.

To Programme a Zone into Test Mode

<p>Enter the Engineer  or User password , Press the menu access icon, and select the 'Zone' icon .</p> <p>(The test function is available to both engineer & user levels).</p> <p>The panel shows the zone explorer menu.</p> <p>Select the zone(s) to be placed into test by pressing 'Edit' on the 'In' Field.</p>	 <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Text</th> <th>Devices</th> <th>In</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>ZONE 1</td> <td>28</td> <td>Edit</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>ZONE 2</td> <td>18</td> <td>Edit</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>ZONE 3</td> <td>11</td> <td>Edit</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>ZONE 4</td> <td>7</td> <td>Edit</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>ZONE 5</td> <td>10</td> <td>Edit</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Text	Devices	In	1	ZONE 1	28	Edit	2	ZONE 2	18	Edit	3	ZONE 3	11	Edit	4	ZONE 4	7	Edit	5	ZONE 5	10	Edit
	Text	Devices	In																						
1	ZONE 1	28	Edit																						
2	ZONE 2	18	Edit																						
3	ZONE 3	11	Edit																						
4	ZONE 4	7	Edit																						
5	ZONE 5	10	Edit																						
<p>The panel will show the zone options menu.</p> <p>There will be two test modes to choose from:</p> <p><u>Test</u> This will give a silent test, with no sounders operating.</p> <p><u>Test + Sounder</u> This will operate all the sounders in that zone for approximately 3 seconds, regardless of the cause and effect programming.</p> <p>Change the Zone mode to either 'Test' or 'Test + Sounder' by pressing on the selection circle.</p>																									
<p>When all required zones have been selected, press exit and accept the change. The panel will return to the menu, showing that there is a test condition present .</p>																									

<p>To view which zones are in test mode, press the zones in test icon .</p>	 <table border="1" data-bbox="805 190 1364 414"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Text</th> <th>In</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>ZONE 1</td> <td>Test</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Text	In	1	ZONE 1	Test												
	Text	In																	
1	ZONE 1	Test																	
<p>Proceed to test the devices.</p> <p>As we are checking the devices, the test alarms are reported on the Tech. Alarm screen.</p>	 <table border="1" data-bbox="805 571 1364 795"> <tbody> <tr> <td>001</td> <td>2018/02/10 12:32 --> ALARM- MCP ADDRESSABLE- (01) Point : 237 - 1 - LOOP DEVICE 237 Zone : 001 - ZONE 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>002</td> <td>2018/02/10 12:40 --> ALARM- OPT STANDARD- (01) Point : 238 - 1 - LOOP DEVICE 238 Zone : 001 - ZONE 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>003</td> <td>2018/02/10 12:44 --> ALARM- OPTO HEAT- (01) Point : 239 - 1 - LOOP DEVICE 239 Zone : 011 - ZONE 1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	001	2018/02/10 12:32 --> ALARM- MCP ADDRESSABLE- (01) Point : 237 - 1 - LOOP DEVICE 237 Zone : 001 - ZONE 1	002	2018/02/10 12:40 --> ALARM- OPT STANDARD- (01) Point : 238 - 1 - LOOP DEVICE 238 Zone : 001 - ZONE 1	003	2018/02/10 12:44 --> ALARM- OPTO HEAT- (01) Point : 239 - 1 - LOOP DEVICE 239 Zone : 011 - ZONE 1												
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003	2018/02/10 12:44 --> ALARM- OPTO HEAT- (01) Point : 239 - 1 - LOOP DEVICE 239 Zone : 011 - ZONE 1																		
<p>When the testing is complete, take the panel out of test mode by entering the Engineer level menu and selecting the 'zone' icon.</p> <p>Select the zone(s) to be taken out of test by pressing on the 'In' Field.</p> <p>Change the Zone mode to 'Enabled' by pressing on the selection circle.</p> <p>Press exit and save changes in order to return the panel to normal.</p>	 <p>Zone Explorer 1 Zone</p> <p>Zone text : ZONE 1</p> <p>Devices : 028</p> <p>Zone mode : <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enabled <input type="radio"/> Disabled <input type="radio"/> Test <input type="radio"/> Test + So</p>																		

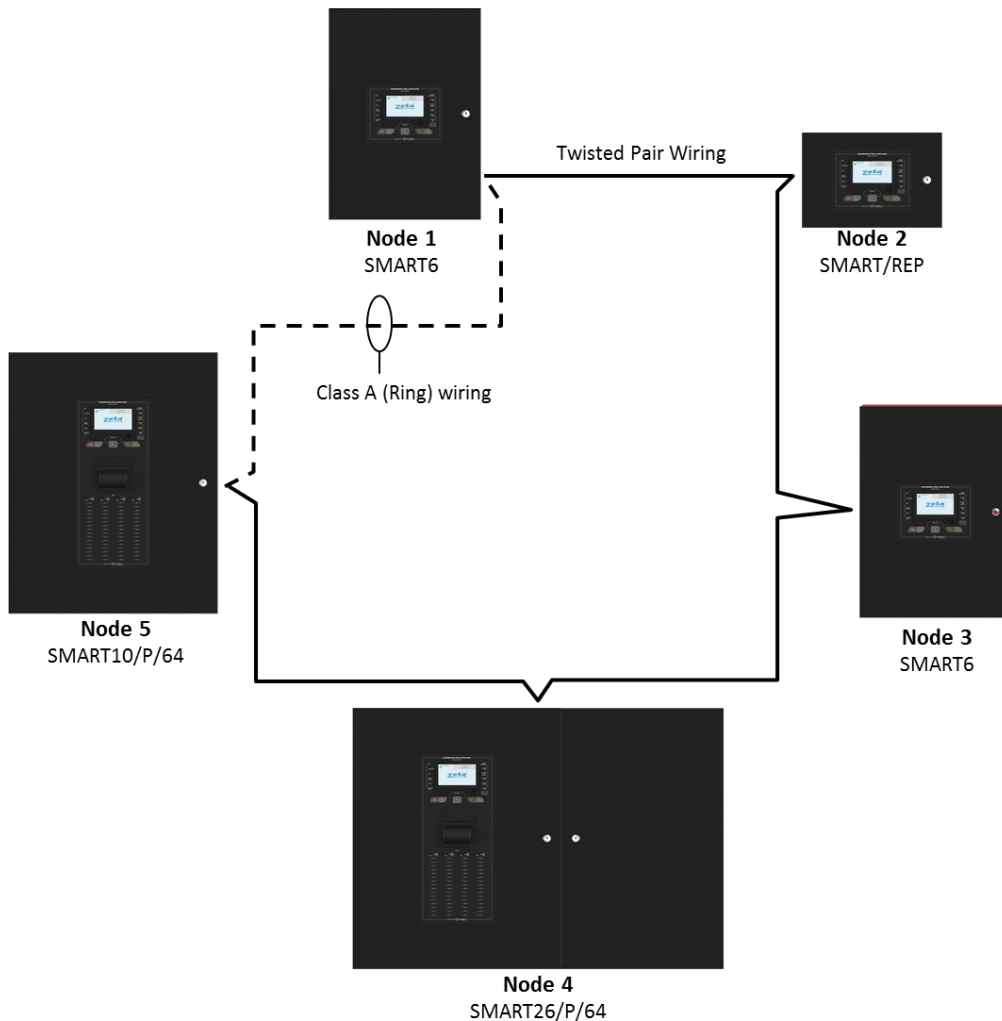
Networking

The Smart Connect Multi-loop requires a SCM-NM module to network to another Smart Connect system.

Up to 64 control panels (CIEs) can be connected together, i.e. networked. The maximum distance between nodes is 1000M when using a screened data cable, or 100M when using a standard fireproof cable.

The network can be configured with a ring or bus topology, but it is recommended that the network is wired as a ring for better fault tolerance.

Network Typologies



Ring Network (Class A)

In a ring network, each control panel is connected to 2 other control panels to form a ring. This has the same topology as the loops of addressable devices connected to each CIE. This has the advantage that no panels are lost if there is a single break in the network.

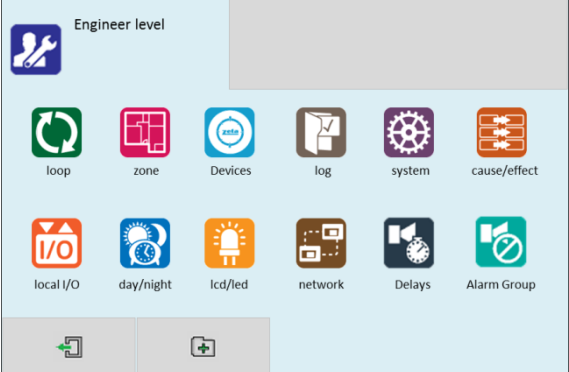

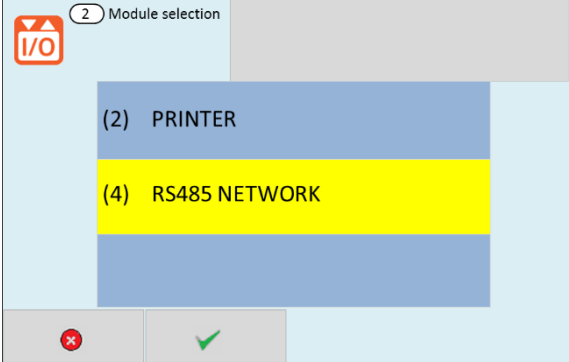
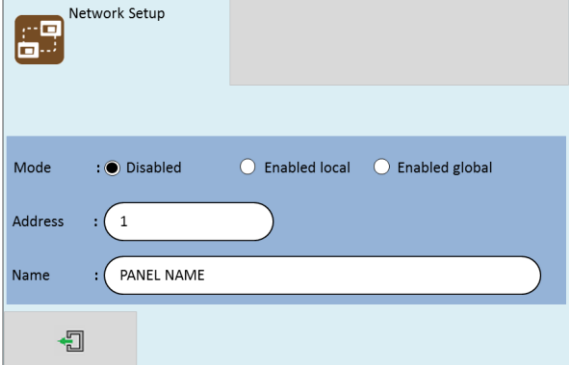


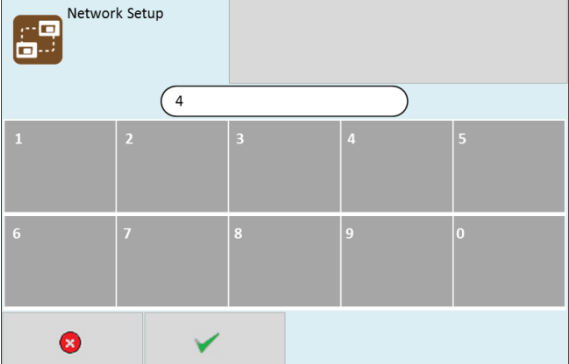


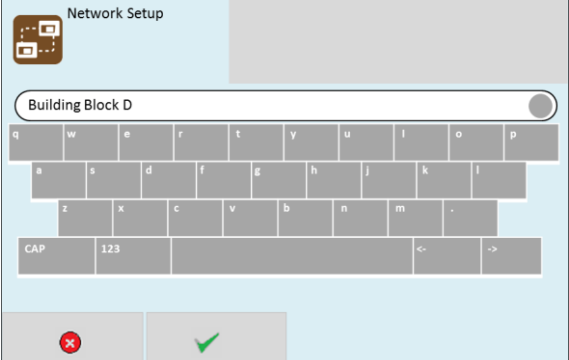



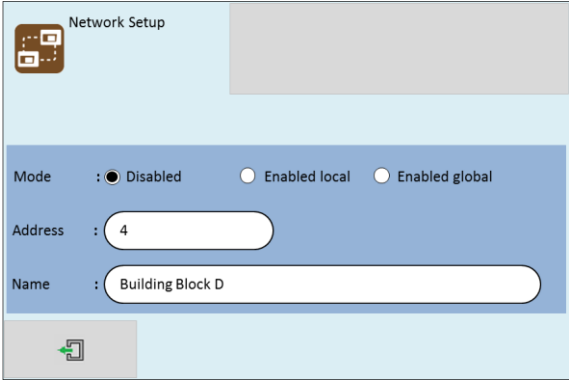

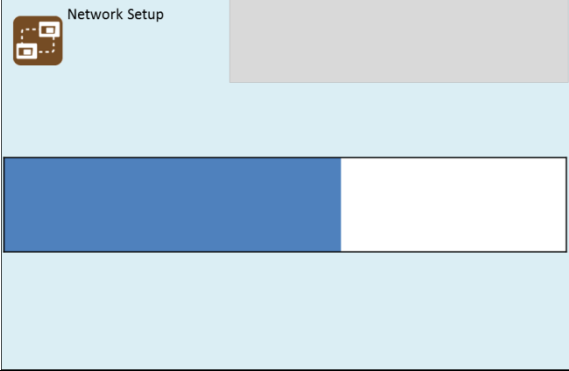

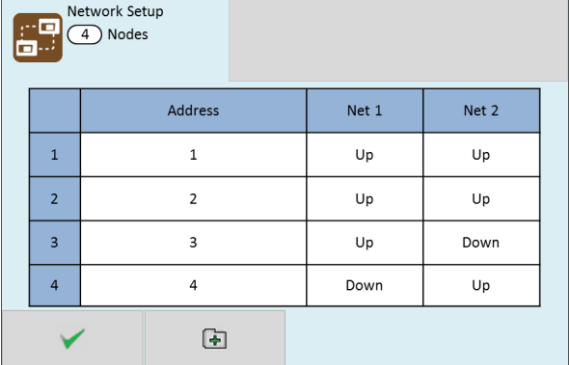
NOTE: *It is recommended that you install and wire your network in a ring topology for better stability and redundancy.*

Bus Network (Class B)

This is similar to a ring network but wired panel to panel without a return connection from last panel to first panel. It could also be referred to as a radial or spur network.

Configuring the Network

<p>Enter the engineer menu.</p>	
<p>Select the Network options icon .</p> <p>The panel will show the module selection screen, select the correct 'RS485 Network'. The port number is shown in the brackets on the left. When you select the module it will become highlighted. Press the green tick to confirm the selection.</p> <p><i>The port number will be labelled on the TRM PCB inside the panel and are also shown in the Smart Connect Multi-loop Installation manual (Doc: GLT-261-7-10).</i></p>	
<p>The panel shows that the network connection is disabled (It's default state).</p>	
<p>Press the 'Address' field to edit the panel network address if required (Range 1-64).</p> <p>(NOTE: A smart connect network does not allow for duplicate node addresses. Each panel must have a unique address number)</p> <p>Press tick  to save the changes, or press  to discard.</p>	
<p>Press the 'Name' field to edit the panel network text label if required (43 characters max).</p> <p>Press tick  to save the changes, or press  to discard.</p>	

<p>Next, configure the network mode.</p> <p><u>Disabled:</u> The network connection is disabled</p> <p><u>Enabled local:</u> The local panel will not receive alarm and fault messages from remote panels.</p> <p><u>Enabled global:</u> The local panel will receive alarm and fault messages from remote panels.</p> <p>Press tick  to save the changes.</p>																					
<p>Repeat the above steps for every Smart Connect multi-loop panel on the network.</p> <p>Then press the Add icon  to search and configure the network.</p>																					
<p>When the search is complete, the panel shows a list of network node addresses seen, and whether the panel sees a connection on Network port A (NET 1), and Network port B (NET 2).</p> <p>If the panel sees a connection it reports the port as UP. If it does not see a connection, it reports the port as down.</p> <p>(In this example we have a four panel network)</p> <p>The icon  can be pressed to rescan the network.</p>	 <table border="1" data-bbox="823 1021 1342 1234"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Address</th> <th>Net 1</th> <th>Net 2</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>Up</td> <td>Up</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>2</td> <td>Up</td> <td>Up</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>3</td> <td>Up</td> <td>Down</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>4</td> <td>Down</td> <td>Up</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Address	Net 1	Net 2	1	1	Up	Up	2	2	Up	Up	3	3	Up	Down	4	4	Down	Up
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1	1	Up	Up																		
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3	3	Up	Down																		
4	4	Down	Up																		


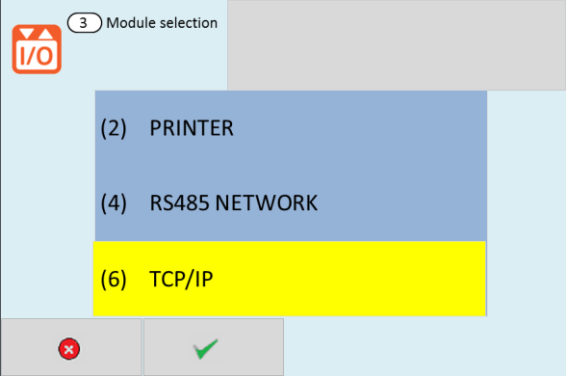
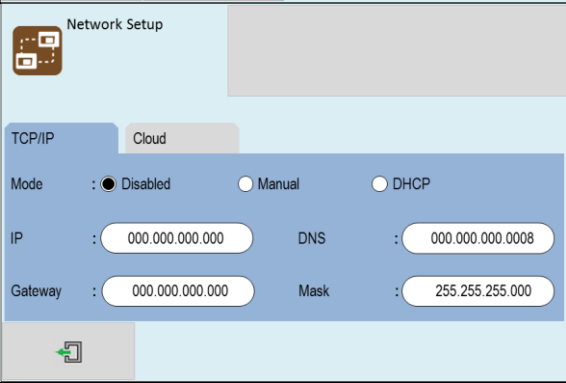
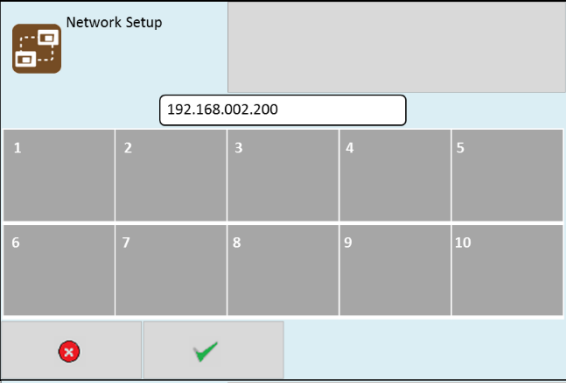


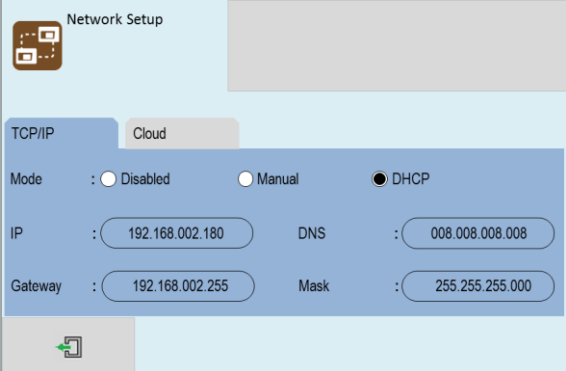
Running the Network

On a Smart Connect Multi-loop panel, running in a network, all events are reported at all panels. All panels are able to silence & reset the system, when a suitable access code has been entered.

Operation of outputs over the network is determined by the programmed cause & effect. Any input on the network can be programmed to operate any output. The cause & effect is entered at the panel that has the INPUT CAUSE connected.

Configuring TCP/IP Connection


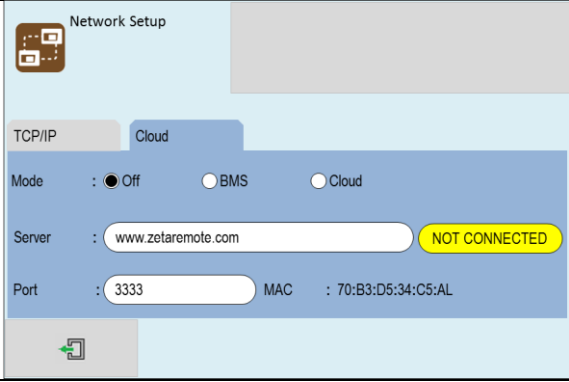
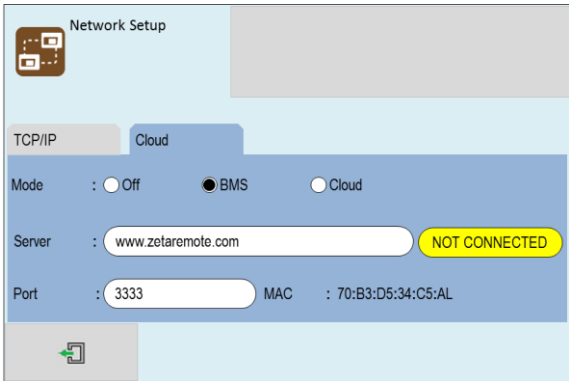



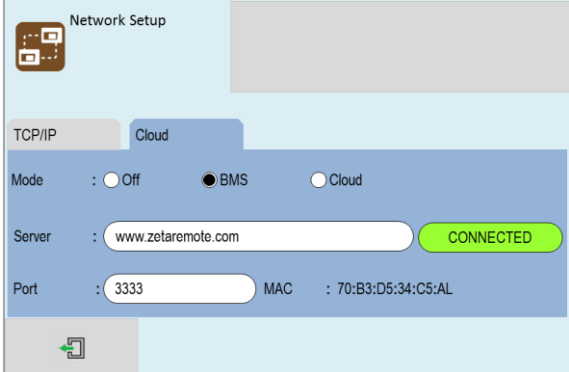
The Smart Connect Multi-loop panel has an optional TCP/IP module that allows the panel to report events to a central server. To do this, first the TCP/IP address must be set.

<p>From the Network Menu , select the TCP/IP module.</p>	
<p>The panel shows that the TCP/IP connection is disabled (It's default state).</p>	
<p>Select DHCP for the LAN to assign the settings, or select manual to enter the settings by hand.</p> <p>If entering the settings by hand, just type the numbers. The panel will automatically insert the dots.</p>	
<p>Press the exit icon . The panel will ask if you want to save the changes.</p> <p>Press tick  to save the changes, or press to discard.</p>	

With only the TCP/IP configured, the panel will sit on a network, but would need 3rd party software on a PC to do anything useful. The cloud settings will need to be configured in order for the panel to link to the remote server.

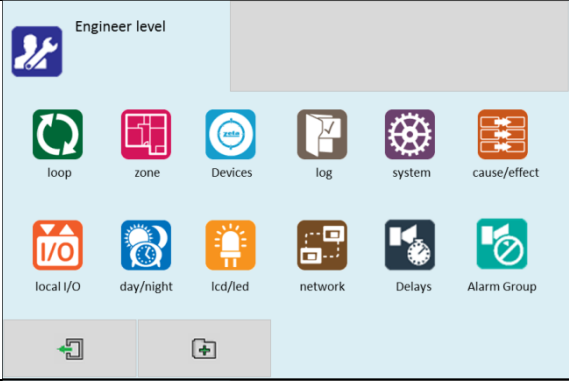

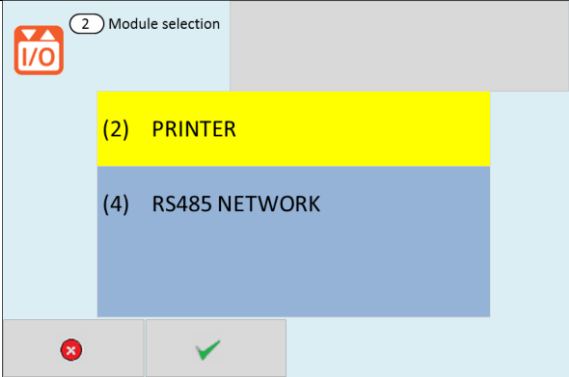
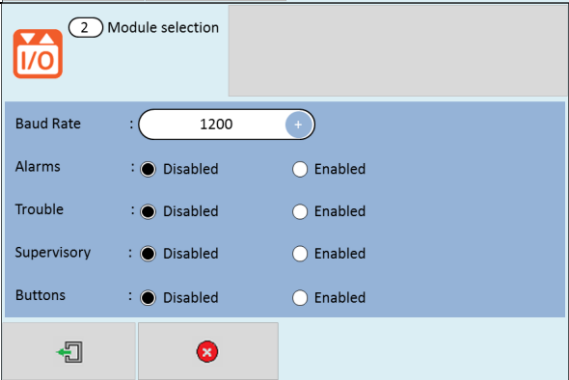



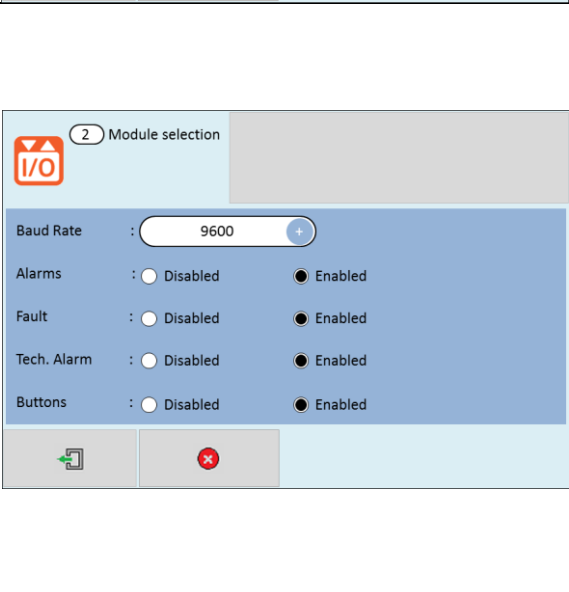
Configuring the Cloud Settings

The Smart Connect Multi-loop panel has been designed to report events to a central server. This will allow authorised users to view the current status of the panel. The settings are usually set at the factory, but can be configured by the installer if required.

<p>From the Network menu , press the Cloud tab.</p> <p>Enter Server and Port details as required. Make a note of the MAC address, as this will be needed to register the panel at the server.</p> <p>Note: That the server can be entered as a URL, or an IP address</p>	
<p>The cloud has different mode settings available:</p> <p>Disabled: The cloud is disabled; the panel cannot be accessed remotely.</p> <p>BMS: The cloud is enabled. Use this setting if you are interfacing the Smart Connect Multi-loop to a building management system (e.g. Cortech Datalog 5). This setting does not have a timeout.</p> <p>Cloud: The cloud is enabled. Use this setting to allow an engineer to interrogate the panel remotely via 'Zeta Remote'. For safety and security reasons, this setting will time out after a period of _____.</p>	
<p>If the Smart Connect Multi-loop is able to successfully communicate with the cloud server, then 'NOT CONNECTED' will change to 'CONNECTED'. If you do not get this status, double check your network connections and TCP/IP & cloud settings.</p> <p>Press the exit icon . The panel will ask if you want to save the changes.</p> <p>Press tick  to save the changes, or press  to discard.</p>	

Configuring the RS232 Panel Printer

The Smart Connect Multi-loop panel has been designed to report events to a panel printer. This will provide automatic, or on demand copy listings of the event log or status information.

<p>Enter the engineer menu.</p>	
<p>Select the Network options icon .</p> <p>The panel will show the module selection screen, select the correct 'Printer'. The port number is shown in the brackets on the left. When you select the module it will become highlighted. Press the green tick to confirm the selection.</p> <p><i>The port number will be labelled on the TRM PCB inside the panel and are also shown in the Smart Connect Multi-loop Installation manual (Doc: GLT-261-7-10).</i></p>	
<p>The panel shows the RS232 printer options menu.</p>	
<p>If a panel printer is used, set the Baud Rate to '9600' (as this is the default baud rate of the panel printer).</p> <p>Next, select what real time printing options you want to be enabled, you can choose from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Alarm Real-Time Printing • Fault Real-Time Printing • Tech Alarm Real-Time Printing • Button Press Real-Time Printing <p>To enable the options, press on the relevant selection circle.</p> <p>When done, press the exit icon . The panel will ask if you want to save the changes.</p> <p>Press tick  to save the changes, or press  to discard.</p>	

Maintenance

It is recommended that the owner or person having control of the premises should appoint a responsible person to oversee the effective operation of the Fire Alarm System.

Smart Connect Multi-loop control panels do not require any specific maintenance but should the control panel become dirty it can be wiped over with a damp cloth and should then be dried with a dry, lint free cloth. Solvents or detergents should not be used to clean the panel and take care not to allow any water to enter the enclosure.

Below is a summary of the main functions the “Responsible Person” is expected to carry out. This summary is intended to give a brief outline of user responsibilities for the safe upkeep of the Fire Alarm System.

The responsible person must:-

1. Have sufficient authority to carry out the duties associated with being the responsible person
2. Check the system at least once every 24 hours to ensure there are no faults present
3. Ensure there are arrangements for testing and maintaining the system
4. Ensure the log book is up to date, and available for inspection
5. Instruct all relevant occupants on the basic operation of the system, including start evacuation, silence alarms, silence faults and system reset if applicable.
6. Take appropriate action to limit the rate of false alarms, by reporting events to the company maintaining the system
7. Ensure that all detectors and manual call points remain unobstructed at all times
8. Liaise with maintenance personnel to ensure that cleaning, maintenance or building work does not interfere with the functioning and reliability of the fire alarm system
9. Ensure any changes to the system are recorded with updated drawings, operating instructions etc.
10. Ensure that there are spare parts held on site
11. In the event of a pre-alarm, determine the cause & take appropriate action (predetermined fire routine if the cause is the start of a fire, arrange maintenance if the cause is a contaminated detector head)

With the Smart Connect Multi-loop Fire Alarm Panel, we recommend the following tests are carried out: -

Daily Inspection

- Check that the green Power LED is lit.
- If there are any yellow fault LEDs lit, or the green Power LED is not lit, report the fault(s) to the designated site maintenance engineer.

Weekly Test (you may wish to temporarily disable any relay outputs during the following Tests – See Alarm Group section)

- Set off a manual call point or sensor to test the Fire Alarm panel responds and all the sounders activate.
- Do not test the same device each week. Test a different zone each week using a different call point or detector so that eventually, all the devices will be tested.
- To reset the System, enter access code, then press the Reset button).
- Check that no call points or fire detectors are obstructed in any way. (e.g. New furniture or decorations)

Quarterly Test (to be carried out by authorised service personnel only)

- Check that any servicing or repairs required by all previous logbook entries has been undertaken.

- Visual inspection of the batteries and connections. Check the alarm sounders work on battery only.
- Activate a device from each zone to test the fire alarm. (As per weekly test).
- Enter access code and go to the menu. Press the LED Test icon. Check that all LEDs light and the buzzer sounds.

Annual Test (to be carried out by authorised service personnel only)

- Check every detector, call point, sounder and all auxiliary equipment for correct operation.
- Check Switch Mode cage Voltage (30 VAC), Charger Voltage (27.3V off load, adjusted with VR1) & Battery Voltage (25-27V)
- Check the backup batteries condition with a suitable test meter

Every Five Years (to be carried out by authorised service personnel only)

- Carry out a complete wiring check in accordance with the testing and inspection requirements of the relevant National wiring regulations (in the UK this is the IEE Wiring Regulations). The Batteries should be replaced because SLA batteries have a working life of 5 years.

Should the control panel become defective; some electronic assemblies can be replaced.

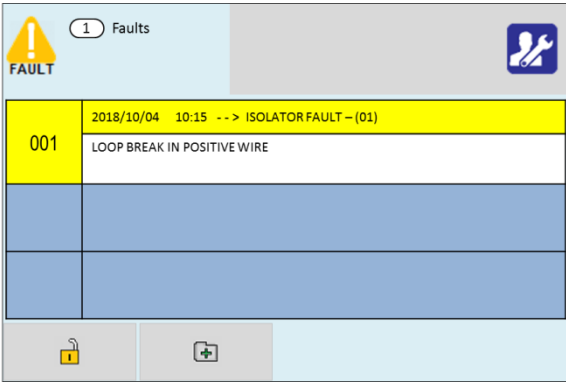
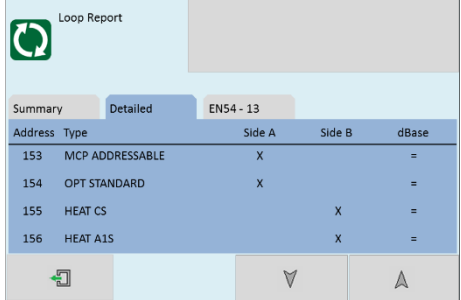
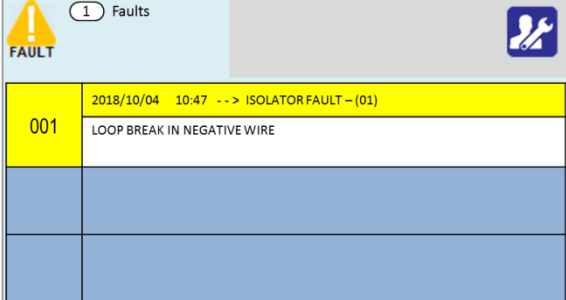
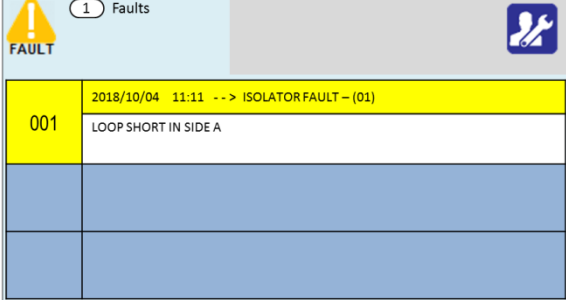
To do this, any configured options should be noted and the panel configuration should be downloaded and saved (if available), then both mains and battery power should be removed before the work is started. Internal panel and field wiring should be carefully labelled and removed from the terminals.

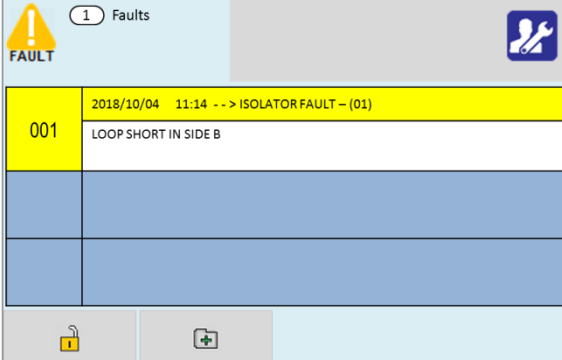
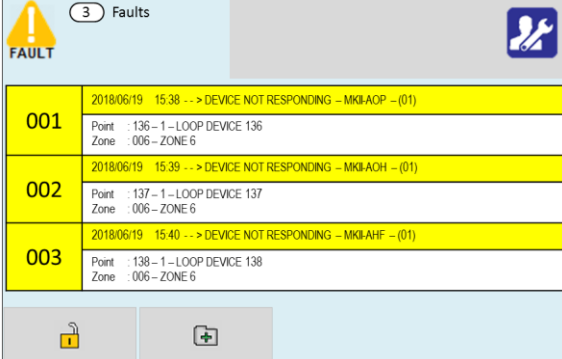


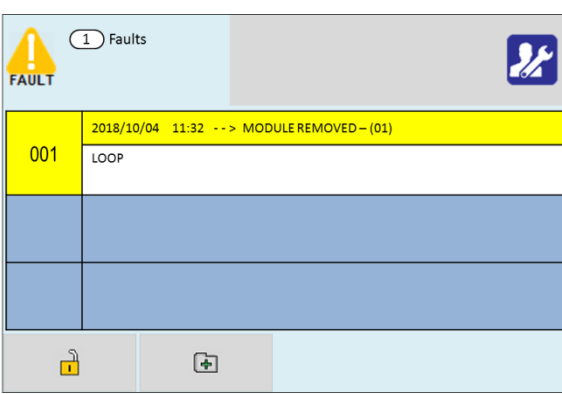
The Module or PCB can now be taken out of the panel by removing any securing bolts or nuts. Fitting the new part is the reverse of the procedure for removing the board.

Troubleshooting

Loop Fault Finding

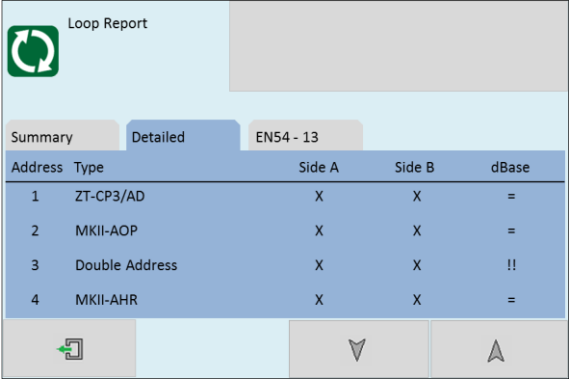
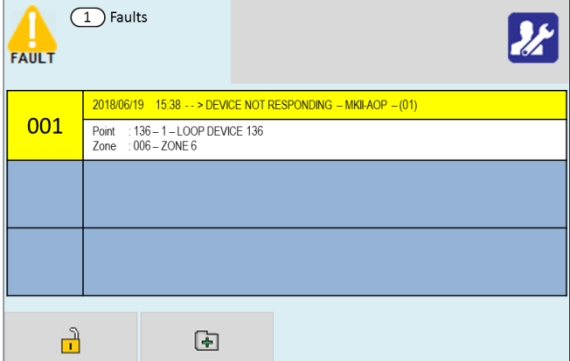
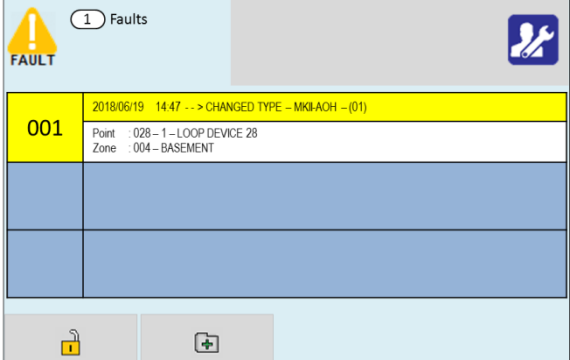
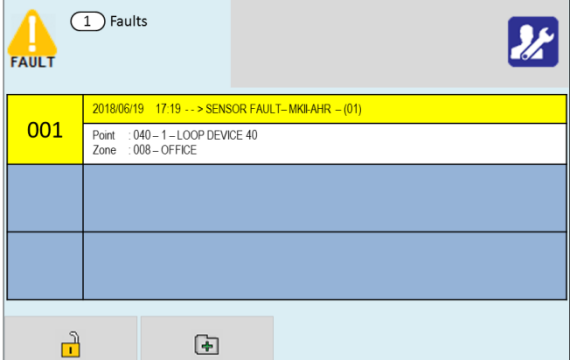
The Smart Connect Multi-loop panel will monitor the Loop for open or short circuit faults. The panel loop isolator monitors for both open and short circuit faults; the faults are reported as ISOLATOR FAULTS along with a description. The faults reported are:-

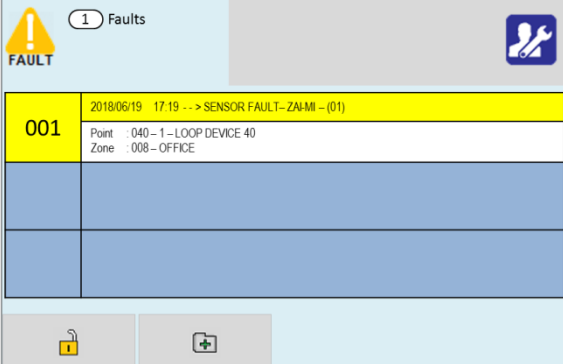
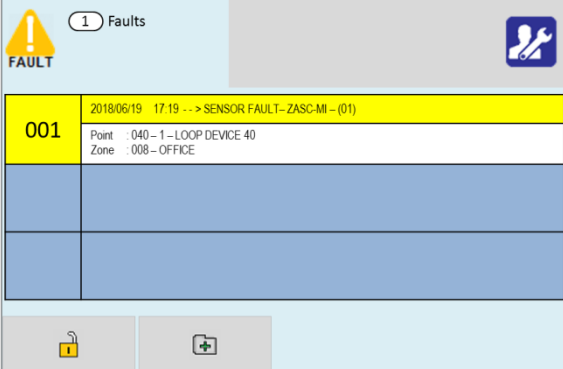


<p>Break in +VE wire</p>	 <p>The screenshot shows a 'FAULT' notification with a yellow warning icon and a wrench icon. Below it, a table lists the fault details:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Address</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Side A</th> <th>Side B</th> <th>dBase</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>153</td> <td>MCP ADDRESSABLE</td> <td>X</td> <td>=</td> <td>=</td> </tr> <tr> <td>154</td> <td>OPT STANDARD</td> <td>X</td> <td>=</td> <td>=</td> </tr> <tr> <td>155</td> <td>HEAT CS</td> <td></td> <td>X</td> <td>=</td> </tr> <tr> <td>156</td> <td>HEAT A1S</td> <td></td> <td>X</td> <td>=</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Address	Type	Side A	Side B	dBase	153	MCP ADDRESSABLE	X	=	=	154	OPT STANDARD	X	=	=	155	HEAT CS		X	=	156	HEAT A1S		X	=	<p>To help locate a +ve cable break, re-run the loop search, and check the detailed loop report after the search is complete.</p>  <p>The 'Loop Report' interface shows a table with the following data:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Address</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Side A</th> <th>Side B</th> <th>dBase</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>153</td> <td>MCP ADDRESSABLE</td> <td>X</td> <td>=</td> <td>=</td> </tr> <tr> <td>154</td> <td>OPT STANDARD</td> <td>X</td> <td>=</td> <td>=</td> </tr> <tr> <td>155</td> <td>HEAT CS</td> <td></td> <td>X</td> <td>=</td> </tr> <tr> <td>156</td> <td>HEAT A1S</td> <td></td> <td>X</td> <td>=</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>In this example, the break is between address 154 (which is seen from side A only), and address 155 (which is seen from side B only)</p> <p>(This only applies if the loop is addressed sequentially)</p> <p>If a system uses spurs (<i>Not recommended for more than a few devices</i>), a cable break in the spur will not be seen. Look for missing device addresses in the loop report.</p>	Address	Type	Side A	Side B	dBase	153	MCP ADDRESSABLE	X	=	=	154	OPT STANDARD	X	=	=	155	HEAT CS		X	=	156	HEAT A1S		X	=
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<p>Short circuit on side A</p>	 <p>The screenshot shows a 'FAULT' notification with a yellow warning icon and a wrench icon. Below it, a table lists the fault details:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Address</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Side A</th> <th>Side B</th> <th>dBase</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>153</td> <td>MCP ADDRESSABLE</td> <td>X</td> <td>=</td> <td>=</td> </tr> <tr> <td>154</td> <td>OPT STANDARD</td> <td>X</td> <td>=</td> <td>=</td> </tr> <tr> <td>155</td> <td>HEAT CS</td> <td></td> <td>X</td> <td>=</td> </tr> <tr> <td>156</td> <td>HEAT A1S</td> <td></td> <td>X</td> <td>=</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Address	Type	Side A	Side B	dBase	153	MCP ADDRESSABLE	X	=	=	154	OPT STANDARD	X	=	=	155	HEAT CS		X	=	156	HEAT A1S		X	=	<p>If the panel reports a loop short side A, then there is a short circuit fault on the loop, somewhere between the panel (side A), and the first device with a short circuit isolator on the loop.</p>																									
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156	HEAT A1S		X	=																																																

<p>Short circuit on side B</p>		<p>If the panel reports a loop short side B , then there is a short circuit fault on the loop, somewhere between the panel (side B), and the last device with a short circuit isolator on the loop.</p>
<p>A short circuit in the middle of the loop, will usually cause two devices' short circuit isolators to activate, and will cause the devices between the isolators to go missing (as they are no longer powered).</p>		<p>The short circuit will be somewhere between the 2 operated S/C isolators. Check which addresses are missing to help determine its location.</p>
<p>Loop Break (Big Serial Res)</p>		<p>The panel has detected that the loop wiring has higher than expected resistance, and could give problems under alarm load.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Check that no external wiring has been connected to the loop. •Split the loop and check each half at a time, trying to find the over current fault. Continue splitting the side reporting a problem until the source is found
<p>Loop Over Current</p>		<p>The panel has detected that the loop quiescent current is higher than expected.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Check that no external wiring has been connected to the loop. •Split the loop and check each half at a time, trying to find the over current fault. Continue splitting the side reporting a problem until the source is found
<p>Module Failure/Missing</p>		<p>The panel has stopped communicating to a module unexpectedly.</p> <p>NOTE: MODULES MUST NOT BE ADDED OR REMOVED WHILE TH SYSTEM IS POWERED.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Check if heartbeat LED is flashing on that module. •Power down the panel. •Check that the cable is connected securely to the termination PCB, and the module. •Power back on, and check what the panel sees at that port. •If nothing seen, power down and try the module in a different expansion port.

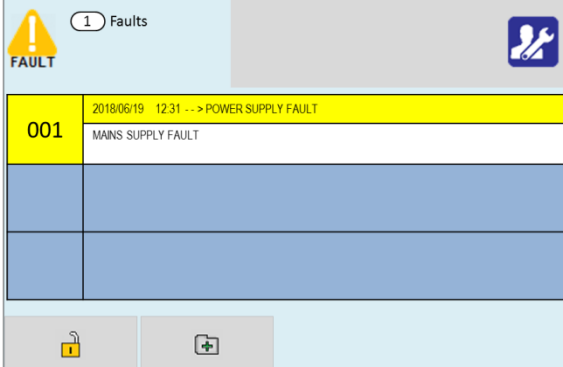
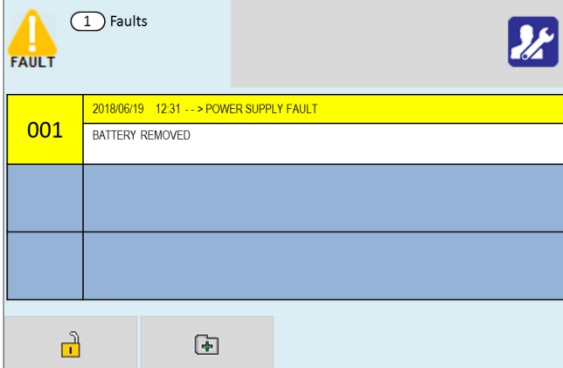
Loop Contents Fault Finding

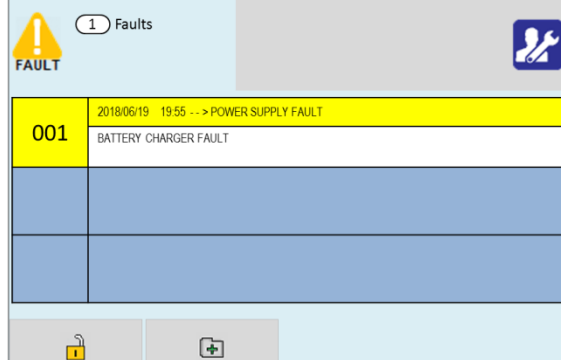
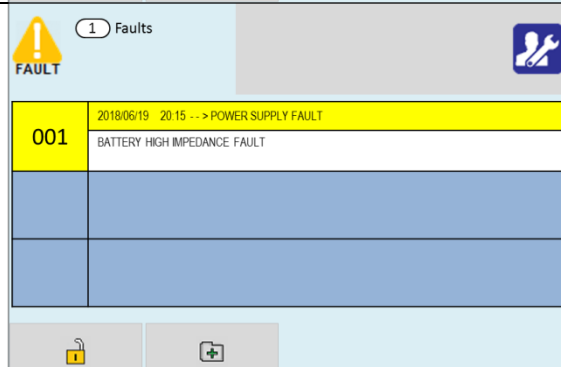
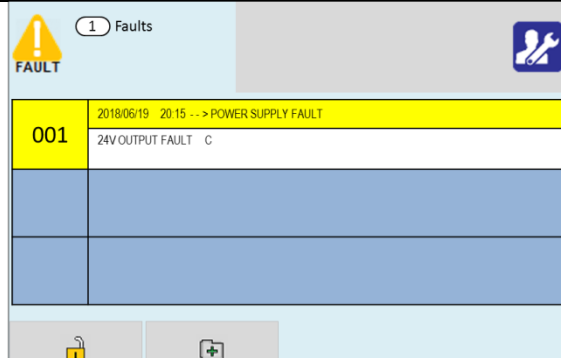
If the Loop contents are different to what was expected, then there two probable causes:

<p>DOUBLE ADDRESS / MULTIPLE ANSWER FAULT</p>	 <p>Loop Report</p> <p>Summary Detailed EN54 - 13</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Address</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Side A</th> <th>Side B</th> <th>dBase</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>ZT-CP3/AD</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>=</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>MKII-AOP</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>=</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Double Address</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>!!</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>MKII-AHR</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>=</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Address	Type	Side A	Side B	dBase	1	ZT-CP3/AD	X	X	=	2	MKII-AOP	X	X	=	3	Double Address	X	X	!!	4	MKII-AHR	X	X	=	<p>The panel has detected two or more devices answering at the same address (each device on the loop should have a unique address).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •If a device has just been added or replaced, and the system was ok before, check that device has the correct address programmed. •To turn on the LED of the double addressed devices, perform a loop search, view the detailed tab, then tap on the address showing double address. Walk around the site to find the devices with their LEDs on (Note: will not work on devices with no LEDs, such as ZASC). •Try removing the known device for that address, and perform a loop search. The detail screen should indicate what type of device is now seen at that address, which should help reduce the search. •If a new installation, check the site plans, and compare with empty addresses seen on that loop.
Address	Type	Side A	Side B	dBase																							
1	ZT-CP3/AD	X	X	=																							
2	MKII-AOP	X	X	=																							
3	Double Address	X	X	!!																							
4	MKII-AHR	X	X	=																							
<p>DEVICE NOT RESPONDING</p>	 <p>1 Faults</p> <p>001 2018/06/19 15:38 --> DEVICE NOT RESPONDING - MKII-AOP - (01)</p> <p>Point :136 - 1 - LOOP DEVICE 136 Zone :006 - ZONE 6</p>	<p>Check if that device has been removed.</p> <p>Check for any cable breaks to that device.</p> <p>Check that the devices address has not been changed.</p> <p>Try a replacement device.</p>																									
<p>CHANGED TYPE</p>	 <p>1 Faults</p> <p>001 2018/06/19 14:47 --> CHANGED TYPE - MKII-AOH - (01)</p> <p>Point :028 - 1 - LOOP DEVICE 28 Zone :004 - BASEMENT</p>	<p>The panel has seen that the device type fitted to an address is different to its last saved configuration.</p> <p>Replace the device with the correct type of device.</p> <p>If the change was deliberate, relearn the loop.</p>																									
<p>SENSOR FAULT (MKII-AHR/AHF/AOH/AOP)</p>	 <p>1 Faults</p> <p>001 2018/06/19 17:19 --> SENSOR FAULT - MKII-AHR - (01)</p> <p>Point :040 - 1 - LOOP DEVICE 40 Zone :008 - OFFICE</p>	<p>A detector has detected an internal fault, and should be replaced</p>																									

<p>SENSOR FAULT (ZAI-MI/ZAIO-MI/ZAZM-MI)</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An interface unit has detected a short circuit in its field wiring, Investigate & rectify. Check that the correct end of line resistor is fitted. • An interface unit has detected an open circuit in its field wiring, Investigate & rectify. Check that the correct end of line resistor is fitted.
<p>SENSOR FAULT (ZASC-MI)</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An interface unit has detected a short circuit in its field wiring, Investigate & rectify. Check that the correct end of line resistor is fitted. • An interface unit has detected an open circuit in its field wiring, Investigate & rectify. Check that the correct end of line resistor is fitted. • An interface has lost its external 24V power or the power is too low. Investigate the PSU powering the interfaces
<p>MAINTENANCE WARNING</p>		<p>A device (usually a smoke detector) has reached the end of its drift compensation limit, and should be replaced</p>
<p>Devices not seen on a loop search</p>		<p>Check that the wiring polarity to the device is correct.</p> <p>Check that the device has the correct address.</p> <p>Check that the device is compatible with the MMP panel.</p>

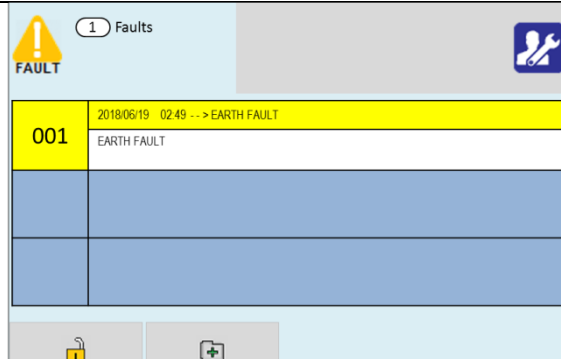
Power Supply Fault

<p>Mains Supply Fault</p>		<p>Carefully check that you have mains voltage at the fused terminal block.</p> <p>Check that the mains fuse is intact.</p> <p>If mains & fuse are OK, Check that the PSU cage is giving out 30V DC (will need charger cover to be removed to check. Only attempt this if suitably trained).</p> <p>Check PSU Status LED's.</p>
<p>Battery Removed</p>		<p>Check battery fuse (Fuse E).</p> <p>Check that battery connections are secure.</p> <p>Check battery voltage (should be around 26-27V for well charged batteries).</p> <p>Check that 2 x 12V VRLA batteries are connected in series to give 24V.</p> <p>Check the date on the batteries and replace if necessary (Batteries normally have to be replaced every 4-5 years).</p>

<p>Charger Fault</p>		<p>The panel has determined that the power supply is not charging the batteries.</p> <p>Try power cycling the panel.</p> <p>If the fault returns within 30 minutes, it is likely to be a problem with the Charger PCB. Contact your supplier to arrange a replacement charger PCB.</p>
<p>Battery High Impedance Fault</p>		<p>Battery internal resistance check.</p> <p>Check battery condition of both batteries with a battery load test meter.</p> <p>Check that all connections to batteries are tight.</p> <p>Check that batteries are less than 5 years old.</p> <p>Replace batteries if necessary.</p>
<p>24V Output Fault</p>		<p>The panel has detected a problem with one of the PSU output fuses.</p> <p>Fuse A & B are auxiliary fuses.</p> <p>Fuse C & D are used to power the panel.</p> <p>Check the fuse in the reported output and replace if necessary.</p>

Earth Fault

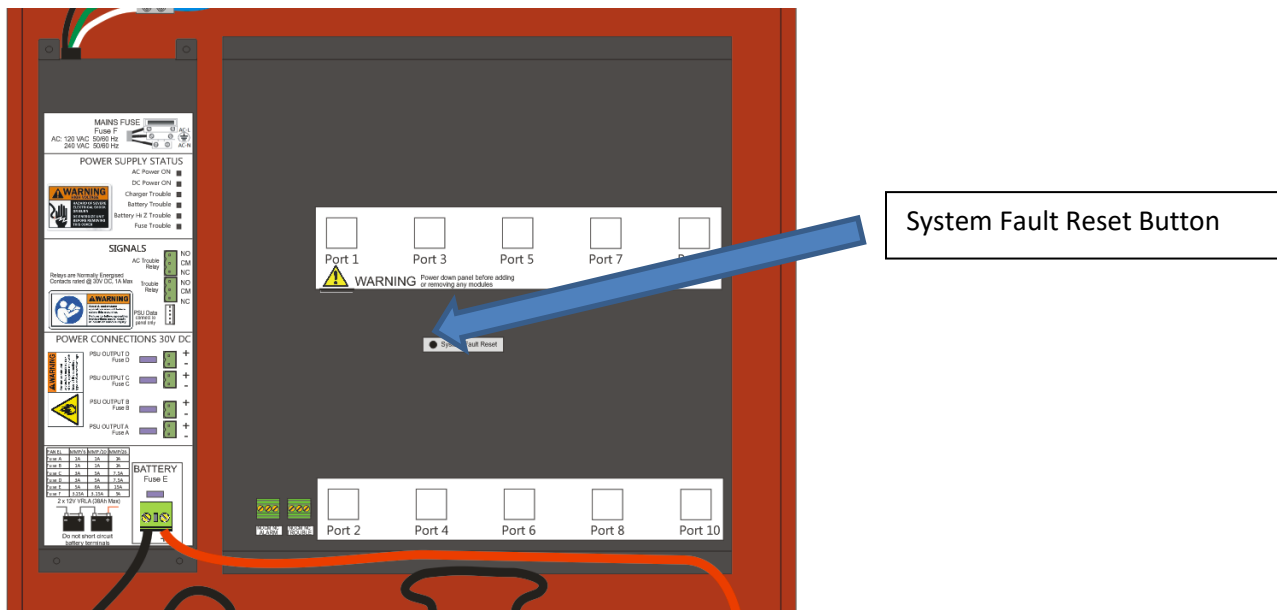
An EARTH fault indicates that something is shorting to earth (usually through the cable screen). Disconnect the earth screens one at a time to determine the problem line (Note: connecting other equipment, e.g. a mains powered laptop, to the panel can give an earth fault).

<p>Earth Fault</p>		<p>Most Earth faults occur on the field wiring. As a first check, disconnect field wiring from the panel. If no earth fault is reported then fault is on the field wiring. Locate the fault by reconnecting one field wiring circuit at a time until the earth fault reports, then sub divide the "bad circuit". Look for a cable screen shorting to either +ve or -ve.</p>
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CPU Fault

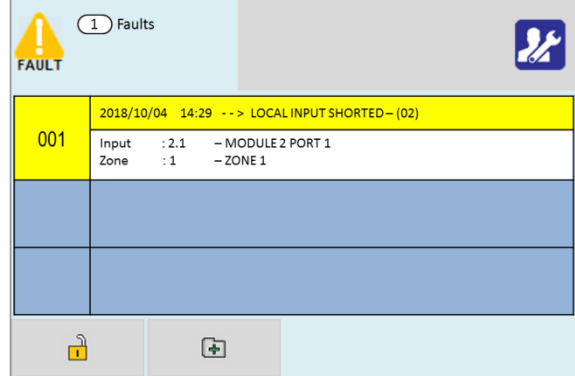
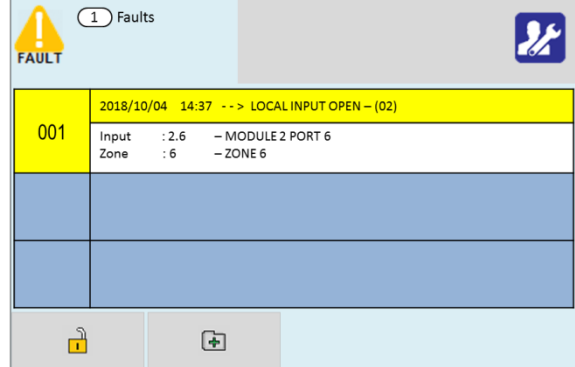
A CPU fault is an abnormal microprocessor running condition due to various unexpected phenomena.

This will result in the panel attempting to correct itself. Should this fault occur, the CPU Fault LED, Common Fault LED, Common Fault relays and internal Fault buzzer will be constantly active. A CPU Fault indication can be cleared by pressing the CPU reset button located on the TRM PCB. If the fault condition does not clear please consult your distributor.

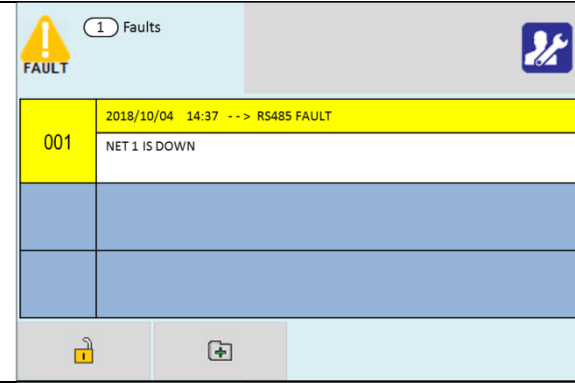
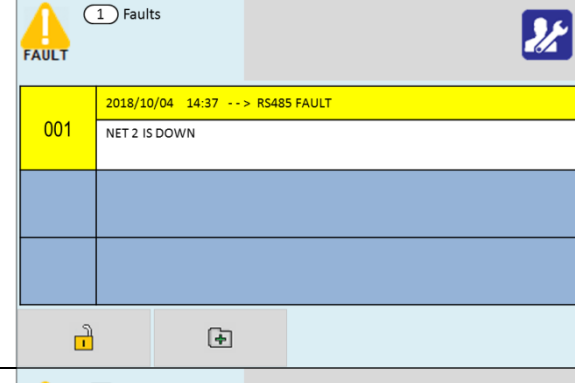
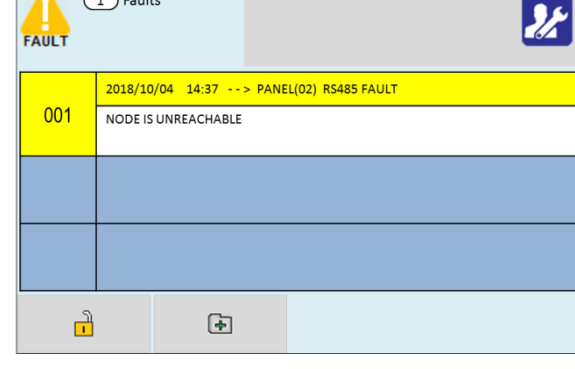


Local I/O Faults

<p>Module Removed</p>		<p>The panel has stopped communicating to the module unexpectedly.</p> <p>Check coms heartbeat LED on front of module, it should be blinking.</p> <p>Check the RJ45 connection between the module and the TRM PCB.</p> <p>If the above is all OK, perform a CPU reset on the Panel.</p>
<p>Local Output Shorted</p>		<p>The output on one of the module ports has detected a short circuit.</p> <p>Check that there is not a short circuit between the cores on the wiring.</p> <p>Check that the End of Line resistor is the correct value (if required).</p>
<p>Local Output Open</p>		<p>The output on one of the module ports has detected an open circuit.</p> <p>Check that the wiring connections are making good contact.</p> <p>Check that the End of Line resistor is present and the correct value (if required).</p>

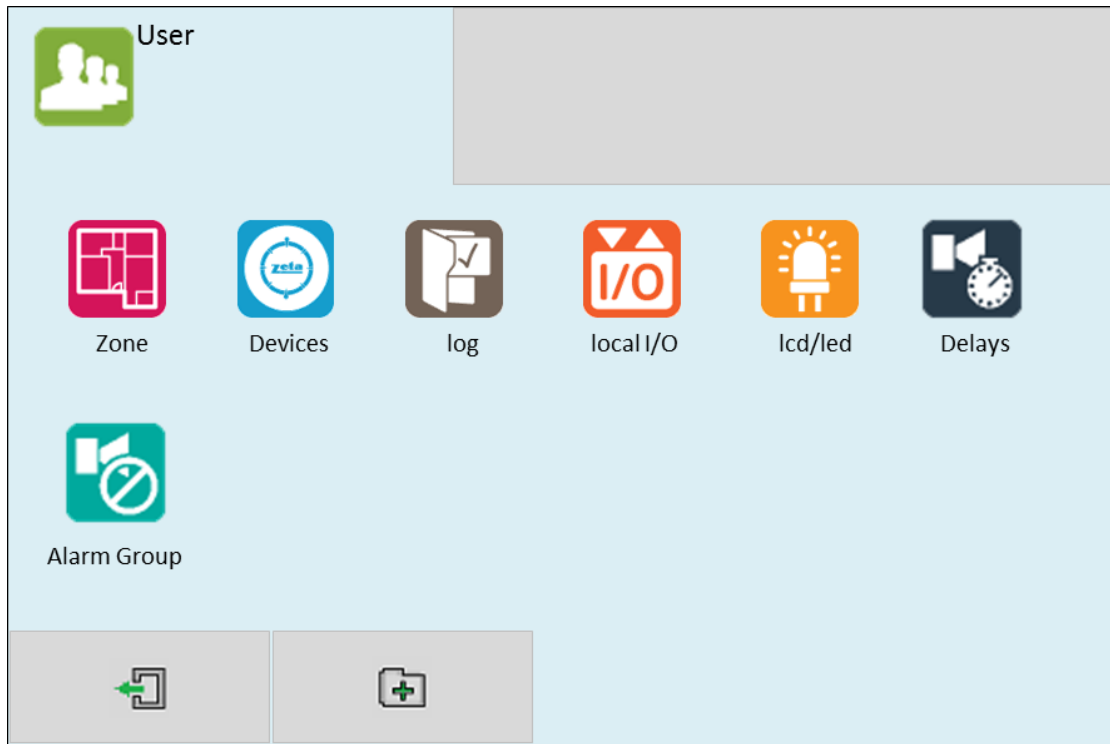
<p>Local Input Shorted</p>		<p>The input on one of the module ports has detected a short circuit.</p> <p>Check that there is not a short circuit between the cores on the wiring.</p> <p>Check that the End of Line resistor is the correct value (if required).</p>
<p>Local Input Open</p>		<p>The input on one of the module ports has detected an open circuit.</p> <p>Check that the wiring connections are making good contact.</p> <p>Check that the End of Line resistor is present and the correct value (if required).</p>

Network Faults

<p>NET 1 IS DOWN</p>		<p>The network module has lost communications with the panel connected to its NET 1 Port.</p> <p>Check for cable breaks.</p> <p>Check for cable shorts.</p> <p>Check the heartbeat LED on the network module in both panels.</p>
<p>NET 2 IS DOWN</p>		<p>The network module has lost communications with the panel connected to its NET 2 Port.</p> <p>Check for cable breaks</p> <p>Check for cable shorts.</p> <p>Check the heartbeat LED on the network module in both panels.</p>
<p>NODE IS UNREACHABLE</p>		<p>The panel has lost communications with the reported node. This can happen with a single fault if wired as a bus. If wired as a ring, it would require two separate faults to cause this message.</p> <p>Check for cable breaks.</p> <p>Check for cable shorts.</p> <p>Check the heartbeat LED on the network module in both panels.</p>

Appendix A: User Menu Summary

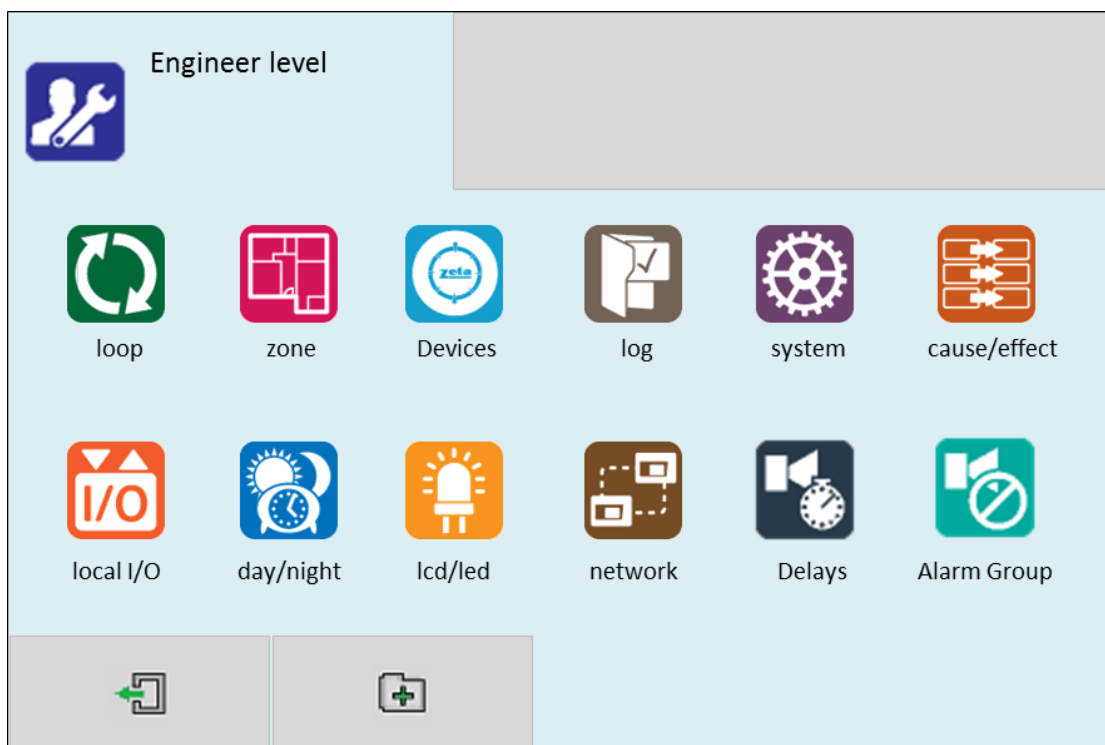
Default Password 0001 (User 1) – Access level 2b



Icon	Tab Screen	Description
Zone	Zone Explorer	View Zone text label View Quantity of devices per zone
	Zone Edit	View Zone text label View Quantity of devices per zone View/Edit zone mode (Enabled/Disabled/Test/Test+Sounder)
Devices	Basic	View Address & Device type View Device text label View/Edit device mode (Enabled/disabled) View Device Zone/Alarm Group allocation
	Real Time	View Address & Device type View Device text label View device Analogue Values
	-	View Event Log
Local I/O	Zone Class B	View input (1-6) text label View input (1-6) zone allocation View input (1-6) type (Alarm/Tech. Alarm) View/Edit input (1-6) status (Disabled/Enabled)
	Input Class B	View input (1-3) text label View input (1-3) zone allocation View input (1-3) type (Alarm/Tech. Alarm) View/Edit input (1-3) status (Disabled/Enabled)
	Relay	View output (1-3) text label View output (1-3) alarm group allocation View output (1-3) type (Alarm/Fault/Tech. Alarm/Programmable) View/Edit output (1-3) mode (Disabled/Enabled)
LCD/LED	Sounder Class B	View output (1-2) text label View output (1-2) alarm group allocation View output (1-2) type (Sounder/Bell/Voltage) View/Edit output (1-2) mode (Disabled/Enabled)
	-	Test panel LEDs, LCD & Buzzer
Delays	-	Toggle panel delays on or off
Alarm Group	Global Mode	View/Edit Relay Status (Disabled/Enabled) View/Edit Sounder Status (Disabled/Enabled)
	A. Grp Mode	View text label View/Edit A. Grp mode (All enabled/Sounder disabled/Relay disabled/All disabled)

Appendix B: Engineer Menu Summary

Default Password 9999 – Access level 3



Icon	Tab Screen	Description
Loop	Module Selection	Select Loop Module to automatically search for all devices on the loop.
	Summary	Summary of all devices found on loop
	Detail	Detailed view of all devices found on loop
Zone	Zone Explorer	View Zone text label View Quantity of devices per zone
	Zone Edit	View/Edit Zone text label View quantity of devices per zone View/Edit Zone mode (Enabled/Disabled/Test/Test+Sounder)
Point	Basic	View Address & Device type View/Edit Device text label View/Edit Device mode (Enabled / disabled) View/Edit Device Zone/A. Group allocation
	Real Time	View Address & Device type View Device text label View Device Analogue Values
	Options	View/Configure device specific options.
	Add/Remove	Add new device Remove a configured device
Log	-	View Event Log Erase Event Log
System	Strings	Edit Site Name Edit Installer Name Edit Installer/Maintenance Contact Number
	Clock	Edit Date & Time
	Users	Set Admin name label Set Admin password Set User name label Set User password Set the number of user passwords
	Language	Set Panel Language (English/Espanyol/Romana/Portuguese)
Cause & Effect		View / Enter / Delete Cause & Effect (See Cause & Effect Section for details)
Local I/O	Zone Class B	View/Edit input (1-6) Text label

		View/Edit input (1-6) Zone allocation View/Edit input (1-6) Type (Alarm/Tech. Alarm) View/Edit input (1-6)Status (Disabled/Enabled)
	Input Class B	View/Edit input (1-3) Text label View/Edit input (1-3) Zone allocation View/Edit input (1-3) Type (Alarm/Tech. Alarm) View/Edit input (1-3)Status (Disabled/Enabled)
	Relay	View/Edit output (1-3) Text label View/Edit output (1-3) A. Group allocation View/Edit output (1-3) Type (Alarm/Fault/Tech. Alarm/Programmable) View/Edit output (1-3) Mode (Disabled/Enabled)
	Sounder Class B	View/Edit output (1-2) Text label View/Edit output (1-2) A. Grp allocation View/Edit output (1-2) Type (Sounder/Bell/Voltage) View/Edit output (1-2) Mode (Disabled/Enabled)
Day/Night	-	Configure day/night timer (add day settings)
LCD/LED	-	Test panel LEDs, LCD & Buzzer
Network	RS485 Network	View/Edit RS485 Port status (Disabled/Enabled local/Enabled Global) View/Edit Network Node Address View/Edit RS485 text label
	Printer	View/Edit Baud Rate (1200/2400/4800/9600/19200/38400/57600/115220) View/Edit Alarm printing (Disabled/Enabled) View/Edit Fault printing (Disabled/Enabled) View/Edit Tech. Alarm printing (Disabled/Enabled) View/Edit Button printing (Disabled/Enabled)
	TCP-IP	TCP-IP Tab View/Edit TCP/IP Port status (Enabled/Disabled) View/Edit IP Address View/Edit IP Port used View/Edit IP Gateway Address View/Edit IP Subnet Mask Cloud Tab View/Edit Remote access mode (Enabled / disabled) View/Edit cloud server IP address / URL View/Edit IP Port used View panels MAC address
Delays		View/Edit Alarm Verify (Off/On) View/Edit Retard Time View/Edit Period Time View/Edit Sounder Delays (Off/On) View/Edit Flash Mute (Off/On) View/Edit Alarm Sequence (Off/On) View/Edit Ack. Time View/Edit Ext. Time View/Edit Resound 24H (Off/On) View/Edit Main Delayed (Off/On)
Alarm Group	Global Mode	View/Edit Relay Status (Disabled/Enabled) View/Edit Sounder Status (Disabled/Enabled)
	A. Grp Mode	View text label View/Edit A. Grp mode (All enabled/Sounder disabled/Relay disabled/All disabled)

Appendix C: Cause and Effects Settings Summary

The table below shows the list of options available for each type of input (cause) and Output (Effect):

Select CAUSE			
Input Type	Selection 1	Selection 2	Causes
Point	Loop Number (Port 1-26)	Point Address (1 - 250) Device Port (1-15)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Alarm • Detector Alarm • MCP Alarm • Fault • Maintenance • Tech. Warning ON • Tech. Warning OFF
Local I/O	Local Module (1-26)	Module Port (1-6)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fault • Alarm • Tech. Warning ON • Tech. Warning OFF
Zone	Zone Start (1 -254)	Zone End (1-254)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Alarm • Detector Alarm • MCP Alarm • Fault • Maintenance • Tech. Warning ON • Tech. Warning OFF • Mlt. devices in alarm
Panel	-	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Alarm • Detector Alarm • MCP Alarm • Fault • Maintenance • Tech. Warning ON • Tech. Warning OFF • Mlt. devices in alarm • Mlt. zones in alarm • Panel KeySwitch ON • Panel KeySwitch OFF

Select EFFECT					
Output Type	Selection 1	Selection 2	Day Delay	Night Delay	Effect
Point	Loop number (1-26)	Point Address (1 - 250) Device Port (1-15)	(0-600)	(0-600)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All on • Alarm + Beacon • Alert + Beacon • Emergency + Beacon • Alarm • Alert • Emergency • Beacon • All off • Enable • Disable
Local I/O	Local module (1-26)	Module Port (1-6)	(0-600)	(0-600)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Alarm • Alert • Emergency • Sounder off • Enable • Disable
A.Group	A. Group start (1-254)	A. Group end (1-254)	(0-600)	(0-600)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All on • Alarm + Beacon • Alert + Beacon • Emergency + Beacon • Alarm • Alert

					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Emergency • Beacon • Sounder + Beacon off • Relay on • Relay off • All off • Disable sounders • Enable sounders • Disable relays • Enable relays • Disable outputs • Enable outputs
<i>Panel</i>	-	-	(0-600)	(0-600)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All on • Alarm + Beacon • Alert + Beacon • Emergency + Beacon • Alarm • Alert • Emergency • Beacon • Sounder + Beacon off • Relay on • Relay off • All off • Disable sounders • Enable sounders • Disable relays • Enable relays • Disable outputs • Enable outputs

Operation and Maintenance Manual Modification History

Issue	Date	Changes
000	xx.xx.2019	- First manual version
001	xx.xx.2019	- Changes made to the alarm verification section - Changes made to LED indications section - Removed flash mute section - Removed mains relay delay section